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Introduction to Photocatalytic Materials for Clean Energy, Renewable Chemicals production, and Sustainable Catalysis

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Rajeev Ahuja is a professor of computational materials science at Uppsala University, Sweden. Currently, he is the Director of the Indian Institute of Technology (IIT) Ropar, India. He is one of the most highly cited researchers in Sweden and India. He completed his PhD at IIT Roorkee, India, in 1992. The same year, he joined Uppsala University, Sweden, as a postdoctoral fellow. He became an Assistant Professor in 1996, Associate Professor in 2002, and Professor in 2007 at Uppsala University, Sweden. His main area of interest is computational materials science, focusing on energy applications, such as batteries, and hydrogen storage and production, sensors, and high-pressure physics. He has published 1150 scientific papers in peer-reviewed journals, with an H-index of 103, i-10 index of 795, and citations of more than 48 000. Ahuja has supervised 30 PhD students and more than 35 postdocs. He has been elected to FRSC (Fellow of the Royal Society of Chemistry, London, UK) and APS-fellow by the American Physical Society (A.P.S.), USA, and appointed to the advisory Board of the Journal of Materials Chemistry A & Materials Advances at the Royal Society of Chemistry (UK). He is an Associate Editor of Nano Energy. He was also awarded the Beller Lectureship for the APS March Meeting 2017. He has been awarded the Wallmark prize 2011 from K.V.A. (Royal Swedish Academy of Sciences) and has previously received the Eder Lilly & Sven Thureus prize, and the Benzelius prize from K.V.S. Ahuja is an elected member of the Swedish Royal Society of Sciences (K.V.S.). He has been awarded the Best Alumnus award by I.I.T. Roorkee, India, for excellence in research in 2021.



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Dr Rajendra Srivastava is a Professor at the Department of Chemistry, Indian Institute of Technology (IIT Ropar), Punjab, India. He joined IIT Ropar as an Assistant Professor, headed the Department from March 2015 to May 2018, and is currently serving as Dean of Postgraduate & Research. He obtained a PhD degree from CSIR-National Chemical Laboratory, Pune, India, where his doctoral work won him the Best Thesis Award of 2006, conferred by the Catalysis Society of India. Afterward, he worked as a postdoctoral research fellow at KAIST, South Korea (2005–2007) and as a JSPS fellow at Hokkaido University, Japan (2007–2009). He received the NASI-SCOPUS Young Scientist Award 2017, The Catalysis Society of India Young Scientist Award 2018, Mid-career Faculty Research and Innovation Award 2019 from IIT Ropar, and Shiv Nath Rai Kohli Memorial Mid-Career Best Scientist Award 2022 from Punjab University, Chandigarh, India. He is a Fellow of the Royal Society of Chemistry, and the Indian Chemical Society. His fields of interest include the design and synthesis of nanostructured functional materials for catalytic applications, including photocatalysis and electrocatalysis. Thermocatalytic and photocatalytic processes are being developed for biomass and plastic waste valorisation, and CO₂ adsorption and conversion. He has published more than 194 peer-reviewed research articles in reputed international journals (Google Scholar: citations = 10 808, h-index = 53, i10-index = 169; Scopus: citations = 9431, h-index = 51), and has been granted nine patents.



Sunlight provides a thousand times more energy to the earth's surface each year than global energy consumption annually, offering a sustainable energy source.⁵ Harnessing the power of sunlight, photocatalytic materials need to be developed to catalyze chemical reactions that hold promise for clean energy production, synthesizing renewable chemicals, and mitigating environmental pollutants. The early research on solar-light-driven technologies, namely photocatalysis (PC) and photoelectrocatalysis (PEC), mainly focused on H₂ fuel generation *via* H₂O splitting and producing valuable organic compounds, such as pharmaceutical building blocks and fine chemicals. However, the recent focus has shifted towards producing hydrocarbon fuels and chemicals from CO₂, intending to decarbonize the earth's atmosphere.⁵ The photocatalytic conversion of CO₂ into methane, methanol, formaldehyde, acetic acid, and higher hydrocarbon fuels and alcohols is attracting growing

Photoelectrochemical water splitting and the photocatalytic hydrogen evolution reaction (HER) are two advanced approaches for sustainable H₂ production from water using sunlight.¹³ PEC utilizes semiconducting materials to generate H₂ and O₂ through efficient optimization of material nanostructures, heterojunction engineering, and surface functionalities. The HER, on the other hand, focuses specifically on using semiconductor photocatalysts to drive the reduction of protons (H⁺) from water to produce hydrogen gas (H₂). This process harnesses the absorption of sunlight by photocatalysts to generate electron-hole pairs. PEC water splitting and photocatalytic HER support the transition to a hydrogen-based economy by offering a renewable, environmentally

The collection begins with a comprehensive minireview by Wang *et al.* (<https://doi.org/10.1039/D3NA00837A>), on metal–organic framework (MOF)-based photocatalytic materials. MOFs have high crystallinity, large surface area, and variable metal nodes, linkers, and functional ability, which makes them ideally suited for the design and development of photocatalytic processes. The minireview elucidates the design rules and principles for engineering MOFs in manipulating the interfacial charge dynamics in MOFs for enhanced photocatalytic applications.

Enhancing photocatalytic efficiency for NO_x removal focuses on refining materials properties and integrating advanced nanostructures, significantly boosting the degradation rates of nitrogen oxides. These advancements offer more efficient and environmentally friendly solutions for air pollution control. Pham *et al.* (<https://doi.org/10.1039/D4NA00035H>) explore the efficient photocatalytic removal of NO_x pollutants using triangular Ag nanoparticles coupled with TiO₂. This study underscores significant enhancements in photocatalytic efficiency while minimizing toxic byproducts, highlighting the role of

Surface plasmon resonance (SPR)-based heterogeneous photocatalysts have demonstrated significantly enhanced photocatalytic efficiency under

In conclusion, this themed collection encapsulates the forefront of research and development in photocatalytic materials, offering insights into novel materials design, synthesis methodologies, and their diverse applications in clean energy and environmental (air and water) remediation. As guest editors, we sincerely thank the authors for their pioneering contributions and the editorial team of *Nanoscale Advances* for their support in curating this comprehensive exploration of photocatalytic innovations. This themed collection will catalyze interdisciplinary collaboration, fostering new ideas and practical innovations in pursuing sustainable energy solutions.

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