

CORRECTION

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Correction: CO residence time modulates multi-carbon formation rates in a zero-gap Cu based CO₂ electrolyzer

Siddhartha Subramanian,^{*a} Jesse Kok,^a Pratik Gholkar,^c Asvin Sajeev Kumar,^b Hugo-Pieter Iglesias van Montfort,^a Ruud Kortlever,^b Atsushi Urakawa,^c Bernard Dam^a and Thomas Burdyny^{*a}

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Correction for 'CO residence time modulates multi-carbon formation rates in a zero-gap Cu based CO₂ electrolyzer' by Siddhartha Subramanian et al., *Energy Environ. Sci.*, 2024, 17, 6728–6738, <https://doi.org/10.1039/D4EE02004A>.

In Fig. 4(e) on page 6733 of this article, the legends in the graph for faradaic efficiency of CO and C₂₊ were misplaced. The original figure should be replaced with an updated one. Note that this correction does not have any impact on the main idea and conclusion of this article. The updated Fig. 4 is as follows.

The Royal Society of Chemistry apologises for these errors and any consequent inconvenience to authors and readers.

^a Materials for Energy Conversion and Storage (MECS), Department of Chemical Engineering, Faculty of Applied Sciences, Delft University of Technology, van der Maasweg 9, Delft 2629 HZ, The Netherlands. E-mail: siddhartha.subramanian92@gmail.com, T.E.Burdyny@tudelft.nl

^b Large Scale Energy Storage, Process and Energy Department, Faculty of Mechanical, Maritime and Materials Engineering, Delft University of Technology, Delft 2628 CB, The Netherlands

^c Catalysis Engineering, Department of Chemical Engineering, Delft University of Technology, Van der Maasweg 9, Delft 2629 HZ, The Netherlands



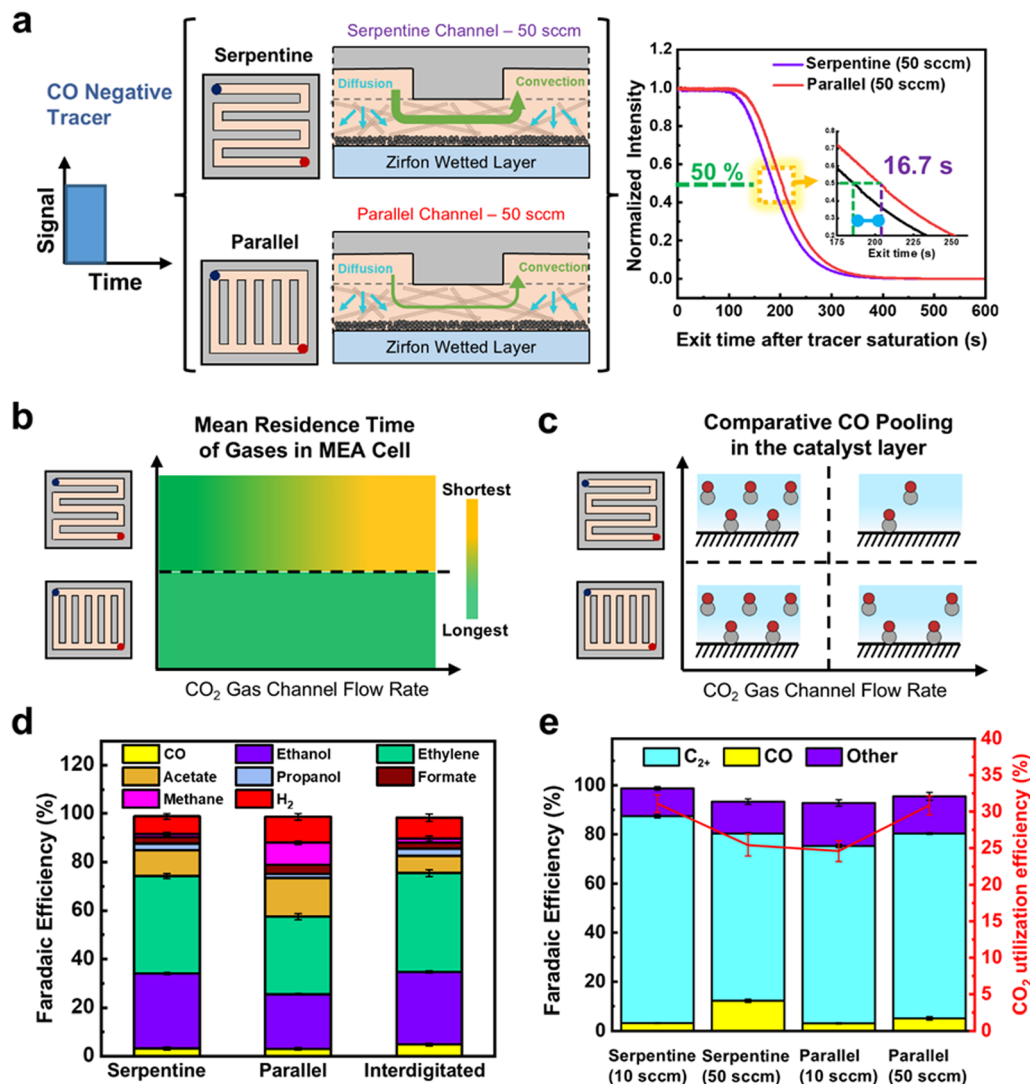


Fig. 4 (a) Non-electrochemical negative tracer RTD results for serpentine and parallel flow fields at tracer flow rates of 50 sccm showing longer residence times for parallel flow fields as a result of lower convective forces. (b) A qualitative comparison of the RTD results as a function of flow rate and flow field. (c) A qualitative assessment of the CO pooling inside the catalyst layer during CO₂ electrolysis as a function of flow rate and flow field. (d) Faradaic efficiency of products obtained from ECO₂R in an MEA cell at 10 sccm and 200 mA cm⁻² for serpentine, parallel and interdigitated flow fields. (e) Comparable CO and C₂₊ product selectivity for varied flow rates and flow fields. The inset (red line) shows the calculated CO₂ utilization efficiencies. Error bars represent the mean and standard deviation of triplicate experiments.

