

Cite this: *Nanoscale Adv.*, 2025, 7, 3601

Introduction to nanomaterials in catalysis and sensing applications

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DOI: 10.1039/d5na90028j

rsc.li/nanoscale-advances

Nanomaterials have revolutionized numerous fields, including biology, environmental science, agriculture, and healthcare. In catalysis, they offer enhanced selectivity, recyclability, and efficiency, while their unique properties have driven advances in sensing technologies for environmental monitoring and biomedical diagnostics. This themed collection highlights recent breakthroughs in these domains, demonstrating how nanomaterials bridge the gap between fundamental research and practical applications.

Tamtam *et al.* (<https://doi.org/10.1039/D5NA00019J>) synthesized bimetallic Cu/Co-MOFs using three synthetic approaches, demonstrating exceptional stability in asymmetric and symmetric coin cell devices. Complementing this, Weheabby *et al.* (<https://doi.org/10.1039/D4NA00919C>) advanced sensing technologies by developing an electrochemical sensor for methyl parathion detection, utilizing AgNPs@GO/IL@SPCE, achieving a detection limit of 0.009 $\mu\text{mol L}^{-1}$ with excellent selectivity and stability over 60 days.

The role of nanomaterials in catalysis is further underscored by Nguyen *et al.* (<https://doi.org/10.1039/D4NA00979G>), who reported AuNP-embedded magnetic nanocomposites (AuNPs/Fe₃O₄@GluN/Alg) for nitrophenol reduction, exhibiting high catalytic efficiency and recyclability.

Similarly, Tran *et al.* (<https://doi.org/10.1039/D4NA00707G>) explored PANI nanoparticles for visible-light-driven dye degradation, achieving 97.09% methylene blue removal with sustained photostability, highlighting the potential of nanomaterials in environmental remediation.

Expanding into sustainable energy applications, Nguyen *et al.* (<https://doi.org/10.1039/D4NA00892H>) developed a defect-rich CeO_x/β-Ni(OH)₂ electrocatalyst for glucose oxidation-assisted hydrogen production, delivering nearly 100% faradaic efficiency. This aligns with the work of Conlin *et al.* (<https://doi.org/10.1039/D4NA00854E>), who investigated the stability of ALD-synthesized TiO₂ and ZnO films under CO₂ plasma exposure, confirming their robustness for catalytic applications in

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carbon capture and conversion. Further advancing catalytic efficiency, Ta and Nhiem (<https://doi.org/10.1039/D4NA00947A>) designed Au single-atom catalysts on TiO₂ for photocatalytic methane oxidation, achieving a hydrogen production rate of 2190 $\mu\text{mol g}^{-1}$ and 58% selectivity *via* a methyl radical pathway, offering a promising route for methane valorization.

This collection highlights the transformative role of nanomaterials in catalysis and sensing applications, showcasing their potential to address global challenges. By bridging disciplines and fostering innovation, we hope these

contributions will inspire further collaboration and accelerate the translation of nanotechnology from the laboratory to real-world solutions. As Guest Editors, we sincerely appreciate the invaluable support of the *Nanoscale Advances* editorial team, the authors for their outstanding contributions, and the reviewers for their insightful evaluations that have helped shape this impactful compilation. In particular, we extend our gratitude to the contributors to the Second Green Chemistry Conference in the Central and Highlands Region, Vietnam, held at Hue University on

November 30, 2024, for their valuable insights and engagement.

Acknowledgements

Selected research highlighted in this editorial and presented at the Hue University, 2024: “Second Green Chemistry Conference in the Central and Highlands Region, Vietnam” is supported by Vietnam National Foundation for Science and Technology Development (NAFOSTED) under grant number 104.99-2021.56 and Vietnam Academy of Science and Technology.

