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Convenient one-pot multicomponent strategy for the synthesis of 6pyrrolylpyrimidines[†]

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We have developed an easy method to construct diheteroaryls from α-aroylidineketene dithioacetals in a multicomponent fashion. The reaction proceeded with high chemo/regioselectivity to yield 4-alkoxy-6-(4-aryl-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)pyrimidin-2-amines under milder conditions. It is found that α-aroylidineketene dithioacetals 2 undergo cycloaddition with (*p*-tolylsulfonyl)methyl 10 isocyanide 3 [TosMIC], guanidine nitrate 5 and alcohol in the presence of NaH/THF to furnish the target 6-pyrrolylpyrimidines 8 in excellent yields.

Pyrimidines are bases present in nucleic acids and play significant roles in medicinal chemistry¹ by exhibiting antibacterial², anti-inflammatory³, cytotoxicity⁴, anticancer⁵ ¹⁵ properties. They have long and distinguished history extending from the day of their discovery and current use in chemotherapy for the treatment of HIV and in other clinical applications. Interestingly, pyrrole derivatives also find significant applications in the field of medicinal chemistry, owing to their ²⁰ pharmacological properties⁶ and as synthons for porphyrins⁷ / boron-dipyrromethanes (BODIPY)⁸ *etc.* Literally, pyrimidine and

pyrrole heterocycles combined together as a single molecule could be expected to have excellent biological activity.

Over the past decade *a*-oxoketene dithioacetals have emerged ²⁵ as versatile intermediates in organic synthesis and they have found applications in the synthesis of substituted and fused aromatic heterocyclic frameworks.^{9, 10}

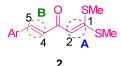


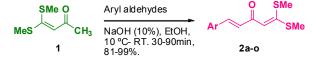
Figure 1: General structure of α -aroylidineketene dithioacetals 2

The α -aroylidineketene dithioacetals¹¹ **2** are five-carbon 1,5bielectrophilic species, dense and flexible substitution patterns, and good leaving alkylthio groups open to S_NV-type reactions. The α -aroylidineketene dithioacetals **2** have two different double

- ³⁵ bonds between C1 C2 (A) and C4 C5 (B). Double bond A is push-pull type flanked by two electrons donating methyl sulfanyl and one electron withdrawing carbonyl group and B is flanked by electron withdrawing carbonyl and an aryl group (Figure 1). Double bond A is more polarized than B owing to electron
- ⁴⁰ donating characteristics of two methyl sulfanyl groups and have structural features of a α,β -unsaturated carbonyl group with

different reactivity towards addition/substitution reactions for the synthesis of a variety of heterocyclic compounds.

α-Aroylidineketene dithioacetals **2** of aromatic substrates are ⁴⁵ very useful synthons for a variety of heterocycles. To examine the reactivity of β-unsaturated ketones and push-pull alkenes together, we synthesized several α-aroylidineketene dithioacetals **2a-o** by aldol condensation between aryl aldehydes and 4,4*bis*(methylthio)but-3-en-2-one **1** by following the reported ⁵⁰ procedure¹² (Scheme 1, Table 1).



Scheme 1&Table 1: Synthesis of α -aroylidineketene dithioacetals 2a-o. ^a	
from 1	

nomi					
Entry	Ar		Time (min)	Yield ^b	
1	4-OMe-C ₆ H ₄ -	2a	30	90°	
2	2,4-Cl ₂ -C ₆ H ₃ -	2b	30	99	
3	3-Cl-C ₆ H ₄ -	2c	45	85	
4	C6H5-	2d	45	81°	
5	2,4-F ₂ -C ₆ H ₃ -	2e	30	88	
6	2-OMe,5-Br-C ₆ H ₃ -	2f	40	87	
7	4-Cl-C ₆ H ₄ -	2g	30	99°	
8	3,4,5-OMe-C ₆ H ₂ -	2ĥ	30	88 ^c	
9	3-OH-C ₆ H ₄ -	2i	40	87	
10	3,4-OMe-C ₆ H ₃ -	2j	30	89 ^c	
11	4-CH ₃ -C ₆ H ₄ -	2k	30	90°	
12	2-F-C ₆ H ₄ -	21	45	92	
13	2-furyl-	2m	90	87	
14	2-thienyl-	2n	60	86	
15	5-Br-C ₅ H ₃ N-	20	60	82	

⁵⁵ "Optimal Reaction conditions: 1 (1eq), Ar-CHO (1.1eq), 10% NaOH (1.5eq), Ethanol (5mL), Water (1mL), 10 °C - RT, 30-90min. ^b Isolated yields after recrystallization. ^ccompounds 2a, 2d, 2g, and 2k¹³, 2h & 2j¹⁴ are known.

Following our earlier report¹⁵, 3,3-bis(methylthio)-1-(4-aryl-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)prop-2-en-1-one **4** was synthesized selectively *via* 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition by involving (*p*-tolylsulfonyl)methyl isocyanide¹⁶ **3** & **2** in the presence of NaH/THF at room ⁵ temperature (Scheme 2). Similarly, styrylpyrimidines **6** was synthesized by following the reported procedure by mixing guanidine nitrate **5** and **2** under reflux condition (Scheme 2). ^{17,18}



Scheme 2: Synthesis of 4 & 6 by cycloaddition of 2d with 3 & 5

Utilizing the structural features of α -aroylidineketene dithioacetal **2**, we generated novel heterocyclic molecule 4-alkoxy-6-(4-aryl-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)pyrimidin-2-amines **8** in a

¹⁵ multicomponent fashion with excellent yields. To the best of our knowledge, no such study on the synthesis of diheteroaryls core has been reported by this methodology.

In continuation of our earlier work¹⁵, compound **8a** was synthesized by taking the reaction as a test case to evaluate the ²⁰ cycloaddition of **3**, **5** with **2a** and methanol in a multicomponent fashion. Several reactions were tried to optimize the reaction condition (Scheme 3, Table 2).

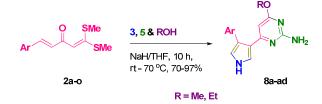


25 Scheme 3, Table 2: Optimization of reaction conditions for the synthesis of 8a under multicomponent fashion.

Entry	Bases	Solvents	Temp. (°C)	Time (h)	Yield (%)
1	NaH	THF	70	10	75 ^a
2	NaH	THF	70	15	75 ^a
3	NaH	1,4-Dioxane	110	12	40^{b}
4	NaH	Benzene	100	12	20^{b}
5	NaH	Toluene	110	12	15 ^b
6	NaH	DMF	120	12	<5 ^b
7	NaH	Xylene	140	12	<5 ^b
8	K ₂ CO ₃	Toluene	110	12	b
9	K_2CO_3	THF	70	12	^b
10	K ₂ CO ₃	1,4-Dioxane	110	12	b
11	DBU	THF	70	12	<5 ^b
12	DBN	THF	70	12	^b

^a Isolated yields after column chromatography, ^b starting material **2a** recovered

A model cycloaddition reaction between **3**, **5** with **2a** and ³⁰ methanol in the presence of NaH/THF at RT-70 °C for 10h was explored in our initial effort (entry 1, Table 2). Indeed, the reaction occurs to give the desired product **8a** in good yield. The yield of product does not change, even the reaction continued up to 15 h (entry 2, Table 2). In contrast, reactions taking in other ³⁵ solvents, such as 1,4-dioxane, toluene, benzene dimethylformamide (DMF) and xylene, occur with very poor yield even prolonged the reaction time (entry 3-7, Table 2). The cycloaddition did not take place, when the reactions were performed using other bases like K₂CO₃ DBU and DBN (entry 8-40 12, Table 2).



Scheme 4, Table 3: Synthesis of 8a-ad in a multicomponent fashion 45 by reacting 2 with 3, 4 and alcohol^a

Entry	Ar		R	Yield ^b (%)
1	4-OMe-C ₆ H ₄₋	8a	Me	75
2	4-OMe-C ₆ H ₄₋	8b	Et	87
3	2,4-Cl ₂ -C ₆ H ₃ .	8c	Me	85
4	2,4-Cl ₂ -C ₆ H ₃ .	8d	Et	89
5	3-Cl-C ₆ H ₄₋	8e	Me	97
6	3-Cl-C ₆ H ₄₋	8f	Et	95
7	C ₆ H ₅₋	8g	Me	85
8	C ₆ H ₅₋	8h	Et	83
9	2,4-F ₂ -C ₆ H ₃ .	8i	Me	80
10	2,4-F ₂ -C ₆ H ₃₋	8j	Et	82
11	2-OMe,5-Br-C ₆ H ₃₋	8k	Me	70
12	2-OMe,5-Br-C ₆ H ₃₋	81	Et	72
13	4-Cl-C ₆ H ₄₋	8m	Me	87
14	4-Cl-C ₆ H ₄₋	8n	Et	89
15	3,4,5-OMe-C ₆ H ₂₋	80	Me	84
16	3,4,5-OMe-C ₆ H ₂₋	8p	Et	87
17	3-OH-C ₆ H ₄ .	8q	Me	77
18	3-OH-C ₆ H ₄₋	8r	Et	78
19	3,4-OMe-C ₆ H ₃ .	8s	Me	85
20	3,4-OMe-C ₆ H ₃₋	8t	Et	82
21	4-CH ₃ -C ₆ H ₄ .	8u	Me	88
22	4-CH ₃ -C ₆ H ₄ -	8v	Et	86
23	2-F-C ₆ H ₄₋	8w	Me	88
24	2-F-C ₆ H ₄₋	8x	Et	90
25	2-furyl-	8y	Me	83
26	2-furyl-	8z	Et	85
27	2-thienyl-	8aa	Me	87
28	2-thienyl-	8ab	Et	87
29	5-Br-C ₅ H ₃ N-	8ac	Me	78
30	5-Br-C ₅ H ₃ N-	8ad	Et	75

^a**2a-o** (1eq), NaH (2eq), TosMIC **3** (1.5eq), guanidine nitrate **5** (2eq), alcohol (3ml) (v/v), RT- 70 °C, 10 h. ^b Isolated yields

The cyclization was optimized with **8**, which was obtained by cyclocondensation of **2a**, **3**, **5** and alcohol in a multicomponent ⁵⁰ fashion in excellent yields (Scheme 4). Ensuring studies showed that the efficiency of formation of this product was highly solvent as well as base dependent. Importantly, the reaction in NaH/THF yields 75% of **8a** in a highly chemo/regioselective manner. To explore the scope of this novel strategy, we consecutively

investigated the cycloaddition of **2a-o** with **3**, **5** and alcohol by following the optimized condition **8a-ad** obtained in excellent yields 70-97% (Table 3).

- The ¹H NMR spectrum of **8a** was taken as example and s analysed their chemical shifts. The ¹H NMR spectrum assigned to two singlets at δ 3.66 and 3.74 ppm for two methoxy groups at C-4 & C-4"respectively. The free amino proton at C-2 position appeared as singlet at δ 6.24 ppm and at the same time N<u>H</u> proton of pyrrole ring displayed broad singlet at δ 11.11 ppm. We also
- ¹⁰ noticed that, the chemical shift appeared at δ 5.58 ppm for C-5 proton shifted slightly upfield when it was compared with the chemical shift of simple pyrimidine molecule ($\delta \sim 6.46$ ppm). This shift of upfield may be due to the shielding effect of pyrrole ring at C-6 position. The ¹³C NMR of **8a** displayed fourteen signals, ¹⁵ with diagnostic signal at δ 52.9 and 55.2 ppm assignable to two methoxy groups at C-4 and C-4". In addition to support the
- methoxy groups at C-4 and C-4". In addition to support the analytical data, the structure of **8e** was confirmed on the basis of single-crystal X-ray structure analysis (Figure 2).¹⁹

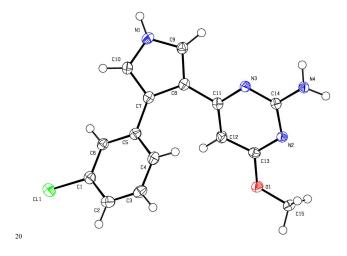


Figure 2: ORTEP representation of 8e

The compounds **8e**, **8f**, **8v** and **8d** were isolated in highest yields at the level of 97, 95, 90 and 89% respectively. Also, we ²⁵ have synthesized few triheteroaryl derivatives **8y-ad** by introducing five & six member heterocycles such as 2-furyl, 2-thienyl and pyridine instead of phenyl group at C-4" position (Table 3, entry 25-30). Interestingly, without any decomposition all the triheteroaryl compounds **8y-ad** was obtained as a single ³⁰ product in very good yields. The R group was fixed as a

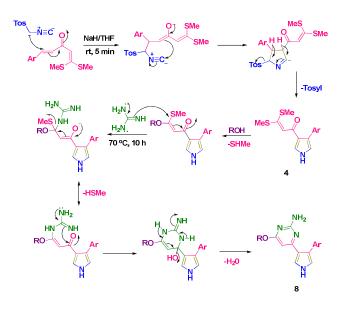
methyl/ethyl at C-4 position of **8** appropriately. The yield of the product **8a-ad** was varied while changing the substitutions by electron donating/withdrawing groups in the phenyl ring. All other structure of 6-pyrrolylpyrimidines **8a-ad** were analysed by ³⁵ ¹H, & ¹³C NMR, and Mass spectroscopy.

On the other way, the 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition between **3** and **6** was employed in the presence of NaH/THF at RT for 2h to afford **8a** in very poor yield 30% (Scheme 5). Subsequently, **4a** was cyclized with guanidine nitrate **5** to afford **8a** in 86% yield

⁴⁰ (Scheme 5). Though the compound **8a** obtained in good yield from **2a** *via* **4a** but the cycloaddition proceeds in multi-steps. To avoid the multi-steps as well as the processing time, we focused our interest to synthesis of **8a-ad** *via* multicomponent fashion.



A postulated reaction pathway for the formation of 4-alkoxy-6-(4-aryl-1H-pyrrol-3-yl)pyrimidin-2-amines 8a-ad is illustrated (Scheme 6). To evaluate the cycloaddition in a multicomponent 50 fashion, 3, 5 with 2a was combined together in the presence of NaH/THF at RT. Interestingly, 3 undergoes 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition selectively with double bond B of 2 and followed by removal of tosyl group to yield the corresponding 4. The 1,3dipolar cycloaddition did not take place with push-pull alkene 55 because, the double bond A of 2 is more polarized than B by owing to two electrons donating methyl sulfanyl and one electron withdrawing carbonyl group and it makes the C-1 as electron rich. Thus, the chemo/regioselecive formation of 4 was obtained on less polarized double bond B of 2. On the other hand, 5 was 60 did not reacted with 2 at RT and it needs more vigorous conditions to undergo Michael addition. Hence, the temperature was raised gradually up to 70 °C. During this period of time alcohol was added and replaced one MeSH group from 4 and then 5 undergoes Michael addition with push-pull alkene 65 followed by intramolecular cyclization by removal of one MeSH group to afford 8 in excellent yields.



Scheme 6: Plausible mechanism for the formation of 8

Conclusions

In summary, we have described the development of efficient formation of 4-alkoxy-6-(4-aryl-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)pyrimidin-2amines **8a-ad** *via* multicomponent approach with high 75 chemo/regioselectivity. The salient features of our method are facile introduction of various substitutions in a one-step process from readily preparable starting materials **2a-o**. The 6pyrrolylpyrimidines **8a-ad** was characterized by using ¹H & ¹³C NMR, mass spectroscopy and single crystal X-ray analysis.

5 Experimental Section

General Experimental

Melting points were determined on melting point apparatus equipped with thermometer were uncorrected. Unless stated otherwise, solvents and chemicals were obtained from ¹⁰ commercial sources and used without further purification. The ¹H and ¹³CNMR spectra of the new compounds were measured at 400MHz, 300MHz and 100MHz, 75MHz respectively using Bruker NMR instrument in DMSO-d₆, CDCl₃ and the chemical shifts are reported as δ values (ppm) relative to tetramethylsilane.

- ¹⁵ IR values were measured by Thermo Nicolet 6700 FT IR Spectrometer using ATR (attenuated total reflection) KBr Cell. Mass analysis was done in Agilent LC-MS instruments and spectra were recorded in positive and negative mode. Elemental analysis recorded on Thermofinnigan flash 2000 organic
- ²⁰ elemental CHNS analyser. Petroleum ether employed in column chromatographic purification refers to the fraction which boils at 40-60 °C.

1.General procedure for the synthesis of 4,4bis(methylthio)but-3-en-2-one 1:

- ²⁵ A solution of acetone (100g, 1.721 mol) in carbon disulphide (131g, 1.721 mol) was added to a suspension of sodium-*tert*-butoxide (331g, 3.442 mol) in benzene (500 ml) while keeping the reaction temperature not exceeding 10 °C. The reaction mixture was stirred at RT for 3h and methyl iodide (489g, 3.442
- ³⁰ mol) was added at 10 °C. The resulting reaction mixture was stirred at RT overnight. The reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and washed twice with water. The organic layer was dried over sodium sulphate, filtered and concentrated in vacuum. The crude product was washed well with hexane to give 172g of
- $_{35}$ 4,4-bis(methylthio)but-3-en-2-one in 65% yield as a pale yellow crystalline solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.20 (s, 3H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 2.47 (s, 3H), 6.04 (s, 1H). LC-MS calcd. m/z 162, found 163 [(M+1)]⁺.

2. General procedure for the preparation of 1,1-40 bis(methylthio)-5-arylpenta-1,4-dien-3-one (2a-o)

To a solution of 4,4-bis(methylthio)but-3-en-2-one 1 (1eq) in ethanol (5 ml) was added NaOH (1.5eq) and aryl aldehyde (1.1eq) under constant stirring. After the starting material was consumed by TLC, the reaction mixture was poured into ice

⁴⁵ water and the resulting solid was filtered, washed well with water (20 ml). The solid material obtained was crystallized from ethanol to furnish 1,1-bis(methylthio)-5-arylpenta-1,4-dien-3-one **2a-o** in 81-99% as a yellow solid.

(*E*)-1,1-bis(methylthio)-5-(4-methoxyphenyl)penta-1,4-dien-3-50 one $(2a)^{13}$

Yellow solid; yield: 90% (3.1 g). mp 104-106 0 C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 2.48 (s, 3H), 2.56 (s, 3H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 6.45 (s, 1H), 6.93 (d, J = 16 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (d, J = 8 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (d, J = 15.9 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz,

⁵⁵ DMSO-d₆) δ 14.8, 17.2, 55.8, 114.2, 114.9, 126.2, 128.0, 130.3, 140.4, 161.3, 163.5, 183.7. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹) 1581, 1644. LC-MS calcd.m/z 280, found 281 [(M+1)]⁺.

(*E*)-5-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-1,1-bis(methylthio)penta-1,4-dien-3-one (2b)

- ⁶⁰ Pale yellow solid; yield: 99% (3.9 g). mp 126 ^oC; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 2.40 (s, 3H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 5.29-5.31 (m, 1H), 5.55 (s, 1H), 6.17 (s, 1H), 7.43 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (s, 1H), 7.59 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 14.8, 17.3, 114.3, 128.4, 129.4, 129.9, 131.8,
- $_{65}$ 132.3, 133.9, 135.0, 135.3, 166.3, 182.6. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm $^{-1}$) 1500, 1650. HRMS (ESI-TOF) calcd for $C_{13}H_{12}Cl_{2}OS_{2}Na$ $[M+Na]^{+}$ 340.9604, found 340.9601.

(*E*)-5-(3-chlorophenyl)-1,1-bis(methylthio)penta-1,4-dien-3-one (2c)

- ⁷⁰ Pale yellow solid; yield: 85% (3 g). mp 136 $^{\circ}$ C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 2.46 (s, 3H), 2.57 (s, 3H), 6.49 (s, 1H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 16 Hz, 1H), 7.43-7.47 (m, 3H), 7.62-7.65 (m, 1H), 7.79 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 14.8, 17.3, 113.9, 127.3, 127.9, 129.9, 130.1, 131.2, 134.2, 137.8, 138.6, 165.2, 183.3. IR
- $_{75}$ (ATR KBr cell, cm $^{-1}$) 1567, 1632. HRMS (ESI-TOF) calcd for $C_{13}H_{13}Cl_2OS_2Na~[M+Na]^+$ 306.9994, found 306.9993.

(*E*)-1,1-bis(methylthio)-5-phenylpenta-1,4-dien-3-one (2d)¹³

Pale yellow solid; yield: 81% (2.5 g). mp 150 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) & 2.52 (s, 6H), 6.23 (s, 1H), 6.82 (d, *J* = 16Hz, 1H), ⁸⁰ 7.35-7.40 (m, 3H), 7.55-7.57 (m, 2H), 7.61 (d, *J* = 16 Hz, 1H),

LC-MS calcd.m/z: 252, found 253 $[(M+1)]^+$.

(*E*)-5-(2,4-difluorophenyl)-1,1-bis(methylthio)penta-1,4-dien-3-one (2e)

Pale yellow solid; yield: 88% (3.1 g). mp 152-154 0 C; ¹H NMR 85 (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 2.44 (s, 3H), 2.56 (s, 3H), 6.45 (s, 1H), 7.11 (d, *J* = 16 Hz, 1H), 7.15-7.18 (m, 1H), 7.31-7.35 (m, 1H), 7.47 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H) 7.89 (q, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 14.3, 16.7, 104.3, 104.8, 112.2, 112.3, 112.5, 113.6, 119.4, 119.5, 130.5, 130.3, 130.4, 159.5, 161.6, 162.1, 90 164.1, 164.3, 165.1, 182.5. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹) 1460, 1630. HRMS (ESI-TOF) calcd for C₁₃H₁₂F₂OS₂Na [M+Na]⁺ 309.0195, found 309.0194.

(*E*)-5-(5-bromo-2-methoxyphenyl)-1,1-bis(methylthio)penta-1,4-dien-3-one (2f)

- ⁹⁵ Pale yellow solid; yield: 87% (3.9 g). mp.156-158 ^oC; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 2.45 (s, 3H), 2.56 (s, 3H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 6.44 (s, 1H), 7.04 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (d, *J* = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H) 7.61 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 14.8, 17.2, 56.5, 112.8, 114.6, 126 1, 120 0, 130 1, 133 2, 134, 157.4, 165, 183 3, IP (ATP, KPr

(E)-5-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,1-bis(methylthio)penta-1,4-dien-3-one (2g) $^{\rm 13}$

¹⁰⁵ Yellow solid; yield: 99% (3.4 g). mp 144 $^{\circ}$ C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 2.46 (s, 3H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 6.47 (s, 1H), 7.07 (d, *J* = 16 Hz, 1H), 7.44-7.48 (m, 3H), 7.69 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 14.3, 16.7, 113.4, 128.8,

128.9, 129.7, 133.9, 134.3, 138.4, 164.4, 182.8. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹), 1598, 1646; LC-MS calcd. m/z: 284, found 285 $\left[(M+1)\right]^+$.

(*E*)-1,1-bis(methylthio)-5-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)penta-1,4- $_{5}$ dien-3-one (2h) ¹⁴

Pale yellow solid; yield: 88% (3.7 g). mp 140-142 0 C; ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 2.52 (s, 3H), 2.53 (s, 3H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 3.93 (s, 6H), 6.45 (s, 1H), 7.02 (s, 2H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (s, 1H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz,

 10 DMSO-d_6) δ 14.3, 16.8, 55.9, 60.1, 105.6, 113.5, 127.3, 130.5, 139.1, 140.3, 153.1, 163.7, 183.1. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm $^{-1}$) 1578, 1640; LC-MS calcd. m/z 340, found 341[(M+1)]^+.

(*E*)-5-(3-hydroxyphenyl)-1,1-bis(methylthio)penta-1,4-dien-3-one (2i)

- ¹⁵ Pale yellow solid; yield: 87% (2.9 g). mp 156-158 0 C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 2.43 (s, 3H), 2.56 (s, 3H), 6.47 (s, 1H), 6.79 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (s, 1H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (t, *J* = 8 Hz, 1H), 7.37 (d, *J* = 16 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 14.7, 17.2, 114.1,
- $_{20}$ 114.9, 117.6, 119.6, 128.4, 130.4, 136.8, 140.6, 158.2, 164.5, 183.6. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm $^{-1}$) 1470, 1600. HRMS (ESI-TOF) calcd for $C_{13}H_{14}O_2S_2Na~[M+Na]^+$ 289.0333,found 289.0331.

(E)-5-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,1-bis(methylthio)penta-1,4-dien-3-one (2j) 14

- ²⁵ Pale yellow solid; yield: 89% (3.4 g). mp 125-127 0 C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 2.42 (s, 3H), 2.56 (s, 3H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.80 (s, 3H) 6.44 (s, 3H), 6.95 (d, *J* = 15.8 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (d, *J* = 8.31 Hz, 2H), 7.21 (d, *J* = 10.5 Hz, 1H), 7.29 (s, 1H) 7.42 (d, *J* = 15.9 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 14.8, 17.2, 56.1,
- $_{30}$ 110.5, 112.1, 114.1, 123.2, 126.3, 128.2, 140.8, 149.4, 151.1, 163.5, 183.7. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm^-1) 1565, 1637. UPLC-MS calcd. m/z 310, found 311[(M+1)]⁺.

(E)-1,1-bis(methylthio)-5-p-tolylpenta-1,4-dien-3-one (2k)¹³

Pale yellow solid; yield: 90% (2.9 g). mp 130 $^{\circ}$ C.¹H NMR (400 ³⁵ MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 2.31 (s, 3H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 2.56 (s, 3H), 6.46 (s, 1H), 7.00 (d, *J* = 16.40 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 16 Hz, 2H), 7.55 (d, *J* = 8 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 14.8, 17.2, 21.5, 114.1, 127.6, 128.5, 129.9, 132.7, 140.3, 140.4, 164.1, 183.7. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹) 1477, 1604. ⁴⁰ LC-MS calcd. m/z 264, found 265 [(M+1)]⁺

(*E*)-5-(2-fluorophenyl)-1,1-bis(methylthio)penta-1,4-dien-3-one (2l)

Pale yellow solid; yield: 92% (3 g). mp 109 0 C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 2.45 (s, 3H), 2.57 (s, 3H), 6.47 (s, 3H), 7.15

⁴⁵ (d, J = 15.60 Hz, 1H), 7.23-7.29 (m, 2H), 7.42-7.46 (m, 1H), 7.53 (d, J = 16.4 Hz, 1H), 7.79 (t, J = 8 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 15.1, 17.2, 113.1, 115.9, 116.2, 123.2, 123.3, 124.3, 129.4, 129.8, 130.9, 131.1, 133.8, 159.7, 163.1, 166.1, 183.7. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹) 1502, 1544, 1618. HRMS (ESI-TOF) calcd ⁵⁰ for C₁₃H₁₃FOS₂Na [M+Na]⁺ 291.0290, found 291.0289.

(*E*)-5-(furan-2-yl)-1,1-bis(methylthio)penta-1,4-dien-3-one (2m)

Low melting solid; yield: 87% (2.6 g). mp 109 0 C, 1 H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 2.42 (s, 3H), 2.54 (s, 3H), 6.43 (s, 1H), 6.60

⁵⁵ (bs, 1H), 6.75 (d, *J* = 15.60 Hz, 1H), 6.87 (bs, 1H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 15.60 Hz, 1H), 7.81 (bs, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 14.8, 17.2, 113.3, 114.1, 115.7, 125.7, 127.4, 145.8, 151.7, 164.4, 183.1. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹) 1465, 1642. HRMS (ESI-TOF) calcd for C₁₁H₁₂O₂S₂Na [M+Na]⁺ 263.0176, found 263.0173.

60 (E)1,1-bis(methylthio)-5-(thiphen-2-yl)-penta-1,4-dien-3-one (2n)

Brown solid; yield: 86% (2.7 g). mp 90 °C, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 2.43 (s, 3H), 2.55 (s, 3H), 6.42 (s, 1H), 6.86 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (s, 1H), 7.49 (d, *J* = 16 Hz, 1H), 7.59-7,61 (m, ⁶⁵ 1H) 7.89 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 14.8, 17.2, 56.0, 113.8, 125.9, 128.1, 128.2, 129.3, 134.5, 138.8, 164.0, 183.9. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹) 1567, 1634. HRMS (ESI-TOF) calcd for C₁₁H₁₂OS₃Na [M+Na]⁺ 278.9948, found 278.9945.

(E)-5-(5-bromopyridin-3-yl)-1,1-bis(methylthio)penta-1,4-70 dien-3-one (20)

Pale yellow solid; yield: 82% (3.3 g). mp 146 0 C. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 2.43 (s, 3H), 2.56 (s, 3H), 6.46 (s, 1H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 16.00 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, *J* = 16.00 Hz, 1H), 8.41 (s, 3H), 8.66 (s, 1H), 8.82 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 14.8,

 $_{75}$ 17.2, 56.1, 112.2, 114.5, 121.1, 123.7, 128.3, 128.5, 131.9, 135.2, 158.4, 164.2, 183.9. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm $^{-1}$) 1165, 1488, 1590, 1646. HRMS (ESI-TOF) calcd for $C_{12}H_{12}BrNOS_2Na\ [M+Na].^+$ 351.9441, found 351.9449.

3. General procedure for the Synthesis of 8a *via* 1,3-dipolar ⁸⁰ cycloaddition followed by cyclisation.

Step i; Synthesis of 4 by reacting 2a with 3: To a stirred and cleaned suspension of NaH (60% suspension in oil (0.10g, 0.00427mol)) in dry THF (2 ml) at 0 °C was added a mixture of TosMIC 3 (1.04g, 0.0053mol) and (E)-1-(4-methoxyphenyl)-5,5-85 bis(methylthio)pent-1-en-3-one 2a (1g, 0.00357mol) in dry THF (5ml) during 15 min. The reaction mixture was then allowed to stir at room temperature for 10 min. After completion of the reaction (TLC), the mixture was carefully acidified with dilute acetic acid (pH 6.5) and extracted with ethyl acetate (3x20 ml). ⁹⁰ The combined organic phase was washed with water (15ml), brine (10ml), dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄ filtered and concentrated in vacuo. The crude product was purified through column chromatography using silica gel (60-120 mesh) with increasing amounts of ethyl acetate: petroleum-ether (3:7) as 95 eluent. Pale yellow solid; yield: 1 g (89%); mp.156 °C.¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 2.18 (s, 3H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 6.30 (s, 1H), 6.81 (s, 1H), 6.90 (d, J = 8.60 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (d, J = 8.60 Hz, 2H), 7.54 (s, 1H), 11.44 (s, 1H).¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 14.6, 16.4, 55.6, 113.7, 114.1, 119.1, 124.1, 124.4, 100 124.9, 128.8, 130.7, 158.3, 158.6, 182.3. LC-MS calcd.m/z 319, found 320 [(M+1)]⁺. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹), 1474, 1599, 3355. Step-ii; Synthesis of 8a by reacting 4 and 5: To a stirred and cleaned suspension of sodium hydride (60% suspension in oil 0.03g, 0.00113mol) in dry methanol (5 ml) at 0 °C was added 105 guanidine nitrate 5 (0.23g, 0.00188mol) and the reaction mixture was allowed to stir at room temperature for 15mins. And then 1-(4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)-3,3-bis(methylthio)prop-2-en-1-one (0.3g, 0.000939 mol) 4a was added and allowed to reflux for 8-10h. The solvent was removed from the reaction 110 mixture under the reduced pressure. Water was added (5 ml) and

the aqueous phase was extracted using ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with water $(2 \times 5 \text{ml})$ and brine $(2 \times 5 \text{ml})$ and dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered and concentrated. The crude product was subjected to column chromatography on silica

s gel (100-120mesh) using ethyl acetate: petroleum-ether (8:2) to afford the pure compound 8a in 86% (0.21g) yield.

4. General procedure for the preparation of 4-alkoxy-6-(4-(4-aryl)-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)pyrimidin-2-amine (8a-ad)

To a stirred suspension of sodium hydride (60% suspension in oil ¹⁰ (2eq) in dry THF (5 ml) at 0 ^oC was added 1,1-bis(methylthio)-5-arylpenta-1,4-dien-3-one **2** (1eq), TosMIC **3** (1.5eq) followed by guanidine nitrate **5** (2eq) and the reaction mixture was allowed to stir at RT for 5 min. Later, alcohol (3mL (v/v)) was added and allowed to reflux for 10 h. The solvent was removed from the

- $_{15}$ reaction mixture under reduced pressure. The reaction mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was washed with water (2×5ml) and brine (2×5ml) and dried over anhydrous $\rm Na_2SO_4,\ filtered\ and\ concentrated.$ The crude product was subjected to column chromatography on silica gel (100-120mesh)
- ²⁰ using ethyl acetate: petroleum-ether (1:1) to afford the pure compounds **8a-ad** in excellent yields 70-97%.

4-methoxy-6-(4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)pyrimidin-2-amine (8a)

Colourless solid; yield: 75% (0.24 g). mp 180 °C; ¹H NMR (400 ²⁵ MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 3.66 (s, 3H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 5.59 (s, 1H), 6.23 (s, 2H), 6.74 (s, 1H), 6.88 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.19 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (s, 1H), 11.11 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 52.9, 55.5, 92.7, 114.1, 118.8, 120.7, 121.0, 123.2, 129.1, 130.4, 158.1, 163.5, 163.6, 170.3. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹), 1770, ³⁰ 2350, 3500. LC-MS calcd. m/z 296, found 297 [(M+1)]⁺. Anal.

 $_{50}$ 2350, 3500. LC-MS calcd. m/z 296, found 297 [(M+1)] . Anal. Calcd for C₁₆H₁₆N₄O₂: C, 64.85; H, 5.44; N, 18.91; Found: C, 64.82; H, 5.39; N, 18.89.

4-ethoxy-6-(4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)pyrimidin-2amine (8b)

- ³⁵ Colourless solid; yield: 87% (0.29 g). mp 142 ^oC; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 1.17 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 3.75 (s, 3H), 4.15 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 5.58 (s, 1H), 6.17 (s, 1H), 6.74 (s, 1H), 6.88 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.19 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (s, 1H), 11.11 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 14.9, 55.5, 61.1, 92.7,
- ⁴⁰ 114.0, 118.8, 120.7, 121.0, 123.2, 129.1, 130.4, 158.1, 163.5, 163.6, 169.9. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹), 1890, 2360, 3379. LC-MS calcd.m/z 310, found 311 $[(M+1)]^+$. Anal. Calcd for $C_{17}H_{18}N_4O_2$: C, 65.79; H, 5.85; N, 18.05; Found: C, 65.72; H, 5.79; N, 18.01.

4-methoxy-6-(4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl-1*H*-pyrrol-3-45 yl)pyrimidin-2-amine (8c)

Colourless solid; yield: 85% (0.27 g). mp 152 0 C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 3.65 (s, 3H), 5.33 (s, 1H), 6.17 (s, 2H), 6.81 (s, 1H), 7.31-7.41 (m, 3H), 7.62 (s, 1H), 11.31 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 52.9, 91.0, 119.0, 119.9, 120.7, 121.6,

 $_{50}$ 127.5, 129.1, 132.4, 133.9, 134.9, 135.2, 163.1, 163.5, 170.5. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm $^{-1}$), 1800, 2320, 3470. LC-MS calcd.m/z 335, found 336 $[(M\!+\!1)]^+$. Anal. Calcd for $C_{15}H_{12}Cl_2N_4O$: C, 53.75; H, 3.61; N, 16.72; Found: C, 53.71; H, 3.59; N, 16.69.

4-ethoxy-6-(4-(2,4-dichlorophenyl-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)pyrimidin-55 2-amine (8d)

Colourless solid; yield: 89% (0.28 g). mp 156 0 C, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 1.15-1.22 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 4.12 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 5.34 (s, 1H), 6.10 (s, 2H), 6.80 (s, 1H), 7.31-7.41 (m, 3H), 7.61 (s, 1H), 11.30 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 14.8, 61.1, 91.2, 118.9, 119.9, 120.7, 121.7, 127.5, 129.1, 132.4, 133.9, 134.8, 135.3, 163.2, 163.4, 170.2. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹), 1683, 2300, 2900, 3320. UPLC-MS calcd. m/z 349, found 350 [(M+1)]⁺. Anal. Calcd for C₁₆H₁₄Cl₂N₄O: C, 55.03; H, 4.04; N, 16.04; Found: C, 55.00; H, 4.01; N, 15.99.

65 4-methoxy-6-(4-(3-chlorophenyl-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)pyrimidin-2amine (8e)

Colourless solid; yield: 97% (0.31 g). mp 122 0 C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 3.69 (s, 3H), 5.65 (s, 1H), 6.24 (s, 2H), 6.95 (s, 1H), 7.22-7.32 (m, 5H), 11.34 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, 70 DMSO-d₆) δ 52.6, 92.5, 119.2, 120.3, 121.0, 121.4, 125.4, 127.2, 127.8, 129.7, 132.6, 138.4, 162.9, 163.1, 169.9. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹), 1860, 2372, 3174. LC-MS calcd.m/z 300, found 301 [(M+1)]⁺. Anal. Calcd for C₁₅H₁₃ClN₄O: C, 59.91; H, 4.36; N, 18.63; Found: C, 59.87; H, 4.28; N, 18.57.

75 4-ethoxy-4-(4-(3-chlorophenyl-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)pyrimidin-2amine (8f)

Colourless solid; yield: 95% (0.31 g). mp 186 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 1.19 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 4.18 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 5.64 (s, 1H), 6.20 (s, 2H), 6.95 (s, 1H), 7.23-7.32 (m, 5H), ⁸⁰ 11.36 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 19.2, 65.4, 97.5, 123.9, 125.8, 126.1, 130.1, 131.9, 132.6, 134.5, 137.4, 143.2, 167.8, 174.3. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹), 1840, 2370, 3320. LC-MS calcd.m/z 311, found 312 [(M+1)]⁺. Anal. Calcd for C₁₆H₁₅ClN₄O: C, 61.05; H, 4.80; N, 17.80; Found: C, 61.01; H, ⁸⁵ 4.75; N, 17.77.

4-methoxy-6-(4-phenyl-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)pyrimidin-2-amine (8g)

Colourless solid; yield: 85% (0.27 g). mp 174 0 C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 3.66 (s, 3H), 5.58 (s, 1H), 6.23 (s, 2H), 6.83 ⁹⁰ (s, 1H), 7.19 (s, 1H), 7.19-7.32 (m, 6H), 11.19 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 52.5, 92.3, 118.6, 120.2, 120.7, 123.0, 125.7, 128.0, 128.7, 136.2, 163.0, 163.1, 169.8. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹), 1760, 2380, 3420. LC-MS calcd. m/z 266, found 267 [(M+1)]⁺. Anal. Calcd for C₁₅H₁₄N₄O: C, 67.65; H, 5.30; N, ⁹⁵ 21.04; Found: C, 67.59; H, 5.23; N, 21.00.

4-ethoxy-6-(4-phenyl-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)pyrimidin-2-amine (8h)

Colourless solid; yield: 83% (0.28 g). mp 126 0 C, ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 1.18 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 4.14 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 5.57 (s, 1H), 6.18 (s, 2H), 6.82 (s, 1H), 7.18-7.32 (m, 6H),

¹⁰⁰ 11.29 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) & 14.4, 60.6, 92.5, 118.6, 120.3, 120.7, 122.9, 125.8, 128.0, 128.7, 136.3, 163.1, 169.5. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹), 1670, 2680, 3392. LC-MS calcd. m/z 280, found 281. [(M+1)]⁺. Anal. Calcd for C₁₆H₁₆N₄O: C, 68.55; H, 5.75; N, 19.99; Found: C, 68.50; H, 5.69; N, 19.91.
¹⁰⁵ (Two carbon signal merged with one another)

4-methoxy-6-(2,4-difluorophenyl-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)pyrimidin-2amine (8i)

Colourless solid; yield: 80% (0.27 g). mp 150 ⁰C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 3.67 (s, 3H), 5.52 (s, 1H), 6.16 (s, 2H), 6.85 ¹¹⁰ (s, 1H), 7.05-7.07 (m, 1H), 7.15-7.21 (m, 1H), 7.29-7.53 (m, 2H),

11.31 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 53.0, 91.3, 104.2, 104.6, 111.4, 111.6, 115.2, 120.1, 121.0, 121.6, 133.1, 158.3, 160.0, 161.4, 161.6, 163.5, 170.5. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹), 1868, 2360, 3418. LC-MS calcd. m/z 302, found 303 [(M+1)]⁺. Anal. ⁵ Calcd for C₁₅H₁₂F₂N₄O: C, 59.60; H, 4.00; N, 18.53; Found: C, 59.55; H, 3.93; N, 18.50.

4-ethoxy-6-(2,4-difluorophenyl-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)pyrimidin-2amine (8j)

- Colourless solid; yield: 82% (0.29 g). mp 160 $^{\circ}$ C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 1.86 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 4.15 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 5.52 (s, 1H), 6.10 (s, 2H), 6.84 (s, 1H), 7.02-7.07 (m, 1H), 7.15-7.21 (m, 1H), 7.29-7.35 (m, 2H), 11.30 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 14.9, 61.1, 91.5, 104.6, 111.4, 111.7, 115.2, 120.1, 121.1, 121.6, 133.2, 158.3, 159.8, 161.4, 163.1,
- $_{15}$ 163.2, 163.5, 170.2. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm $^{-1}$), 2360, 2989, 3436. LC-MS calcd. m/z 316, found 317 $[(M+1)]^+$. Anal. Calcd for $C_{16}H_{14}F_2N_4O$: C, 60.75; H, 4.46; N, 17.71; Found: C, 60.71; H, 4.43; N, 17.65.

4-methoxy-6-(4-(5-bromo-2-methoxyphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrol-3-20 yl)pyrimidin-2-amine (8k)

Colourless solid; yield: 70% (0.22 g). mp 182 0 C. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 3.52 (s, 3H), 3.74 (s, 3H) 5.44 (s, 1H), 6.14 (s, 2H), 6.78 (s, 1H), 6.94 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 14.8 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 11.17 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 ²⁵ MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 52.9, 55.8, 91.1, 111.9, 113.8, 117.9, 120.4, 121.7, 128.5, 130.7, 133.5, 156.8, 163.3, 170.5. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹), 2360, 3362. LC-MS calcd. m/z 375, found 376 [(M+1)]⁺. Anal. Calcd for C₁₆H₁₅BrN₄O₂: C, 51.22; H, 4.03; N, 14.93; Found: C, 51.12; H, 3.99; N, 14.86.

30 4-ethoxy-6-(4-(5-bromo-2-methoxyphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)pyrimidin-2-amine (8l)

Colourless solid; yield: 72% (0.23 g). mp 170 °C. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 1.18 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H) 3.52 (s, 3H), 4.14 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 5.44 (s, 1H), 6.07 (s, 2H), 6.77 (s, 1H), 6.94 (d, J ³⁵ = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (d, J = 12 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 1H), 11.16 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 14.9, 55.8, 60.9, 91.4, 111.9, 113.8, 117.8, 120.4, 121.9, 128.6, 130.6, 133.4, 156.8, 163.4, 163.7, 170.1. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹), 1868, 2360, 3365. LC-MS calcd.m/z 389, found 390 [(M+1)]⁺. Anal. Calcd ⁴⁰ for C₁₇H₁₇BrN₄O₂: C, 52.46; H, 4.40; N, 14.39; Found: C, 52.41; H, 4.33; N, 14.30.

4-methoxy-6-(4-(4-chlorophenyl-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)pyrimidin-2amine (8m)

- Colourless solid; yield: 87% (0.28 g). mp 194 $^{\circ}$ C; ¹H NMR (400 ⁴⁵ MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 3.69 (s, 3H), 5.63 (s, 1H), 6.26 (s, 2H), 6.89 (s, 1H), 7.25 (s, 1H), 7.34 (q, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 4H), 11.34 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 53.0, 92.9, 119.4, 120.8, 121.5, 122.1, 128.4, 130.8, 135.6, 163.5, 163.6, 170.4. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹), 1867, 2369, 3420. LC-MS calcd.m/z 300, found 301
- $_{50}$ [(M+1)]⁺. Anal. Calcd for C₁₅H₁₃ClN₄O: C, 59.91; H, 4.36; N, 18.63; Found: C, 59.80; H, 4.27; N, 18.51. (Two carbons merged with one another).

4-ethoxy-6-(4-(4-chlorophenyl-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)pyrimidin-2amine (8n)

55 Colourless solid; yield: 89% (0.3 g). mp 174 °C. ¹H NMR (400

MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 1.20 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 4.17 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 5.62 (s, 1H), 6.20 (s, 2H), 6.89 (s, 1H), 7.24 (s, 1H), 7.34 (q, J = 8.8 Hz, 4H), 11.25 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 14.9, 61.2, 93.1, 119.4, 120.8, 121.5, 122.1, 128.4, 130.7, 135.6, ⁶⁰ 163.6, 163.6, 170.1. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹), 1844, 2360, 3387. LC-MS calcd.m/z 314, found 315 [(M+1)]⁺. Anal. Calcd for C₁₆H₁₅CIN₄O: C, 61.05; H, 4.80; N, 17.80; Found: C, 60.88; H, 4.72; N, 17.71. (Two carbons merged with one another).

4-methoxy-6-(4-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrol-3-65 yl)pyrimidin-2-amine (80)

Colourless solid; yield: 84% (0.26 g). mp 168 0 C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 3.65 (s, 3H), 3.69 (s, 9H), 5.74 (s, 1H), 6.24 (s, 2H), 6.59 (s, 2H), 6.89 (s, 1H), 7.23 (s, 1H), 11.18 (s, 1H). 13 C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 53.2, 56.1, 60.9, 94.9, 106.3, 118.2, ⁷⁰ 120.7, 120.9, 124.3, 131.1, 136.7, 152.8, 162.5, 170.8. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹), 1800, 2370, 3495. LC-MS calcd.m/z 356, found 357 [(M+1)]⁺. Anal. Calcd for C₁₈H₂₀N₄O₄: C, 60.66; H, 5.66; N, 15.72; Found: C, 60.59; H, 5.58; N, 15.62.

4-ethoxy-6-(4-(3,4,5-trimethoxyphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrol-3-75 yl)pyrimidin-2-amine (8p)

Colourless solid; yield: 87% (0.28 g). mp 170 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 1.18 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 3.69 (s, 9H), 4.16 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 5.72 (s, 1H), 6.21 (s, 2H), 6.60 (s, 2H), 6.89 (s, 1H), 7.23 (s, 1H), 11.18 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d₆) so δ 14.4, 56.1, 60.8, 61.7, 95.0, 106.3, 118.1, 120.6, 120.9, 124.3, 131.1, 136.6, 152.8, 162.6, 162.8, 170.5. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹), 1790, 2400, 3298. LC-MS calcd.m/z 370, found 371 [(M+1)]⁺. Anal. Calcd for C₁₉H₂₂N₄O₄: C, 61.61; H, 5.99; N, 15.13; Found: C, 61.50; H, 5.92; N, 15.04.

85 4-methoxy-6-(4-(3-hydroxyphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)pyrimidin-2-amine (8q)

Colourless solid; yield: 77% (0.24g). mp 148-150 $^{\circ}$ C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 3.67 (s, 3H), 5.62 (s, 1H), 6.23 (s, 2H), 6.62 (d, *J* = 8 Hz, 1H), 6.69 (s, 2H), 6.77 (s, 1H), 7.09 (t, *J* = 8 90 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (s, 1H), 9.21 (s, 1H), 11.14 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 20.9, 52.5, 92.4, 112.9, 115.7, 118.4, 119.6, 120.2, 120.6, 121.9, 123.2, 127.1, 128.9, 129.7, 138.1, 143.5, 156.9, 162.9, 163.1, 169.8. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹), 1650, 2200, 3200. LC-MS calcd.m/z 282, found 283 [(M+1)]⁺. Anal. Calcd 95 for C₁₅H₁₄N₄O₂: C, 63.82; H, 5.00; N, 19.85; Found: C, 63.74; H, 4.89; N, 19.78.

4-ethoxy-6-(4-(3-hydroxyphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)pyrimidin-2amine (8r)

Colourless solid; yield: 78% (0.26 g). mp 126 ^oC; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 1.19 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 4.14 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 5.60 (s, 1H), 6.18 (s, 2H), 6.61 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (s, 1H), 6.76 (s, 1H), 7.07 (t, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 7.23 (s, 1H), 9.21 (s, 1H), 11.13 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 14.4, 60.6, 92.5, 112.9, 115.7, 118.4, 119.6, 120.3, 120.6, 123.2, 127.1, 105 128.9, 129.6, 137.6, 156.9, 163.0, 163.1, 169.5. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹), 1750, 2300, 3470. LC-MS calcd.m/z 296, found 297 [(M+1)]⁺. Anal. Calcd for C₁₆H₁₆N₄O₂: C, 64.85; H, 5.44; N, 18.91; Found: C, 64.79; H, 5.35; N, 18.83.

4-methoxy-6-(4-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrol-3-110 yl)pyrimidin-2-amine (8s)

Colourless solid; yield: 85% (0.27 g). mp 182 ⁰C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 3.66 (s, 6H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 5.66 (s, 1H), 6.23 (s, 2H), 6.79-6.81 (m, 2H), 6.86-6.93 (m, 2H), 7.25 (s, 1H), 11.13 (s, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 52.5, 55.4, 55.5, 92.3, 5 111.7, 113.1, 118.3, 120.2, 120.5, 120.8, 122.9, 128.8, 147.2, 148.2, 163.1, 169.9; IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹), 1790, 2490, 3220;

LC-MS calcd. m/z 326, found 327 $[(M+1)]^+$. Anal. Calcd for $C_{17}H_{18}N_4O_3$: C, 62.57; H, 5.56; N, 17.17; Found: C, 62.49; H, 5.45; N, 17.10.

10 4-ethoxy-6-(4-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)pyrimidin-2-amine (8t)

Colourless solid; yield: 82% (0.27g). mp 180 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 1.19 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 3.66 (s, 3H), 3.74 (s, 3H), 4.16 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 5.65 (s, 1H), 6.17 (s, 2H), 6.78-15 6.82 (m, 2H), 6.86-6.90 (m, 2H), 7.23 (s, 1H), 11.12 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 55.3, 55.5, 60.5, 92.5, 111.7, 113.3, 118.3, 120.2, 120.5, 120.7, 122.9, 128.9, 147.2, 148.2, 163.0, 163.2, 169.5. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹), 1820, 2500, 3390; LC-MS calcd.m/z 340, found 341 [(M+1)]⁺. Anal. Calcd for ²⁰ C₁₈H₂₀N₄O₃: C, 63.52; H, 5.92; N, 16.46; Found: C, 63.42; H,

 $_{20}$ C₁₈H₂₀N₄O₃: C, 63.52; H, 5.92; N, 16.46; Found: C, 63.42; H, 5.83; N, 16.39

4-methoxy-6-(4-*p*-tolyl-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)pyrimidin-2-amine (8u)

Colourless solid; yield: 88% (0.28 g). mp 150 °C; ¹H NMR (400 ²⁵ MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 2.36 (s, 3H), 3.66 (s, 3H), 5.60 (s, 1H), 6.23 (s, 2H), 6.77 (s, 1H), 7.09-7.16 (m, 4H), 7.25 (s, 1H), 11.15 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 21.5, 52.9, 92.8, 118.9, 120.7, 121.2, 123.4, 127.7, 130.3, 133.8, 135.3, 163.5, 163.6, 170.3. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹), 1720, 2300, 3630; LC-MS ³⁰ calcd.m/z 280, found 281 [(M+1)]⁺. Anal. Calcd for C₁₆H₁₆N₄O: C, 68.55; H, 5.75; N, 19.99; Found: C, 68.48; H, 5.69; N, 19.90.

4-ethoxy-6-(4-*p*-tolyl-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)pyrimidin-2-amine (8v)

Colourless solid; yield: 86% (0.29 g). mp 170-172 0 C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 1.18 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 2.33 (s, 3H), ³⁵ 4.12 (q, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 5.59 (s, 1H), 6.17 (s, 2H), 6.77 (s, 1H), 7.11 (d, J = 8 Hz, 2H),7,16 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.24 (s, 1H), 11.14 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 14.9, 21.2, 61.1, 92.9, 118.9, 120.7, 121.2, 123.4, 129.1, 133.8, 135.3, 163.6, 160.0; IB (Δ TB, KBF, and Δ

- 169.9; IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹), 1854, 2330, 3570; LC-MS $_{40}$ calcd.m/z 294, found 295 [(M+1)]⁺. Anal. Calcd for $C_{17}H_{18}N_4O$:
- C, 69.37; H, 6.16; N, 19.03; Found: C, 69.28; H, 6.10; N, 18.92.

4-methoxy-6-(4-(2-fluorophenyl)-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)pyrimidin-2amine (8w)

Colourless solid; yield: 88% (0.28 g). mp 172 °C; ¹H NMR (400 ⁴⁵ MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 3.65 (s, 3H), 5.48 (s, 1H), 6.17 (s, 2H), 6.85 (s, 1H), 7.18 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.27-7.34 (m, 3H), 11.29 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 50.7, 89.8, 113.3, 113.6, 114.1, 117.6, 118.7, 119.5, 120.1, 122.3, 122.5, 125.5, 126.2, 130.1, 156.2, 159.5, 161.2, 168.5. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹), 1633, ⁵⁰ 2360, 3380. LC-MS calcd.m/z 284, found 285 [(M+1)]⁺. Anal.

Calcd for $C_{15}H_{13}FN_4O$: C, 63.37; H, 4.61; N, 19.71; Found: C, 63.25; H, 4.52; N, 19.57.

4-ethoxy-6-(4-(2-fluorophenyl)-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)pyrimidin-2amine (8x)

- ⁵⁵ Colourless solid; yield: 90% (0.3 g). mp 130 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 1.17 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 4.12 (q, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 5.47 (s, 1H), 6.12 (s, 2H), 6.84 (s, 1H), 7.13-7.18 (m, 2H), 7.28-7.33 (m, 3H), 11.30 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 14.3, 61.8, 94.1, 115.3, 115.6, 116.9, 119.6, 120.5, 123.7, ⁶⁰ 127.9, 128.1, 131.9, 158.4, 161.7, 162.6, 162.6, 161.7, 162.7
- $_{60}$ 127.9, 128.1, 131.9, 158.4, 161.7, 162.6, 162.9, 170.8. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm $^{-1}$), 1795, 2288, 3400. LC-MS calcd.m/z 298, found 299 $[(M\!+\!1)]^+$. HRMS (ESI-TOF) calcd for $C_{16}H_{15}FN_4O~[M\!+\!H]^+$ 299.1308, found 299.1307.

4-methoxy-6-(4-(furan-2-yl)-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)pyrimidin-2-65 amine (8y)

Pale yellow solid; yield: 83% (0.24 g). mp 168 0 C; 1 H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 3.73 (s, 3H), 5.80 (s, 1H), 6.30 (s, 2H), 6.45 (s, 1H), 6.53 (s, 1H), 7.01 (s, 1H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 7.56 (s, 1H), 11.30 (s, 1H). 13 C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 53.1, 92.1, 70 107.2, 111.6, 113.2, 119.7, 120.9, 121.4, 141.5, 150.3, 163.1, 163.5, 170.6. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹), 1420, 2300, 3100. LC-MS calcd.m/z 256, found 257 [(M+1)]⁺. Anal. Calcd for C₁₃H₁₂N₄O₂: C, 60.93; H, 4.72; N, 21.86; Found: C, 60.79; H, 4.64; N, 21.79.

4-ethoxy-6-(4-(furan-2-yl)-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)pyrimidin-2-amine 75 (8z)

Pale yellow solid; yield: 85% (0.26 g). mp 126 0 C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 1.22 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 4.22 (q, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 5.79 (s, 1H), 6.26 (s, 2H), 6.44 (s, 1H), 6.54 (s, 1H), 7.01 (s, 1H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 7.56 (s, 1H), 11.29 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 14.4, 61.8, 94.8, 106.5, 110.9, 113.8, 118.8, 120.6, 120.8, 140.7, 149.5, 162.6, 162.7, 170.8, IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹), 1485, 2239, 3465. LC-MS calcd.m/z 270, found 271 [(M+1)]⁺. Anal. Calcd for C₁₄H₁₄N₄O₂: C, 62.21; H, 5.22; N, 20.73; Found: C, 62.09; H, 5.17; N, 20.63.

85 4-methoxy-6-(4-(thiophen-2-yl)-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)pyrimidin-2amine (8aa)

Colourless solid; yield: 87% (0.28 g). mp 170-172 $^{\circ}$ C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 3.70 (s, 3H), 5.74 (s, 1H), 6.27 (s, 2H), 6.89 (s, 1H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (s, 1H), 7.42-7.47 (m, ⁹⁰ 2H), 11.16 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 92.5, 118.2, 119.2, 121.1, 121.4, 125.5, 129.4, 129.6, 136.8, 163.5, 163.7, 170.5. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹), 1597, 1800, 2365, 3400. LC-MS calcd.m/z 272, found 273 [(M+1)]⁺. HRMS (ESI-TOF) calcd for C₁₃H₁₂N₄OS [M+H]⁺ 273.0810, found 273.0812.

95 4-ethoxy-6-(4-(thiophen-2-yl)-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)pyrimidin-2amine (8ab)

Colourless solid; yield: 87% (0.29 g). mp 140-142 0 C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 1.21 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 4.16 (q, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 5.73 (s, 1H), 6.23 (s, 2H), 6.88 (s, 1H), 7.10 (d, *J* = 4.6 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (s, 1H), 7.45-7.47 (m, 2H), 11.15 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 14.9, 61.1, 92.7, 118.1, 119.2, 121.0, 121.1, 121.2, 125.5, 129.6, 136.9, 163.5, 163.7, 170.1. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹), 1559, 1645, 2209, 3406. LC-MS calcd.m/z 286, found 287 [(M+1)]⁺. Anal. Calcd for C₁₄H₁₄N₄OS: C, 58.72; H, ¹⁰⁵ 4.93; N, 19.57; Found: C, 58.65; H, 4.84; N, 19.47.

4-methoxy-6-(4-(5-bromopyridin-3yl)-1*H*-pyrrol-3yl)pyrimidin-2-amine (8ac)

Colourless solid; yield: 78% (0.25 g). mp 158-160 0 C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 3.74 (s, 3H), 5.82 (s, 1H), 6.22 (s, 2H),

7.13 (s, 1H), 7.30 (s, 1H), 7.94 (s, 1H), 8.51 (s, 2H), 11.43 (s, 1H). 13 C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 53.2, 92.9, 118.0, 120.1, 120.6, 121.1, 122.0, 134.4, 137.9, 147.2, 147.8, 163.3, 163.6, 170.6. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm⁻¹), 1468, 1820, 2220, 3280, LC-MS s calcd.m/z 347, found 348 [(M+1)]⁺. Anal. Calcd for C₁₄H₁₂BrN₅O. C, 48.57; H, 3.49; N, 20.23; Found: C, 48.44; H, 3.41; N, 20.14.

4-ethoxy-6-(4-(5-bromopyridin-3yl)-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)pyrimidin-2-amine (8ad)

- ¹⁰ Colourless solid; yield: 75% (0.25 g). mp 126 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): δ 1.23 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 4.21 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 5.81 (s, 1H), 6.17 (s, 2H), 7.17 (s, 1H), 7.31 (s, 1H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 8.46 (s, 2H), 11.43 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆) δ 14.9, 61.2, 93.0, 118.0, 120.1, 120.5, 121.0, 121.9, 134.5, ¹⁵ 137.8, 147.1, 147.8, 158.2, 163.6, 170.2. IR (ATR KBr cell, cm
- ¹), 1440, 1860, 2300, 3320. LC-MS calcd. m/z 294, found 295 $[(M+1)]^+$. Anal. Calcd for $C_{15}H_{14}BrN_5O$: C, 50.02; H, 3.92; N, 19.44; Found: C, 49.92; H, 3.88; N, 19.32.

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Notes and references

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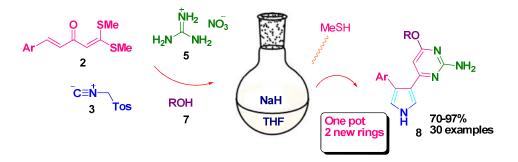
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Convenient One-Pot Multicomponent Strategy for the Synthesis of 6-Pyrrolylpyrimidines[†]

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Abstract: We have developed an easy method to construct diheteroaryls from α aroylidineketene dithioacetals in a multicomponent fashion. The reaction proceeded with high chemo/regioselectivity to yield 4-alkoxy-6-(4-aryl-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)pyrimidin-2-amines under milder conditions. It is found that α -aroylidineketene dithioacetals 2 undergo cycloaddition with (*p*-tolylsulfonyl)methyl isocyanide 3 [TosMIC], guanidine nitrate 5 and alcohol in the presence of NaH/THF to furnish the target 6-pyrrolylpyrimidines 8 in excellent yields.