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Correction: Magnetic lanthanum-doped hydroxyapatite/chitosan scaffolds with endogenous stem cell-recruiting and immunomodulatory properties for bone regeneration

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Correction for 'Magnetic lanthanum-doped hydroxyapatite/chitosan scaffolds with endogenous stem cell-recruiting and immunomodulatory properties for bone regeneration' by Qiyang Wang et al., *J. Mater. Chem. B*, 2020, 8, 5280–5292, <https://doi.org/10.1039/D0TB00342E>.

The authors regret errors in Fig. 1, 2 and 10. The data for Fig. 1a, b, 2j, k, l and 10a have been updated and the corrected figures are shown below. These changes do not affect any results presented in the originally published version, nor the corresponding text description and the conclusion of the paper. Shanghai Sixth People's Hospital has confirmed the integrity and reliability of the corrected data.

The Royal Society of Chemistry apologises for these errors and any consequent inconvenience to authors and readers.

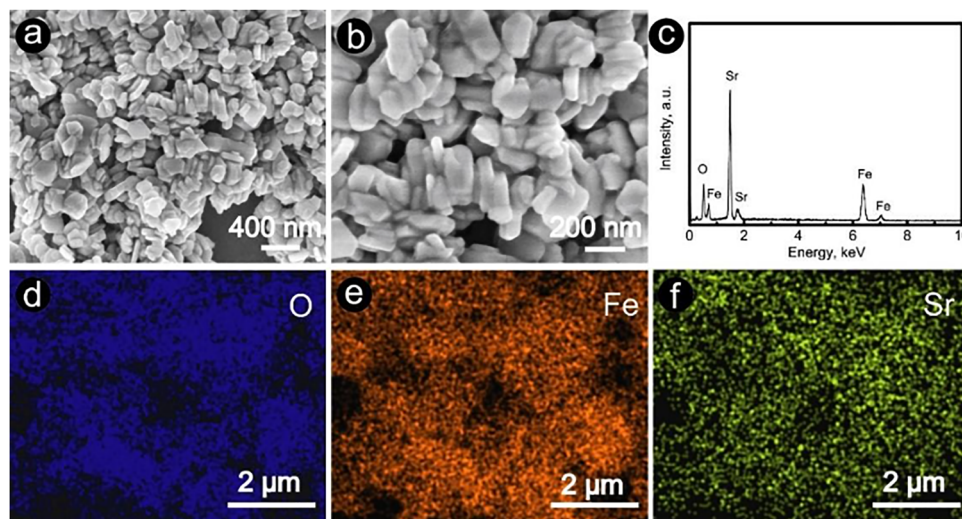


Fig. 1 (a) and (b) SEM images; (c) EDS spectrum and (d)–(f) XRD pattern of the SrFe₁₂O₁₉ nanoplates.

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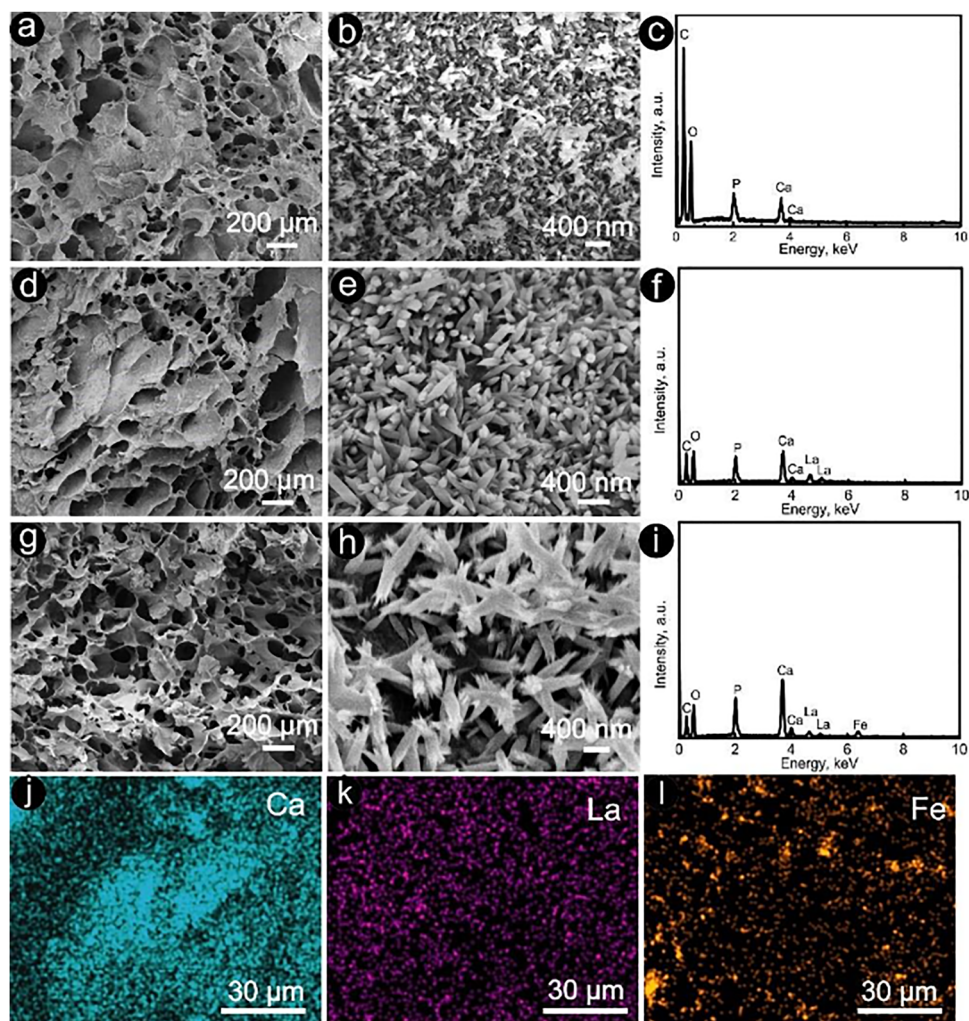


Fig. 2 (a) and (b) SEM images and (c) EDS spectrum of HA/CS scaffolds; (d) and (e) SEM images and (f) EDS spectrum of LaHA/CS scaffolds; (g) and (h) SEM images and (i) EDS spectrum of MLaHA/CS scaffolds; (j)–(l) Ca, La and Fe elemental distribution images of MLaHA/CS scaffolds.



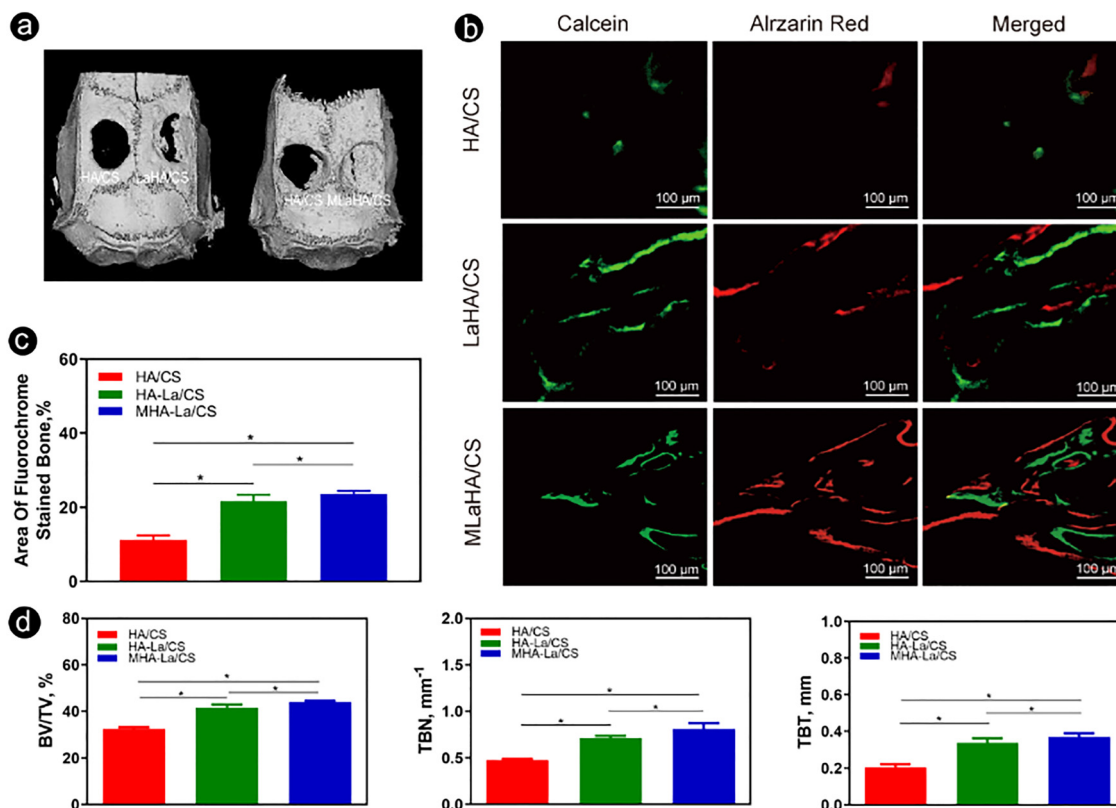


Fig. 10 (a) Micro-CT of calvarial bone defects at 9 weeks post-operation. (b) Newly formed bones were determined by fluorochrome-labeling analysis, including calcein (green) at week 4 and Alizarin Red (red) at week 8. (c) The percentages of fluorochrome areas for the HA/CS, LaHA/CS, and MLaHA/CS groups, $*P < 0.05$. (d) BV/TV, TBN, TBT values for the HA/CS, LaHA/CS, and MLaHA/CS scaffold groups, ($*P < 0.05$).

