



Cite this: *J. Mater. Chem. C*, 2025, 13, 17377

DOI: 10.1039/d5tc90138c

rsc.li/materials-c

## Correction: Circularly polarized luminescence with large dissymmetry factors based on perovskite and cholesteric liquid crystal polymer network films

Liting Xu, Huajun Lei, Zongqi Li, Wei Liu,\* Yi Li and Yonggang Yang\*

Correction for 'Circularly polarized luminescence with large dissymmetry factors based on perovskite and cholesteric liquid crystal polymer network films' by Liting Xu *et al.*, *J. Mater. Chem. C*, 2025, **13**, 7544–7549, <https://doi.org/10.1039/D4TC05268D>.

This notice aims to provide a supplementary clarification to help readers better understand the use of  $g_{lum}$  values. In the 4<sup>th</sup> paragraph of the Introduction, for the sentence “A large  $|g_{lum}|$  value up to 1.73 was achieved benefiting from the high reflectivity and effective chiral filtering effect of the CLCN film.” (page 7545, left column, 2<sup>nd</sup> paragraph in the PDF version of the published article), we would like to give the following explanation:

It is important to emphasize that such a high  $|g_{lum}|$  value originates not from the intrinsic properties of the emitter, but represents a “system-level” characteristic of the entire CsPbX<sub>3</sub>/CLCN composite film. The value needs a clear distinction from those  $g_{lum}$  values at the “molecule-level”. The latter are formally defined by the relative magnitudes and orientations of the electric and magnetic transition dipole moments of emissive molecules.<sup>8</sup>

The Royal Society of Chemistry apologises for this omission and any consequent inconvenience to authors and readers.

