

Showcasing research from Professor Wei Shu's laboratory, Department of Chemistry, Southern University of Science and Technology, Shenzhen, P. R. China.

Convergent and divergent synthesis of dihydroisoquinoline-1,4diones enabled by a photocatalytic skeleton-editing [4 + 2] strategy

Shu and Li reported a photocatalytic [4 + 2] skeleton-editing strategy enabled direct synthesis of dihydroisoquinoline-1,4-diones from vinyl azides and carboxylic NHPl esters. The key to success is the use of NHPls as bifunctional reagents and in the skeleton-edit enabled [4 + 2] cyclization cascade. Notably, vinyl azides serve as α -primary amino alkyl radicals followed by a radical initiated ring-enlargement event. Impressively, the reaction provides convergent access to identical dihydroisoquinolinediones from different NHPls and divergent access to different dihydroisoquinolinediones from an identical NHPl.

Image reproduced by permission of Wei Shu from *Chem. Sci.,* 2025, **16**, 11833.





