

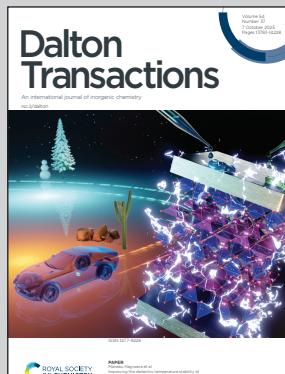
Showcasing research from Professor Sumanta Kumar Padhi's laboratory, Department of Chemistry and Chemical Biology, IIT(ISM) Dhanbad, Jharkhand, INDIA.

Electrochemical water oxidation using single-site Cu(II) molecular complexes: a mechanism elucidated by computational studies

Two penta-coordinated Cu(II) complexes were investigated as electrocatalysts for water oxidation in phosphate buffer (pH 12): $[\text{Cu}(\text{QCl-Tpy})\text{Cl}_2]$ (QCl-Tpy = 3-([2,2':6',2"-terpyridin]-4'-yl)-2-chloroquinoline) and $[\text{Cu}(8\text{HQ-Tpy})\text{Cl}_2]$ (8HQ-Tpy = 2-([2,2':6',2"-terpyridin]-4'-yl)quinolin-8-ol). Both follow a Water Nucleophilic Attack (WNA) pathway with first-order kinetics, where O-O bond formation is made possible by buffer-assisted proton transfer. TOF_{max} values of 10 000 s⁻¹ and 15 000 s⁻¹ were found using Foot of the Wave Analysis; Tafel plots verified the latter's higher activity. According to theoretical research, WNA is supported, and oxygen evolution is more advantageous in alkaline environments because of hydroxide nucleophilicity.

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