## Analytical Methods



## CORRECTION

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Correction: Development of a novel UHPLC-UV combined with UHPLC-QTOF/MS fingerprint method for the comprehensive evaluation of Nao-Luo-Xin-Tong: multi-wavelength setting based on traditional Chinese medicinal prescription composition

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Correction for 'Development of a novel UHPLC-UV combined with UHPLC-QTOF/MS fingerprint method for the comprehensive evaluation of Nao-Luo-Xin-Tong: multi-wavelength setting based on traditional Chinese medicinal prescription composition' by Lina Wang *et al.*, *Anal. Methods*, 2019, **11**, 6092–6102, https://doi.org/10.1039/C9AY01975H.

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The authors sincerely apologise and regret the inclusion of ref. 10b, which is to be replaced by Xu et al.1

The authors regret the omission of additional detail on the comparison of the reflux extraction and liquid ammonia treatment methods. The following text should be included after the sentence starting 'Pre-treatment approaches such as reflux extraction and liquid ammonia pretreatment<sup>10</sup> were compared...' in Section 2.1.5.

"For reflux extraction, the Nao-Luo-Xin-Tong samples were extracted with 75% ethanol for 60 minutes. For liquid ammonia treatment, Nao-Luo-Xin-Tong was treated at 110  $^{\circ}$ C for 30 minutes, with a loading of 1.0 g g<sup>-1</sup> deionized water and 2.0 g g<sup>-1</sup> ammonia. Through HPLC analysis, reflux extraction was found to be more suitable for extracting the main components of the Nao-Luo-Xin-Tong."

The Royal Society of Chemistry apologises for these errors and any consequent inconvenience to authors and readers.

## References

1 H. Xu, L. Zhan and L. Zhang, J. Sep. Sci., 2016, 39, 1009-1015.

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