

Showcasing research from Professor Jose V. Ros-Lis' laboratory, University of Valencia, Valencia, Spain.

A comparative life cycle assessment of the synthesis of mesoporous silica materials on a small and a large scale

Life Cycle Assessment methodology has been applied to the most common silica mesoporous materials from grams to kilograms scale. On a small-scale energy and solvents are the main impact sources. By contrast at large-scale the reagents are significant, with a $\rm CO_2$ emissions of 31 kg per kg of material. Calcination seems a more sustainable for the removal of the structure directing agent in comparison with extraction. The impact of nanoparticulated materials is higher than in micrometric materials.

Please credit artist Helena Castillo



