

CORRECTION

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rsc.li/materials-advances**Correction: Signal transmission encryption based on dye-doped chiral liquid crystals *via* tunable and efficient circularly polarized luminescence**Chengxi Li,^{ab} Xuefeng Yang,^{ab} Jianlei Han,^{ab} Wenjing Sun^a and Pengfei Duan^{ab}Correction for 'Signal transmission encryption based on dye-doped chiral liquid crystals *via* tunable and efficient circularly polarized luminescence' by Chengxi Li *et al.*, *Mater. Adv.*, 2021, **2**, 3851–3855, DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1039/D1MA00368B>.

The authors regret that the molecular structure of the commercial molecule *R/S*-811 in Fig. 1 was incorrect. This correction does not affect any of the conclusions of the article. The correct Fig. 1 is given below.

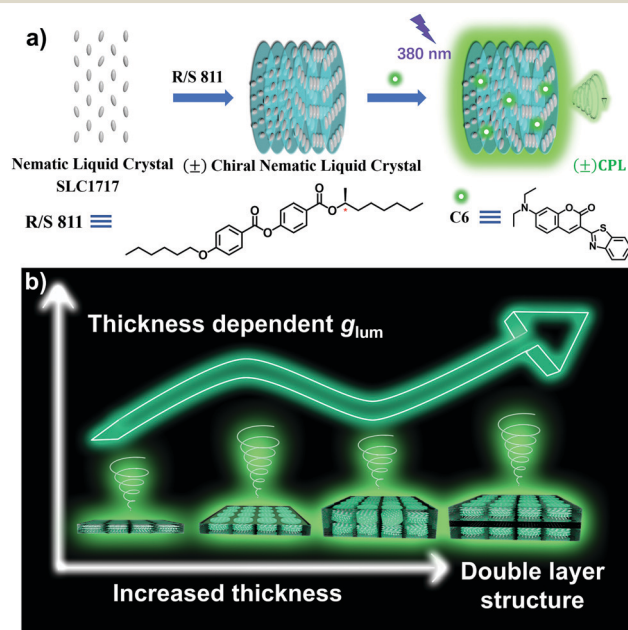


Fig. 1 A scheme of (a) the preparation method of N*LC with CPL activity and (b) the non-positive correlation between thickness and g_{lum} in N*LC, the double-layer structure showing the highest g_{lum} .

The Royal Society of Chemistry apologises for these errors and any consequent inconvenience to authors and readers.

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