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Correction: Tuning the selectivity of electrochemical levulinic acid reduction to 4-hydroxyvaleric acid: a monomer for biocompatible and biodegradable plastics

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Correction for 'Tuning the selectivity of electrochemical levulinic acid reduction to 4-hydroxyvaleric acid: a monomer for biocompatible and biodegradable plastics' by Francisco W. S. Lucas *et al.*, *Green Chem.*, 2021, **23**, 9154–9164, DOI: 10.1039/D1GC02826J.

An incorrect version of Fig. 2(b) was included in the original publication. This figure had the *x*-axis shifted erroneously by 100 wavenumbers. The following version of Fig. 2(b) shows the correct *x*-axis and replaces Fig. 2(b) within the original manuscript.

The peak at 1520 cm⁻¹ was also mis-referenced as 1620 cm⁻¹ in the original text, section 3.2. Potential effects, discussing the figure. The corrected sentence is as follows:

“This experiment shows the formation of (detectable) lead hydride starting around –1.60 V vs. RHE, evidenced by the appearance of a peak at about 1520 cm⁻¹ associated with a Pb–H stretch.”

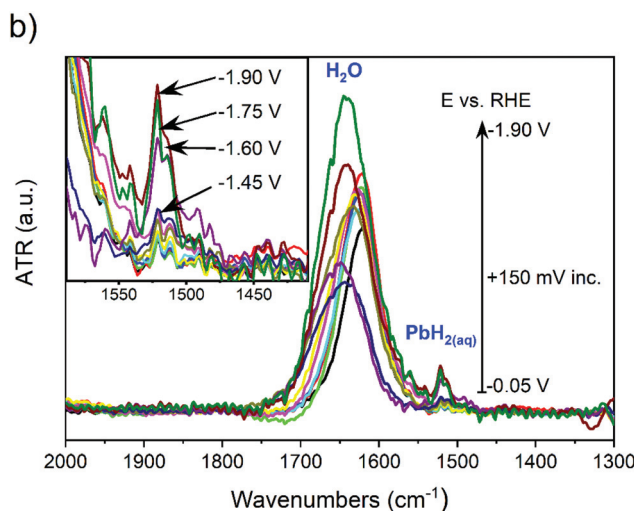


Fig. 2 (b) *In situ* ATR-FTIR spectra for Pb film polarized at different potentials from –0.05 V to –1.90 V vs. RHE, with steps of 150 mV, in 0.1 M KHCO₃ + 0.1 M KClO₄ at 20 °C.

The Royal Society of Chemistry apologises for these errors and any consequent inconvenience to authors and readers.

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