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Formation of trisubstituted buta-1,3-dienes and α,β -unsaturated ketones via the reaction of functionalized vinyl phosphates and vinyl phosphordiamides with organometallic reagents[†]

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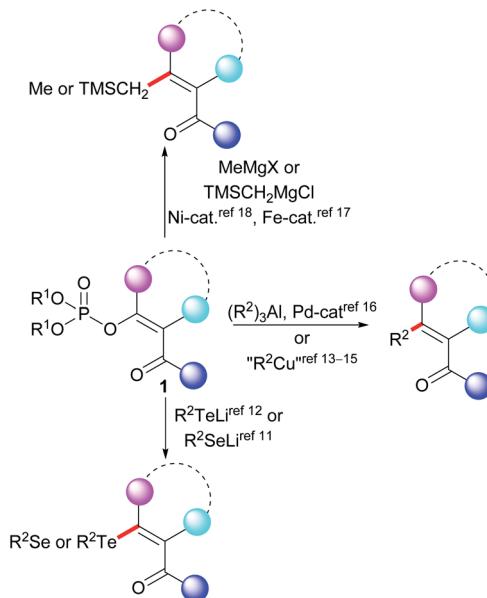
We studied the reactions of vinyl phosphates and vinyl phosphordiamides containing an ester functional group with organometallic reagents. We found that the functionalized vinyl phosphates were smoothly converted into tri- and tetrasubstituted buta-1,3-dienes via the reaction with aryllithium reagents. Moreover, the vinyl phosphordiamides were converted into α,β -unsaturated ketones using Grignard reagents. Based on the performed experiments, we proposed a reaction mechanism, which was confirmed by means of the isolation of key intermediates.

Introduction

A Kumada–Tamao–Corriu (KTC) reaction is a representative example of the traditional cross-coupling reaction of an electrophilic template with an organometallic reagent, as represented by Grignard reagents. This reaction is frequently used for the formation of a C–C bond.¹ Among the various electrophilic templates that are suitable for use in a KTC reaction, substrates containing an activated C–O bond are considered particularly attractive. The reason behind the popularity of such substrates is their availability, which is associated with their preparation. Recent examples of the cross-coupling reactions of ethers,² tosylates,³ and triflates⁴ with Grignard reagents all illustrate the KTC reaction potential of compounds with an activated C–O bond. Using this approach, a wide variety of substances can be prepared, including substituted alkenes.

The stereoselective synthesis of di-, tri-⁵ and tetrasubstituted⁶ double bonds has been the subject of significant research attention in recent decades. Vinyl phosphates also play a key role in the synthesis of substituted alkenes. Unsurprisingly, a number of KTC reactions have been described in which the reaction of the vinyl phosphates has been catalyzed by iron,⁷ nickel,⁸ or palladium⁹ catalysts in order to prepare the substituted double bond.

Despite considerable progress having been made in relation to the preparation and application of functionalized Grignard reagents,¹⁰ the preparation of alkenes with functional groups that react with Grignard reagents using the KTC reaction remains difficult (Scheme 1). The vinyl phosphates **1** with a carbonyl group attached to the vinyl unit have been used in the stoichiometric synthesis of organoselenium¹¹ and organotellurium compounds.¹² A methodology for the stoichiometric



Scheme 1 General scheme representing the replacement of the phosphate group of the functionalized vinyl phosphates **1**.

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cross-coupling reaction of the functionalized vinyl phosphates with dialkylcuprates has also been described.¹³ This methodology has been successfully used in the field of organic synthesis¹⁴ as well as in the total synthesis of naturally occurring compounds.¹⁵ The catalytic reactions of the functionalized vinyl phosphates represented by the general structure **1** include reactions with organoaluminum compounds,¹⁶ iron-catalyzed reactions with methylmagnesium halides,¹⁷ and nickel-catalyzed cross-coupling reactions with trimethylsilylmetallmagnesium chloride.¹⁸ These prior results contrast with a recent report of the KTC reaction of functionalized vinyl tosylates being performed in dry acetonitrile at 45 °C.^{3b} The absence of a general methodology for the KTC reaction of the functionalized vinyl phosphates **1** with Grignard reagents may indicate that this type of vinyl phosphate exhibits low stability in the presence of Grignard reagents. Our review of the literature indicated that a systematic study of the reactivity of the functionalized vinyl phosphates **1** with organometallic reagents has not previously been reported. Thus, based on our earlier studies of the cross-coupling reactions of vinyl phosphates,¹⁹ we decided to investigate the stability of the functionalized vinyl phosphates **2a–c** in the presence of Grignard reagents.

Results and discussion

We began our study by synthesizing the vinyl phosphate **2a** by means of the enolization of ethyl acetoacetate, followed by the reaction of the formed enolate with diethyl chlorophosphate. The prepared phosphate **2a** was mixed with phenylmagnesium chloride, and then the reaction mixture was stirred for 2 hours at 23 °C. After the reaction mixture was quenched with aqueous ammonium chloride, the formation of a complex mixture of products was observed based on analysis of the ¹H nuclear magnetic resonance (¹H NMR) spectrum of the mixture. However, we isolated the trisubstituted diene **3a** as a pure compound in an isolated yield of 27%. This finding was particularly interesting, as the synthesis of trisubstituted dienes is generally limited. The palladium-catalyzed coupling of tosylhydrazones with aryl halides,²⁰ the selective arylation of vinylarenes,²¹ and diethyl-phosphite-promoted carbonyl olefination²² are recently reported methods for the synthesis of substituted buta-1,3-dienes. We observed that the isolated yield of the diene **3a** strongly depended on the reaction workup, with comparatively higher yields of the alkene **3a** being achieved with hydrochloric acid, sulfuric acid, and phosphoric acid (Table 1, entries 3–5). The isolated yield of the alkene **3a** did not affect the increased equivalents of phenylmagnesium chloride or the use of the diphenylphosphate **2b** (Table 1, entries 6 and 7). The best isolated yield of the diene **3a** was obtained when phenyllithium was used in combination with the phenyl ester **2c** (Table 1, entry 9).

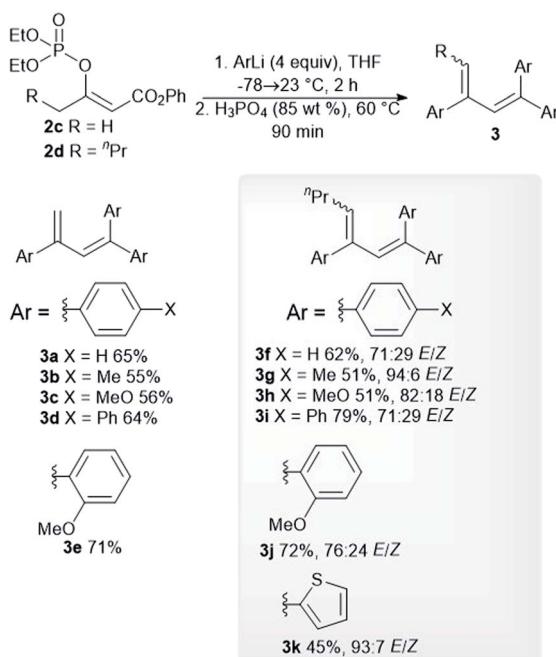
Optimized reaction conditions were used to evaluate the scope of the reaction (Scheme 2). The diethyl phosphate **2c** reacted with the aryllithium reagents, thereby affording the corresponding dienes **3a–3d** in a single step and in good isolated yields. 2-Methoxyphenyllithium, as an example of an *ortho*-substituted phenyl, gave the product **3e** in a high isolated

Table 1 Optimization of the reaction of the vinyl phosphates **2a–c** with phenylmagnesium chloride and phenyllithium

2a $R^1 = Et, R^2 = Et$	2b $R^1 = Ph, R^2 = Et$	2c $R^1 = Et, R^2 = Ph$	1. PhM (4 equiv) -78 to 23 °C, 2 h, THF	2. workup
				3a
Entry	2	M	Workup	3a ^b (%)
1	2a	MgCl	NH ₄ Cl	27
2	2a	MgCl	AcOH/MeOH	28
3	2a	MgCl	HCl	42
4	2a	MgCl	H ₂ SO ₄	40
5	2a	MgCl	H ₃ PO ₄	42
6	2a	MgCl	H ₃ PO ₄	45 ^a
7	2b	MgCl	H ₃ PO ₄	40
8	2a	Li	H ₃ PO ₄	51
9	2c	Li	H ₃ PO ₄	65

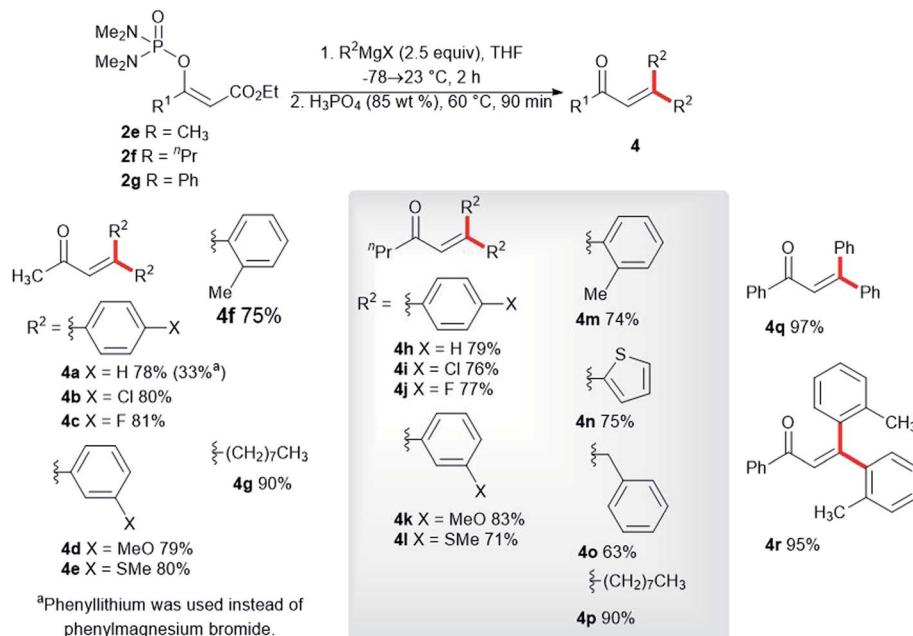
^a Six equivalents of phenylmagnesium chloride were used. ^b Isolated yield.

yield. A similar reactivity pattern was observed with regard to the diethyl phosphate with an extended alkyl chain **2d**. In this case, the dienes **3f–3i** were obtained in similar isolated yields to the dienes **3a–3c**. The phosphate **2d** was also reacted with 2-methoxyphenyllithium and 2-thienyllithium, as an example of a heteroaryl reagent, in order to give the dienes **3j** and **3k**. The



Scheme 2 Reaction of the phosphates **2c** and **2d** with aryllithium reagents.



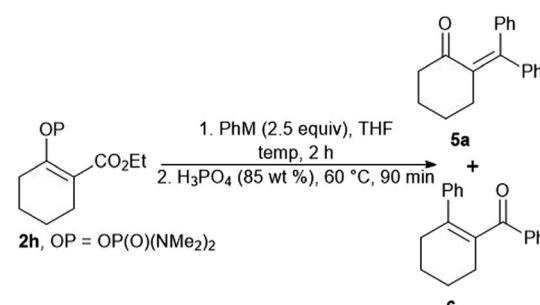
Scheme 3 Synthesis of trisubstituted α,β -unsaturated ketones via the reaction of the phosphordiamidates 2e–2g with Grignard reagents.

dienes 3f–3k were obtained as an inseparable mixture of the (E)- and (Z)-stereoisomers and the double-bond geometry was determined by means of nuclear Overhauser effect (NOE) experiments. The use of an alkylolithium reagent, for example, *n*-butyllithium, failed to give the expected product. Instead, a complex reaction mixture was formed, as observed *via* the ¹H NMR spectroscopy of the crude reaction mixture. It is worth noting that all the dienes 3a–3e were stored in a freezer, as significant decomposition was observed when they were stored at room temperature. However, the tetrasubstituted dienes 3f–3k showed excellent long-term storage stability.

We synthesized the vinyl phosphordiamidates 2e–2g so as to test their behavior during the developed one-pot synthesis of the substituted buta-1,3-dienes 3. Surprisingly, the vinyl phosphate 2e reacted smoothly with phenylmagnesium chloride to give the α,β -unsaturated ketone 4a in a high isolated yield (Scheme 3). α,β -Unsaturated ketones are known for their medicinal applications,²³ and they are also valuable building blocks in relation to organic synthesis.²⁴ Therefore, significant research efforts have been dedicated to identifying a novel approach to conjugated enones.²⁵ Nickel-catalyzed 1,2-acyl migration,²⁶ nucleophilic addition to enones,²⁷ the cross-coupling reaction between acid fluorides and vinyl triflates,²⁸ and carbonyl group olefinations²⁹ are examples of such reactions. The conversion of the vinyl phosphordiamidate 2e into the ketone 4a observed in our study represents a hitherto undescribed reaction of phosphordiamidate en route to becoming α,β -unsaturated ketones. Further investigation in this regard showed that a significantly lower isolated yield of the ketone 4a was obtained with phenyllithium. Uniformly high yields of the corresponding ketones were obtained with the other *para*-, *meta*-, and *ortho*-substituted phenylmagnesium

halides 4b–4f. Almost the same isolated yields of the ketones 4h–4m were obtained for the vinyl phosphordiamidate 2f. Additionally, the 2-thienylmagnesium bromide 4n, benzylmagnesium chloride 4o, and octylmagnesium chloride 4p reacted well with the phosphordiamidate 2f under the tested reaction conditions. The examination of the reactivity of the variously substituted vinyl phosphordiamidates was also extended to a phosphordiamidate with a phenyl substituent rather than an alkyl group, and the alkenes 4q and 4r were obtained in quantitative isolated yields.

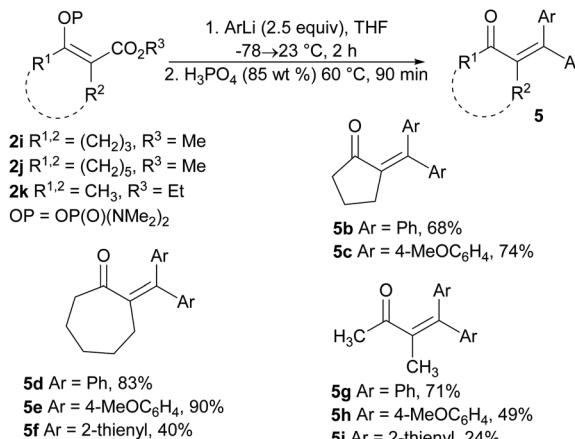
Table 2 Reaction of the cyclic vinyl phosphordiamidate 2h with phenyllithium and phenylmagnesium chloride



Entry	M	Temp. [°C]	5a ^a [%]	6 ^a [%]
1	MgCl	-78 to 23	36	33
2	MgCl	-40	24	8
3	MgCl ^b	0 to 23	25	45
4	Li	-78 to 23	67	0

^a Isolated yield. ^b 10 mol% of CuI was used as a catalyst.



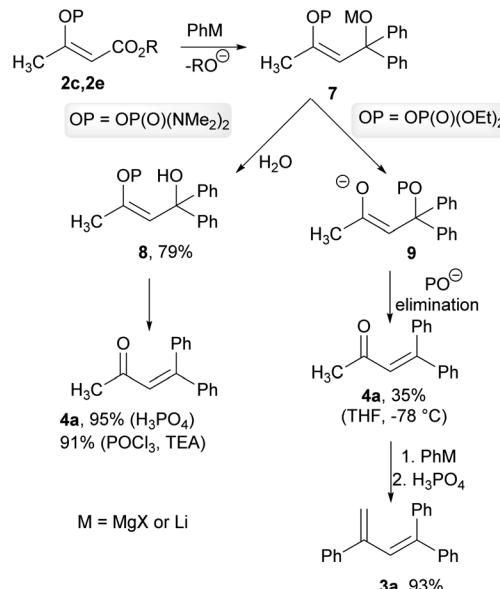


Scheme 4 Synthesis of tetrasubstituted α,β -unsaturated ketones via the reaction of the phosphates **2i**–**2k** with organolithium reagents.

Our attempts to prepare enones with a tetrasubstituted double bond by means of the reaction of the vinyl phosphordiamidate **2h** with phenylmagnesium chloride proved to be less effective, with the formation of the ketones **5a** and **6** being observed (Table 2, entry 1). Therefore, we tried to optimize the studied reaction in order to obtain only the ketone **5a**. However, the use of phenylmagnesium chloride always gave a mixture of the ketones **5a** and **6**, regardless of the reaction conditions (Table 2, entries 2 and 3). The desired outcome was ultimately achieved through the reaction between phenyllithium and the phosphordiamidate **2h**, and the ketone **5a** was obtained in an isolated yield of 67% (Table 2, entry 4).

The extension of the studied reaction to the cyclic vinyl phosphordiamidates **2i** and **2j** was successful in terms of the preparation of substituted cyclopentanones and cycloheptanones. In both cases, the expected ketones **5b**, **5c**, **5d**, and **5e** were obtained in very good isolated yields. Similar results were obtained for the acyclic phosphordiamidate **2k**. Only the use of 2-thienyllithium proved less effective, and the reaction products **5f** and **5i** were obtained in low isolated yields (Scheme 4).

As a result of the performed experiments, we were able to propose a mechanism for the observed transformations. We assumed that during the first step, an organometallic reagent addition to the ester functional group occurred and formed a common intermediate **7**. The intermediate **7** with a phosphate group subsequently underwent *trans*-phosphorylation, with the resultant elimination forming an unsaturated ketone **4a**, which was obtained in a low isolated yield of 35% when the crude reaction mixture was quenched at $-78\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$. The resulting ketone **4a** reacted with an organolithium reagent to form the corresponding tertiary alcohol, which was then dehydrated by phosphoric acid to give the diene **3a**. This hypothesis was confirmed by the reaction of the ketone **4a** with phenyllithium, with the subsequent dehydration giving the diene **3a** in a 93% isolated yield. We also verified that ethyl acetoacetate did not provide the ketone **4a** or the diene **3a** under the studied conditions. In the case of the intermediate **7** with phosphordiamidate moiety, the *trans*-phosphorylation reaction is



Scheme 5 Proposed mechanism for the reaction of the vinyl phosphate **2c** and the vinyl phosphordiamidate **2e** with organometallic reagents.

sluggish and the intermediate **7** was converted into the tertiary alcohol **8**. The formation of this intermediate was confirmed by means of the hydrolysis of the crude reaction mixture with water, and the corresponding alcohol **8** was obtained in a 79% isolated yield. The formation of the ketone **4a** was completed by the alcohol **8** dehydration. This was again confirmed by the dehydration of the independently prepared alcohol **8** into the product **4a** in a quantitative isolated yield. Alternatively, the dehydration of the alcohol **8** could be performed using phosphoryl chloride in the presence of triethylamine in a similar isolated yield (Scheme 5).

Conclusion

In conclusion, we studied the reactivity of both vinyl phosphates and vinyl phosphordiamidates. We found that vinyl phosphates can be converted into tri- and tetrasubstituted buta-1,3-dienes *via* the reaction with aryllithium reagents in dry THF at $-78\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ to $23\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$. The tetrasubstituted dienes were isolated as a mixture of the (*E*)- and (*Z*)-stereoisomers. In the case of the vinyl phosphordiamidates, the reaction with Grignard reagents under the same reaction conditions resulted in the formation of unsaturated ketones, which were isolated in yields ranging from 24% to 97%. Based on the experimental results, we were able to propose a mechanism explaining the origins of both products.

Experimental section

Materials and methods

All reactions were performed under argon atmosphere. NMR spectra were measured on Varian MercuryPlus 300 (^1H , 300.13 MHz; ^{13}C , 75.46 MHz), Agilent 400 MR DD2 (^1H , 400.13 MHz; ^{13}C , 100.61 MHz) or Bruker Avance III 500 (^{31}P , 202.45 MHz)



spectrometer at 298 K. Chemical shifts of ^{31}P NMR spectra are referenced to the signal of 85% H_3PO_4 that was assigned the chemical shift of 0. Mass spectra were measured on ZAB-SEQ (VG Analytical). The dry and degassed THF was prepared by PureSolv MD7. Silica gel (Merck, Silica Gel 60, 40–63 μm or Merck Silica Gel 60, 63–200 μm) was used for column chromatography. A phosphate **2a** was prepared according to a published procedure.³⁰ *n*-BuLi (2.5 M solution in hexane), and other compounds were purchased from Sigma-Aldrich, Fluorochem and Acros Organics. Concentration of BuLi was determined by titration using menthol and 1,10-phenanthroline before use.

General procedure for the synthesis of starting phosphates

2a–2d (GP1). 1,3-Dicarbonyl compound was added to a suspension of sodium hydride (1.25 equiv.) in dry THF (5 mL/1 mmol) cooled to 0 °C. The resultant mixture was stirred for 30 min at 23 °C followed by addition of dialkyl chlorophosphate (1.25 equiv.). Then the reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h at 23 °C. The crude reaction mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous solution of ammonium chloride (1 mL/1 mmol), the organic layer was separated and the water layer was extracted with ether (3 \times 3 mL/1 mmol). Combined organic layers were dried over MgSO_4 , the solvents were removed under reduced pressure and column chromatography (Silica gel) gave the product.

Ethyl (Z)-3-[(diphenoxypyrophoryl)oxy]but-2-enoate (2b). Prepared according to the GP1 from ethyl acetoacetate (0.260 g, 2.0 mmol), NaH (0.060 g, 2.50 mmol) and diphenyl chlorophosphate (0.67 g, 2.5 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 3 : 1, R_f = 0.45) gave 0.67 g (93%) of the title compound as a yellowish oil. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.39–7.16 (m, 10H), 5.43 (s, 1H), 4.11 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.18–2.14 (m, 3H), 1.25 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 163.2 (d, J = 1.7 Hz), 156.6 (d, J = 7.2 Hz), 150.4 (d, J = 7.6 Hz), 129.7, 125.5 (d, J = 1.2 Hz), 120.1 (d, J = 4.9 Hz), 106.7 (d, J = 8.6 Hz), 60.0, 21.5 (d, J = 1.2 Hz), 14.0; HRMS (ESI) m/z : calcd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_6\text{P}$ [M + H]⁺ 363.0992; found 363.0992.

Phenyl (Z)-3-[(diethoxyphosphoryl)oxy]but-2-enoate (2c). Prepared according to the GP1 from phenyl acetoacetate (1.780 g, 10.0 mmol), NaH (0.480 g, 12.0 mmol) and diethyl chlorophosphate (2.070 g, 12.0 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 2 : 1, R_f = 0.21) gave 2.61 g (83%) of the title compound as a yellowish oil. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.41–7.38 (m, 2H), 7.26–7.23 (m, 1H), 7.14–7.12 (m, 2H), 5.57 (s, 1H), 4.31–4.25 (m, 4H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 1.38–1.35 (m, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 161.7 (d, J = 1.7 Hz), 160.2 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 150.4, 129.2, 125.5, 121.6, 104.3 (d, J = 8.5 Hz), 64.9 (d, J = 6.5 Hz), 21.7 (d, J = 1.2 Hz), 15.9 (d, J = 7.1 Hz); ^{31}P NMR (202 MHz CDCl_3) δ –8.38 (s); HRMS (ESI) m/z : calcd for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{19}\text{O}_6\text{P}$ [M + Na]⁺ 337.0812; found 337.0815.

Phenyl (Z)-3-[(diethoxyphosphoryl)oxy]hept-2-enoate (2d). Prepared according to the GP1 from phenyl 3-oxoheptanoate (3.524 g, 16.0 mmol), NaH (0.768 g, 19.20 mmol) and diethyl chlorophosphate (2.899 g, 16.80 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 3 : 1, R_f = 0.26) gave 4.048 g (71%) of the title compound as a yellowish oil. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 7.38–7.35 (m, 2H), 7.23–7.19 (m, 1H), 7.12–7.09 (m, 2H), 5.57 (s, 1H), 4.29–4.17 (m, 4H), 2.54–2.50 (m, 2H), 1.64–1.58 (m, 2H),

1.44–1.38 (m, 2H), 1.32 (td, J = 7.1, 1.2 Hz, 6H), 0.95 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 164.1 (d, J = 6.9 Hz), 162.0 (d, J = 1.9 Hz), 150.4, 129.3, 125.6, 121.7, 104.1 (d, J = 7.8 Hz), 64.9 (d, J = 6.4 Hz), 35.0 (d, J = 1.0 Hz), 28.4, 22.0, 16.0 (d, J = 7.3 Hz), 13.7; HRMS (APCI) m/z : calcd for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{25}\text{O}_6\text{P}$ [M + H]⁺ 357.1462; found 357.1463.

General procedure for the synthesis of phosphordiamides 2e–2k (GP2).

1,3-Dicarbonyl compound was added to a suspension of sodium hydride (1.25 equiv.) in dry THF (5 mL/1 mmol) cooled to 0 °C. The resultant mixture was stirred for 30 min at 23 °C followed by addition of bis(*N,N*-dimethylamino)phosphoryl chloride (1.0 equiv.). Then the reaction mixture was stirred for 75 h at 23 °C. The crude reaction mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous solution of ammonium chloride (1 mL/1 mmol), the organic layer was separated and the water layer was extracted with AcOEt (2 \times 3 mL/1 mmol). Combined organic layers were washed with brine (3 mL/1 mmol) dried over MgSO_4 , the solvents were removed under reduced pressure and column chromatography (Silica gel) gave the product.

Ethyl (Z)-3-[(bis(*N,N*-dimethylamino)phosphoryl)oxy]but-2-enoate (2e). Prepared according to the GP2 from ethyl acetoacetate (13.01 g, 100.0 mmol), NaH (4.42 g, 110.0 mmol) and bis(*N,N*-dimethylamino)phosphoryl chloride (18.83 g, 110.0 mmol). Column chromatography (AcOEt, R_f = 0.33) gave 12.74 g (54%) of the title compound as a yellowish oil. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 5.16 (s, 1H), 4.07 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.69 (d, J = 10.2 Hz, 12H), 2.11 (s, 3H), 1.20 (dd, J = 7.8, 6.5 Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 164.0, 159.7 (d, J = 5.8 Hz), 103.6 (d, J = 7.5 Hz), 59.4, 36.4, 22.1 (d, J = 2.1 Hz), 14.3; ^{31}P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 15.02 (s); HRMS (ESI) m/z : calcd for $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4\text{P}$ [M + Na]⁺ 287.1131; found 287.1135.

Ethyl (Z)-3-[(bis(*N,N*-dimethylamino)phosphoryl)oxy]hex-2-enoate (2f). Prepared according to the GP2 from ethyl 3-oxohexanoate (4.746 g, 30.0 mmol), NaH (1.441 g, 36.0 mmol) and bis(*N,N*-dimethylamino)phosphoryl chloride (5.373 g, 31.50 mmol). Column chromatography (AcOEt, R_f = 0.32) gave 4.648 g (53%) of the title compound as a yellowish oil. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 5.24–5.22 (m, 1H), 4.12–4.07 (m, 2H), 2.72 (d, J = 10.2 Hz, 12H), 2.44–2.38 (m, 2H), 1.61–1.54 (m, 2H), 1.26–1.21 (m, 3H), 0.97–0.92 (m, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 164.1, 163.5 (d, J = 6.2 Hz), 103.1 (d, J = 7.2 Hz), 59.5, 37.3, 36.6 (d, J = 4.3 Hz), 20.0, 14.3, 13.5 (d, J = 1.4 Hz); HRMS (APCI) m/z : calcd for $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{25}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4\text{P}$ [M + H]⁺ 293.1625; found 293.1628.

Ethyl (Z)-3-[(bis(*N,N*-dimethylamino)phosphoryl)oxy]-3-phenylacrylate (2g). Prepared according to the GP2 from ethyl benzoylacetate (3.840 g, 20.0 mmol), NaH (0.960 g, 24.0 mmol) and bis(*N,N*-dimethylamino)phosphoryl chloride (4.120 g, 24.0 mmol). Column chromatography (AcOEt, R_f = 0.38) gave 3.86 g (55%) of the title compound as a yellowish oil. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.64–7.52 (m, 2H), 7.43–7.42 (m, 3H), 5.81 (s, 1H), 4.21 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.61 (d, J = 10.1 Hz, 12H), 1.34 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 164.3 (d, J = 2.1 Hz), 158.6 (d, J = 6.7 Hz), 136.0 (d, J = 1.8 Hz), 130.2, 128.3, 127.4, 107.1 (d, J = 6.3 Hz), 60.1, 36.6 (d, J = 4.6 Hz), 14.3; ^{31}P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 15.23 (s). HRMS (ESI) m/z : calcd for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{23}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4\text{P}$ [M + Na]⁺ 349.1288; found 349.1294.



*Ethyl 2-[(bis(*N,N*-dimethylamino)phosphoryl)oxy]cyclohex-1-ene-1-carboxylate (2h).* Prepared according to the GP2 from ethyl 2-oxocyclohexane-1-carboxylate (3.404 g, 20 mmol), NaH (0.960 g, 24 mmol) and bis(*N,N*-dimethylamino)phosphoryl chloride (3.582 g; 21.0 mmol). Column chromatography (AcOEt, R_f = 0.21) gave 4.578 g (75%) of the title compound as a yellowish oil. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 4.16 (qd, J = 7.2, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 2.68 (d, J = 10.1, 12H), 2.48–2.44 (m, 2H), 2.34–2.31 (m, 2H), 1.71–1.56 (m, 4H), 1.28–1.24 (m, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 153.6 (d, J = 6.6 Hz), 113.9 (d, J = 7.4 Hz), 111.6 (d, J = 4.7 Hz), 60.0, 36.5 (d, J = 4.3 Hz), 29.3 (d, J = 1.7 Hz), 25.6, 22.3, 21.6, 14.2; ^{31}P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 14.88; HRMS (APCI) m/z : calcd for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{25}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4\text{P}$ [$\text{M} + \text{H}$]⁺ 305.1625; found 305.1628.

*Methyl 2-[(bis(*N,N*-dimethylamino)phosphoryl)oxy]cyclopent-1-ene-1-carboxylate (2i).* Prepared according to the GP2 from ethyl 2-oxocyclopentane-1-carboxylate (1.424 g, 10.0 mmol), NaH (0.480 g, 12.0 mmol) and bis(*N,N*-dimethylamino)phosphoryl chloride (1.791 g; 10.50 mmol). Column chromatography (AcOEt, R_f = 0.28) gave 2.127 g (77%) of the title compound as a yellowish oil. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 3.69 (s, 3H), 2.72–2.70 (m, 14H), 2.57–2.57 (m, 2H), 1.93–1.85 (m, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 164.6, 159.6 (d, J = 5.3 Hz), 112.2 (d, J = 7.6 Hz), 50.9, 36.4 (d, J = 4.4 Hz), 33.5 (d, J = 1.9 Hz), 28.7, 19.3; ^{31}P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 15.63; HRMS (APCI) m/z : calcd for $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{21}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4\text{P}$ [$\text{M} + \text{H}$]⁺ = 277.1312; found 277.1315.

*Methyl 2-[(bis(*N,N*-dimethylamino)phosphoryl)oxy]cyclohept-1-ene-1-carboxylate (2j).* Prepared according to the GP2 from ethyl 2-oxocycloheptane-1-carboxylate (2.558 g, 15.0 mmol), NaH (0.721 g, 18.0 mmol) and bis(*N,N*-dimethylamino)phosphoryl chloride (2.729 g, 16.0 mmol). Column chromatography (AcOEt, R_f = 0.25) gave 3.142 g (69%) of the title compound as a colorless liquid. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 3.55 (s, 3H), 2.58–2.43 (m, 14H), 2.26–2.26 (m, 2H), 1.59–1.37 (m, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 167.6 (d, J = 1.7 Hz), 158.2 (d, J = 7.3 Hz), 118.7 (d, J = 7.4 Hz), 51.1, 36.1 (d, J = 4.2 Hz), 33.6 (d, J = 1.6 Hz), 31.2, 27.4, 25.8 (d, J = 1.4 Hz), 23.9 (d, J = 0.6 Hz); ^{31}P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 14.67; HRMS (APCI) m/z : calcd for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{25}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4\text{P}$ [$\text{M} + \text{H}$]⁺ 305.1625; found 305.1626.

*Ethyl (Z)-3-[(bis(*N,N*-dimethylamino)phosphoryl)oxy]-2-methylbut-2-enoate (2k).* Prepared according to the GP2 from ethyl 2-methylacetooacetate (2.88 g, 20 mmol), NaH (0.960 g, 24.0 mmol) and bis(*N,N*-dimethylamino)phosphoryl chloride (4.120 g, 24.0 mmol). Column chromatography (AcOEt, R_f = 0.33) gave 2.60 g (50%) of the title compound as a yellowish oil. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 4.17 (q, J = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.67 (d, J = 10.1 Hz, 12H), 2.11 (s, 3H), 1.83 (s, 3H), 1.27 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 167.3, 150.0 (d, J = 6.9 Hz), 112.5 (d, J = 7.8 Hz), 60.2, 36.5 (d, J = 3.8 Hz), 18.2 (d, J = 1.6 Hz), 14.7, 14.2; ^{31}P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 15.08 (s); HRMS (ESI) m/z : calcd for $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{23}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4\text{P}$ [$\text{M} + \text{Na}$]⁺ 301.1288; found 301.1289.

General procedure for the synthesis of substituted buta-1,3-dienes 3 (GP3). *n*-Butyllithium (4.0 equiv.) was added to a solution of aryl halide (4.1 equiv.) in dry THF (3 mL/1 mmol) cooled to -78°C and the resultant mixture was stirred for 30 min at -78°C followed by addition of enol phosphates **2a–2d** (1

equiv.). Then the crude reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h at 23°C . The reaction mixture was quenched by phosphoric acid (1 mL/1 mmol, 85 wt%) and the reaction mixture was stirred for 1 h at 60°C . Then the reaction mixture was cooled to 23°C , extracted with ether (2×4 mL mmol⁻¹). The combined organic phases were washed with water (1×4 mL mmol⁻¹), aqueous solution of saturated sodium bicarbonate (1×4 mL mmol⁻¹) and brine (1×4 mL mmol⁻¹). The organic layer was dried over MgSO_4 , the solvents were removed under reduced pressure and the product was obtained by column chromatography (Silica gel).

1,1,3-Triphenylbuta-1,3-diene (3a). Prepared according to the GP3 from bromobenzene (0.320 g, 2.05 mmol), *n*BuLi (0.83 mL, 2.0 mmol, 2.4 M) and enol phosphate **2c** (0.160 g, 0.5 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/toluene 99 : 1, R_f = 0.47) gave 0.092 g (65%) of the title compound as a colorless oil. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.40–7.15 (m, 15H), 6.74 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.39 (d, J = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 5.03 (t, J = 1.4 Hz, 1H), in accordance with literature.²²

1,1,3-Tris(4-methylphenyl)buta-1,3-diene (3b). Prepared according to the GP3 from 4-bromotoluene (0.350 g, 2.05 mmol), *n*BuLi (0.83 mL, 2.0 mmol, 2.4 M) and enol phosphate **2c** (0.160 g, 0.5 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane, R_f = 0.34) gave 0.089 g (55%) of the title compound as a colorless oil. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.37–7.37 (m, 2H), 7.26–7.24 (m, 2H), 7.15–7.08 (m, 6H), 7.05–7.03 (m, 2H), 6.67–6.66 (m, 1H), 5.38–5.37 (m, 1H), 4.97–4.96 (m, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 2.33 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 145.0, 144.4, 140.6, 138.1, 137.4, 137.3, 137.2, 136.6, 130.0, 128.9, 128.8, 128.7, 127.9, 127.5, 126.5, 115.9, 21.3, 21.2, 21.1; HRMS (APCI) m/z : calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{24}$ [$\text{M} + \text{H}$]⁺ 325.1951 found 325.1945.

1,1,3-Tris(4-methoxyphenyl)buta-1,3-diene (3c). Prepared according to the GP3 from 4-bromoanisole (0.38 g, 2.05 mmol), *n*BuLi (0.83 mL, 2.0 mmol, 2.4 M) and enol phosphate **2c** (0.160 g, 0.5 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 20 : 1, R_f = 0.23) gave 0.104 g (56%) of the title compound as a yellowish oil. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.36–7.33 (m, 2H), 7.29–7.26 (m, 2H), 7.09–7.06 (m, 2H), 6.87–6.84 (m, 2H), 6.80–6.72 (m, 4H), 6.59–6.57 (m, 1H), 5.31–5.31 (m, 1H), 4.95–4.93 (m, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.77 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 159.2, 159.1, 158.6, 144.9, 143.6, 136.1, 133.5, 132.7, 131.3, 129.2, 127.8, 126.6, 115.1, 113.5, 113.4, 113.3, 55.3, 55.3, 55.2. HRMS (APCI) m/z : calcd for $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{24}\text{O}_3$ [$\text{M} + \text{H}$]⁺ 373.1798; found 373.1793.

1,1,3-Tris[(1,1'-biphenyl)-4-yl]buta-1,3-diene (3d). Prepared according to the GP3 from 4-bromobiphenyl (0.48 g, 2.05 mmol), *n*BuLi (0.83 mL, 2.0 mmol, 2.4 M) and enol phosphate **2c** (0.160 g, 0.5 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 20 : 1, R_f = 0.57) gave 0.092 g (64%) of the title compound as a white solid, mp = 64.0–66.0 °C. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.65–7.25 (m, 17H), 6.89 (s, 1H), 5.51 (s, 1H), 5.20 (s, 1H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 145.1, 143.9, 142.0, 140.82, 140.80, 140.7, 140.5, 140.3, 139.9, 139.6, 138.9, 130.7, 128.8, 128.71, 128.69, 128.53, 128.48, 127.4, 127.29, 127.22, 127.20, 127.1, 127.04, 127.02, 126.95, 126.8, 126.6, 118.0; HRMS (APCI) m/z : calcd for $\text{C}_{40}\text{H}_{30}$ [$\text{M} + \text{H}$]⁺ 511.2420; found 511.2397.



1,1,3-Tris(2-methoxyphenyl)buta-1,3-diene (3e). Prepared according to the GP3 from 2-bromoanisole (0.380 g, 2.05 mmol), ⁷BuLi (0.83 mL, 2.0 mmol, 2.4 M) and enol phosphate **2c** (0.160 g, 0.5 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 20 : 1, *R*_f = 0.22) gave 0.132 g (71%) of the title compound as a yellowish oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.30–7.19 (m, 2H), 7.12–7.10 (m, 1H), 7.03–6.87 (m, 4H), 6.84–6.81 (m, 2H), 6.76–6.72 (m, 1H), 6.70–6.66 (m, 1H), 6.51–6.45 (m, 2H), 5.36–5.35 (m, 1H), 5.21–5.20 (m, 1H), 3.71 (s, 3H), 3.61 (s, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.3, 156.3, 156.0, 144.8, 136.0, 133.8, 132.2, 130.8, 130.4, 130.4, 130.1, 129.8, 128.1, 128.0, 127.7, 120.4, 120.3, 119.5, 119.1, 111.8, 109.5, 109.4, 55.8, 55.0, 54.9; HRMS (APCI) *m/z*: calcd for C₂₈H₃₀O₃ [M + H]⁺ 415.2268; found 415.2264.

(E/Z)-1,1,3-Triphenylhepta-1,3-diene (3f). Prepared according to the GP3 from bromobenzene (0.320 g, 2.05 mmol), ⁷BuLi (0.83 mL, 2.0 mmol, 2.4 M) and enol phosphate **2d** (0.178 g, 0.5 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane, *R*_f = 0.35) gave 0.101 g (62%, *E/Z* = 79 : 21) of the title compound as a yellowish oil. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.37–7.10 (m, 15H, *E* and *Z*), 6.69–6.68 (m, 1H, *E* and *Z*), 5.77–5.73 (m, 1H, *E*^{major}), 5.64–5.61 (m, 1H, *Z*^{minor}), 1.99–1.95 (m, 2H, *E* and *Z*), 1.24–1.15 (m, 2H, *E* and *Z*), 0.84 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 3H, *E*^{major}), 0.72 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 3H, *Z*^{minor}); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 145.1, 143.6^{minor}, 143.3^{major}, 141.8^{major}, 141.6^{minor}, 140.4^{minor}, 140.3^{major}, 139.7^{minor}, 138.2^{minor}, 137.3^{major}, 135.6^{major}, 131.6^{major}, 131.3^{minor}, 130.4, 129.9, 129.2, 128.2, 128.1, 128.0, 127.9, 127.7, 127.6, 127.5, 127.1, 127.0, 126.7, 126.50, 126.47, 126.4, 126.3, 31.9^{major}, 31.2^{minor}, 22.7^{minor}, 22.2^{major}, 14.0^{major}, 13.7^{minor}; HRMS (APCI) *m/z*: calcd for C₂₅H₂₄ [M + H]⁺ 325.1951; found 325.1953.

1,1,3-Tris(4-methylphenyl)hepta-1,3-diene (3g). Prepared according to the GP3 from 4-bromotoluene (0.212 g, 1.23 mmol), ⁷BuLi (0.49 mL, 2.40 M, 1.18 mmol), and enol phosphate **2d** (0.107 g, 0.30 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane, *R*_f = 0.28) gave the title compound 0.056 g (51%, *E/Z* = 83 : 17) as a yellowish oil. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.31–7.24 (m, 3H), 7.14–6.95 (m, 9H), 6.56–6.55 (m, 1H, *Z*^{minor}), 6.53–6.52 (s, 1H, *E*^{major}), 5.68 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H, *E*^{major}), 5.53 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H, *Z*^{minor}), 2.37 (s, 3H, *E*^{major}), 2.32 (s, 3H, *Z*^{minor}), 2.30 (s, 3H, *E*^{major}), 2.29 (s, 3H, *Z*^{minor}), 2.27 (s, 3H, *E*^{major}), 1.96–1.84 (m, 2H, *E* and *Z*), 1.19–1.09 (m, 2H, *E* and *Z*), 0.80 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 3H, *E*^{major}), 0.69 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 3H, *Z*^{minor}); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃, only major peaks are reported) δ 144.7, 140.7, 138.9, 137.5, 137.2, 136.9, 136.5, 136.1, 130.4, 130.2, 129.7, 129.6, 129.0, 128.9, 128.8, 128.7, 128.7, 128.3, 128.1, 127.5, 126.4, 125.4, 31.9, 22.2, 21.2, 21.1, 21.0, 14.0; HRMS (APCI) *m/z*: calcd for C₂₈H₃₀ [M + H]⁺ 367.2420; found 367.2419.

1,1,3-Tris(4-methoxyphenyl)hepta-1,3-diene (3h). Prepared according to the GP3 from 4-bromoanisole (0.230 g, 1.23 mmol) and ⁷BuLi (0.49 mL, 2.40 M, 1.17 mmol) and enol phosphate **2d** (0.107 g, 0.30 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 20 : 1, *R*_f = 0.35) gave 0.063 g (51%, *E/Z* = 82 : 18) of the title compound as a yellowish oil. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.31–7.26 (m, 4H), 7.04–6.65 (m, 8H), 6.54–6.53 (m, 1H, *Z*^{minor}), 6.48–6.47 (m, 1H, *E*^{major}), 5.63 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H, *E*^{major}), 5.58 (t, *J* =

6.0 Hz, 1H, *Z*^{minor}), 3.83 (s, 3H, *E*^{major}), 3.79 (s, 3H, *Z*^{minor}), 3.77 (s, 3H, *E*^{major}), 3.76 (s, 3H, *Z*^{minor}), 3.75 (s, 3H, *E*^{major}), 1.98–1.89 (m, 2H, *E* and *Z*), 1.26–1.15 (m, 2H, *E* and *Z*), 0.83 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 3H, *E*^{major}), 0.74 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 3H, *Z*^{minor}); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.1, 158.5, 158.4, 143.9, 136.8, 136.2, 134.6, 133.0, 131.0, 129.3, 129.2, 127.6, 124.4, 113.4, 113.3, 113.1, 113.0, 55.3, 55.2, 55.1, 31.8^{major}, 31.3^{minor}, 22.9^{minor}, 22.3^{major}, 14.0^{major}, 13.8^{minor}; HRMS (APCI) *m/z*: calcd for C₂₈H₃₀O₃ [M + H]⁺ 415.2268; found 415.2264.

1,1,3-Tris[(1,1'-biphenyl)-4-yl]hepta-1,3-diene (3i). Prepared according to the GP3 from 4-bromobiphenyl (0.287 g, 1.23 mmol), ⁷BuLi (0.49 mL, 2.40 M, 1.17 mmol) and enol phosphate **2d** (0.107 g, 0.30 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane → hexane/EtOAc 30 : 1, *R*_f = 0.1) gave 0.119 g (72%, *E/Z* = 86 : 14) of the title compound as a yellowish solid, mp = 49.0–50.0 °C. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.65–7.06 (m, 27H, *E* and *Z*), 6.85 (s, 1H, *Z*^{minor}), 6.82 (s, 1H, *E*^{major}), 5.86–5.78 (m, 1H, *E* and *Z*), 2.10–2.01 (m, 2H, *E* and *Z*), 1.30–1.23 (m, 2H, *E* and *Z*), 0.88 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H, *E*^{major}), 0.76 (s, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H, *Z*^{minor}); ¹³C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 144.3, 142.4, 142.0, 141.0, 140.9, 140.8, 140.8, 140.7, 140.4, 139.8, 139.3, 139.3, 139.2, 139.0, 138.5, 138.4, 137.0, 136.6, 132.0, 131.6, 130.8, 130.4, 129.8, 128.8, 128.7, 128.6, 128.6, 128.0, 127.3, 127.2, 127.1, 127.0, 126.9, 126.9, 126.8, 126.7, 126.4, 126.2, 32.0^{major}, 31.4^{minor}, 22.8^{minor}, 22.3^{major}, 14.1^{major}, 13.8^{minor}; HRMS (APCI) *m/z*: calcd for C₄₃H₃₆ [M + H]⁺ 553.2890; found 553.2894.

1,1,3-Tris(2-methoxyphenyl)hepta-1,3-diene (3j). Prepared according to the GP3 from 2-bromoanisole (0.230 g, 1.23 mmol), ⁷BuLi (0.49 mL, 2.40 M, 1.17 mmol) and enol phosphate **2d** (0.107 g, 0.30 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/EtOAc 50 : 1, *R*_f = 0.14) gave 0.090 g (72%, *E/Z* = 71 : 29) of the title compound as a yellowish oil. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.27–7.12 (m, 3H, *E* and *Z*), 6.96–6.36 (m, 10H, *E* and *Z*), 5.80 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H, *Z*^{minor}), 5.49 (t, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.71 (s, 3H, *E*^{major}), 3.68 (s, 3H, *Z*^{minor}), 3.62 (s, 3H, *Z*^{minor}), 3.60 (s, 3H, *E*^{major}), 3.59 (s, 3H, *Z*^{minor}), 3.44 (s, 3H, *E*^{major}), 2.24 (q, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H, *E*^{major}), 1.78 (q, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H, *Z*^{minor}), 1.46–1.40 (m, 2H, *E*^{major}), 1.25–1.22 (m, 2H, *Z*^{minor}), 0.95 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H, *E*^{major}), 0.95 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H, *Z*^{minor}); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.4, 156.3, 156.1, 136.4, 136.1, 134.8, 134.0, 133.9, 132.3, 130.9, 130.8, 130.3, 129.7, 127.7, 127.4, 127.0, 120.3, 119.5, 119.0, 112.1, 109.6, 109.4, 55.9, 55.1, 54.7, 31.3^{minor}, 31.1^{major}, 22.7^{major}, 22.6^{minor}, 14.0^{major}, 13.9^{minor}; HRMS (APCI) *m/z*: calcd for C₂₈H₃₀O₃ [M + H]⁺ 415.2268; found 415.2277.

1,1,3-Tris(2-thienyl)hepta-1,3-diene (3k). Prepared according to the GP3 from thiophene (0.108 g, 1.28 mmol), ⁷BuLi (0.51 mL, 2.40 M, 1.22 mmol), dry THF (3 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred for 30 min at 0 °C followed by addition of enol phosphate **2d** (0.110 g, 0.31 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane, *R*_f = 0.14) gave 0.048 g (45%, *E/Z* = 93 : 7) of the title compound as a greenish oil. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.28–7.26 (m, 1H), 7.23–7.21 (m, 1H), 7.13–7.12 (m, 1H), 7.09–7.02 (m, 3H), 6.97–6.87 (m, 3H), 6.69 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H, *E*^{major}), 5.92 (td, *J* = 7.4, 1.3 Hz, 1H, *E*^{major}), 5.92 (td, *J* = 7.4, 1.3 Hz, 1H, *Z*^{minor}), 2.24–2.18 (m, 2H, *Z*^{minor}), 2.07–2.01 (m, 2H, *E*^{major}), 1.33–1.23 (m, 2H), 0.87 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H, *E*^{major}), 0.79 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H, *Z*^{minor}); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 146.9^{minor}, 145.9, 145.3,



141.2^{minor}, 140.2^{minor}, 140.1, 136.2, 131.3, 130.6, 128.5, 127.3, 127.1, 126.5, 126.4, 126.2, 125.1, 125.1, 123.7, 123.3, 31.7^{major}, 31.6^{minor}, 22.6^{minor}, 22.2^{major}, 14.0^{major}, 13.8^{minor}; HRMS (APCI) *m/z*: calcd for C₁₉H₁₈S₃ [M + H]⁺ 343.0643; found 343.0649.

General procedure for conversion of phosphordiamides

2e–2k to α , β -ketones 4,5 (GP4). Organolithium or Grignard reagent (2.5 equiv.) was added to a solution of phosphordiamide 2e–2k in dry THF (10 mL/1 mmol) cooled to –78 °C. The resultant mixture was warmed to 23 °C and stirred for 2 h at 23 °C. Then the reaction mixture was quenched by phosphoric acid (1 mL/1 mmol, 85 wt%) and the mixture was stirred for 1 h at 60 °C. Then the reaction mixture was cooled to 23 °C and the mixture was extracted with ether (2 \times 4 mL mmol^{–1}). The combined organic phases were washed with water (1 \times 4 mL mmol^{–1}), aqueous solution of saturated sodium bicarbonate (1 \times 4 mL mmol^{–1}) and brine (1 \times 4 mL mmol^{–1}). The organic layer was dried over MgSO₄, the solvents were removed under reduced pressure and column chromatography (Silica gel) gave the product.

4,4-Diphenylbut-3-en-2-one (4a). Prepared according to the GP4 from phosphordiamide 2e (0.130 g, 0.5 mmol) and phenylmagnesium chloride (0.70 mL, 1.3 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 9 : 1, *R*_f = 0.42) gave 0.087 g (78%) of the title compound as a yellowish oil. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.43–7.39 (m, 3H), 7.36–7.28 (m, 5H), 7.25–7.20 (m, 2H), 6.58 (s, 1H), 1.88 (s, 3H), in accordance with literature.³¹

4,4-Bis(4-chlorophenyl)but-3-en-2-one (4b). Prepared according to the GP4 from phosphordiamide 2e (0.130 g, 0.5 mmol) and 4-chlorophenylmagnesium chloride (1.30 mL, 1.3 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 9 : 1, *R*_f = 0.24) gave 0.116 g (80%) of the title compound as a yellowish oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.40–7.38 (m, 2H), 7.32–7.30 (m, 2H), 7.21–7.19 (m, 2H), 7.15–7.12 (m, 2H), 6.56 (s, 1H), 1.99 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 199.3, 151.5, 139.1, 137.0, 136.0, 135.2, 131.1, 129.8, 129.0, 128.9, 127.7, 31.0; HRMS (APCI) *m/z*: calcd for C₁₆H₁₂Cl₂O₁ [M + H]⁺ 291.0338; found 291.0329.

4,4-Bis(4-fluorophenyl)but-3-en-2-one (4c). Prepared according to the GP4 from phosphordiamide 2e (0.130 g, 0.5 mmol) and 4-fluorophenylmagnesium chloride (1.30 mL, 1.3 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 9 : 1, *R*_f = 0.33) gave 0.105 g (81%) of the title compound as a yellowish oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.28–7.24 (m, 2H), 7.20–7.17 (m, 2H), 7.13–7.09 (m, 2H), 7.05–7.01 (m, 2H), 6.53 (s, 1H), 1.96 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 199.5, 163.6 (d, *J* = 251.5 Hz), 163.1 (d, *J* = 250.5 Hz), 151.8, 136.8 (d, *J* = 3.1 Hz), 134.6 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz), 131.5 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz), 130.4 (d, *J* = 9.1 Hz), 127.2 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz), 115.7 (d, *J* = 5.1 Hz), 115.5 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz), 30.6; HRMS (APCI) *m/z*: calcd for C₁₆H₁₂F₂O₁ [M + H]⁺ 259.0929; found 259.0929.

4,4-Bis(3-methoxyphenyl)but-3-en-2-one (4d). Prepared according to the GP4 from phosphordiamide 2e (0.130 g, 0.5 mmol) and 3-methoxyphenylmagnesium bromide (1.30 mL, 1.3 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 6 : 1, *R*_f = 0.32) gave 0.112 g (79%) of the title compound as a yellowish oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.34–7.30 (m, 1H), 7.26–7.22 (m, 1H), 6.97–6.80 (m, 5H), 6.75–6.74 (m, 1H), 6.56 (s, 1H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 1.89 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.4, 159.6, 159.5, 153.5, 142.0, 140.2, 129.5, 129.4, 128.0, 122.1, 121.0,

115.0, 114.9, 114.4, 114.0, 55.3, 30.2; HRMS (APCI) *m/z*: calcd for C₁₈H₁₈O₃ [M + H]⁺ 283.1329; found 283.1324.

4,4-Bis(3-(methylthio)phenyl)but-3-en-2-one (4e). Prepared according to the GP4 from phosphordiamide 2e (0.130 g, 0.5 mmol) and (3-(methylthio)phenyl)magnesium bromide (2.60 mL, 1.3 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 6 : 1, *R*_f = 0.34) gave 0.126 g (80%) of the title compound as a yellowish oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.35–7.24 (m, 3H), 7.19–7.18 (m, 1H), 7.07–7.06 (m, 1H), 7.03–6.96 (m, 3H), 6.55 (s, 1H), 2.47 (s, 3H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 1.92 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.1, 152.9, 141.1, 139.2, 139.2, 139.1, 128.9, 128.8, 128.2, 127.4, 127.1, 126.7, 126.2, 126.1, 125.3, 30.4, 15.7, 15.6; HRMS (APCI) *m/z*: calcd for C₁₈H₁₈OS₂ [M + H]⁺ 315.0872; found 315.0879.

4,4-Di-*o*-tolylbut-3-en-2-one (4f). Prepared according to the GP4 from phosphordiamide 2e (0.130 g, 0.5 mmol) and *o*-tolylmagnesium chloride (1.30 mL, 1.3 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 6 : 1, *R*_f = 0.49) gave 0.094 g (75%) of the title compound as a yellowish solid, mp = 62.0–65.0 °C. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.28–7.03 (m, 8H), 6.31 (s, 1H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 2.10 (s, 3H), 1.85 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 200.2, 153.8, 140.3, 139.4, 135.7, 135.6, 132.3, 131.3, 130.6, 130.1, 129.9, 128.7, 128.4, 125.8, 125.8, 29.9, 21.0, 19.9; HRMS (APCI) *m/z*: calcd for C₁₈H₁₈O [M + H]⁺ 251.1430; found 251.1432.

4-Octyldodec-3-en-2-one (4g). Prepared according to the GP4 from phosphordiamide 2e (0.13 g, 0.5 mmol) and octylmagnesium chloride (0.6 mL, 1.3 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 6 : 1, *R*_f = 0.41) gave 0.124 g (84%) of the title compound as a yellowish oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.01 (s, 1H), 2.55–2.51 (m, 2H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 2.12–2.08 (m, 2H), 1.46–1.25 (m, 24H), 0.90–0.85 (m, 6H); ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 198.4, 163.8, 122.9, 38.7, 32.4, 31.92, 31.88, 31.85, 30.0, 29.44, 29.42, 29.3, 29.2, 28.6, 27.8, 22.67, 22.66, 14.12, 14.11; HRMS (APCI) *m/z*: calcd for C₂₀H₃₈O [M + H]⁺ 295.2995; found 295.2984.

1,1-Diphenylhex-1-en-3-one (4h). Prepared according to the GP4 from phosphordiamide 2f (0.149 g; 0.51 mmol) and phenylmagnesium chloride (0.65 mL, 1.28 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 20 : 1, *R*_f = 0.23) gave 0.101 g (79%) of the title compound as a yellowish oil. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.41–7.29 (m, 8H), 7.21–7.18 (m, 2H), 6.58 (s, 1H), 2.22 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.59–1.46 (m, 2H), 0.79 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), in accordance with literature.³²

1,1-Bis(4-chlorophenyl)hex-1-en-3-one (4i). Prepared according to the GP4 from phosphordiamide 2f (0.146 g; 0.50 mmol) and 4-chlorophenylmagnesium chloride (1.30 mL, 1.25 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 20 : 1, *R*_f = 0.31) gave 0.121 g (76%) of the title compound as a yellowish oil. ¹H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.37–7.35 (m, 2H), 7.32–7.29 (m, 2H), 7.21–7.19 (m, 2H), 7.12–7.10 (m, 2H), 6.57 (s, 1H), 2.33 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.61–1.51 (m, 2H), 0.85 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.2, 150.8, 139.1, 136.9, 135.6, 134.7, 130.8, 129.6, 128.7, 128.6, 126.4, 45.6, 17.6, 13.7; HRMS (APCI) *m/z*: calcd for C₁₈H₁₆Cl₂O [M + H]⁺ 319.0651; found 319.0650.

1,1-Bis(4-fluorophenyl)hex-1-en-3-one (4j). Prepared according to the GP4 from phosphordiamide 2f (0.146 g; 0.50 mmol) and



4-fluorophenylmagnesium bromide (1.30 mL, 1.25 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 20 : 1, R_f = 0.24) gave 0.110 g (77%) of the title compound as a yellowish oil. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.27–7.24 (m, 2H), 7.18–7.14 (m, 2H), 7.10–7.00 (m, 4H), 6.53 (s, 1H), 2.30 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.60–1.51 (m, 2H), 0.84 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 201.5, 163.5 (d, J = 250.4 Hz), 162.9 (d, J = 248.6 Hz) 151.2, 137.1 (d, J = 3.5 Hz), 134.6 (d, J = 3.5 Hz), 131.3 (d, J = 8.3 Hz), 130.2 (d, J = 8.4 Hz), 126.1, 115.5 (d, J = 10.9 Hz), 115.3 (d, J = 10.8 Hz), 45.5, 17.6, 13.7; HRMS (APCI) m/z : calcd for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{16}\text{F}_2\text{O}$ [M + H]⁺ 287.1242; found 287.1243.

1,1-Bis(3-methoxyphenyl)hex-1-en-3-one (4k). Prepared according to the GP4 from phosphordiamide **2f** (0.146 g; 0.50 mmol) and 3-methoxyphenylmagnesium bromide (1.30 mL, 1.25 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 20 : 1, R_f = 0.18) gave 0.129 g (83%) of the title compound as a yellowish oil. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.32–7.22 (m, 2H), 6.95–6.71 (m, 6H), 6.55 (s, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 2.21 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.56–1.47 (m, 2H), 0.79 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 202.6, 159.4, 159.4, 152.4, 142.2, 140.2, 129.3, 127.0, 121.9, 120.9, 114.9, 114.5, 114.1, 114.0, 55.3, 55.2, 44.9, 17.8, 13.7; HRMS (APCI) m/z : calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}_3$ [M + H]⁺ 311.1642; found 311.1645.

1,1-Bis(3-(methylthio)phenyl)hex-1-en-3-one (4l). Prepared according to the GP4 from phosphordiamide **2f** (0.146 g; 0.50 mmol) and (3-(methylthio)phenyl)magnesium bromide (1.40 mL, 1.25 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 30 : 1, R_f = 0.11) gave 0.122 g (71%) of the title compound as a yellowish oil. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.30–7.18 (m, 5H), 7.05–6.94 (m, 3H), 6.54 (s, 1H), 2.46 (s, 3H), 2.46 (s, 3H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 2.24 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.57–1.48 (m, 2H), 0.81 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 202.2, 151.9, 141.4, 139.3, 138.9, 138.8, 128.8, 128.6, 127.2, 127.16, 127.13, 126.5, 126.2, 126.1, 125.2, 45.1, 17.7, 15.7, 15.7, 13.7; HRMS (APCI) m/z : calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{22}\text{OS}_2$ [M + H]⁺ 343.1185; found 343.1188.

1,1-Di-*o*-tolylhex-1-en-3-one (4m). Prepared according to the GP4 from phosphordiamide **2f** (0.146 g; 0.50 mmol) and *o*-tolylmagnesium chloride (1.30 mL, 1.25 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 30 : 1, R_f = 0.28) gave 0.103 g (74%) of the title compound as a yellowish oil. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.26–7.06 (m, 8H), 6.33 (s, 1H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 2.19 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 2.10 (s, 3H), 1.54–1.49 (m, 2H), 0.79 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 202.3, 152.7, 140.7, 139.5, 135.7, 135.6, 131.2, 131.1, 130.4, 129.8, 129.8, 128.3, 128.2, 125.7, 125.6, 44.8, 20.9, 19.9, 17.7, 13.7; HRMS (APCI) m/z : calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}$ [M + H]⁺ 279.1743; found 279.1746.

1,1-Di(thiophen-2-yl)hex-1-en-3-one (4n). Prepared according to the GP4 from phosphordiamide **2f** (0.146 g; 0.50 mmol) and 2-thienylmagnesium bromide (1.30 mL, 1.26 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 20 : 1, R_f = 0.38) gave 0.098 g (75%) of the title compound as a brownish oil. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.48–7.46 (m, 1H), 7.38–7.36 (m, 1H), 7.15–7.12 (m, 1H), 7.10–7.08 (m, 2H), 7.03–7.00 (m, 1H), 6.61 (d, J = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 2.28 (td, J = 7.3, 1.8 Hz, 2H), 1.62–1.49 (m, 2H), 0.83 (td, J = 7.4, 1.8 Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 201.2, 145.0, 138.6, 138.2, 129.9, 129.6, 128.1, 127.9, 127.7, 126.9,

125.5, 44.9, 17.9, 13.7; HRMS (APCI) m/z : calcd for $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{14}\text{OS}_2$ [M + H]⁺ 263.0559; found 263.0551.

2-Benzyl-1-phenylhept-2-en-4-one (4o). Prepared according to the GP4 from phosphordiamide **2f** (0.146 g; 0.50 mmol) and benzylmagnesium chloride (1.30 mL, 1.26 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 50 : 1, R_f = 0.28) gave 0.088 g (63%) of the title compound as a yellowish oil. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.33–7.22 (m, 8H), 7.12–7.09 (m, 2H), 6.09 (s, 1H), 3.94 (s, 2H), 3.33 (s, 2H), 2.46 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.68–1.62 (m, 2H), 0.94 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 201.3, 157.6, 138.9, 137.8, 129.3, 129.1, 128.5, 128.4, 126.6, 126.2, 125.6 46.5, 43.5, 36.8, 17.5, 13.8; HRMS (APCI) m/z : calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{22}\text{O}$ [M + H]⁺ 279.1743; found 279.1738.

6-Octyltetradec-5-en-4-one (4p). Prepared according to the GP4 from phosphordiamide **2f** (0.148 g; 0.51 mmol) and octylmagnesium chloride (0.63 mL, 1.26 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 30 : 1, R_f = 0.44) gave 0.147 g (90%) of the title compound as a colorless oil. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 5.99 (s, 1H), 2.55–2.51 (m, 2H), 2.39 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 2.12–2.08 (m, 2H), 1.64–1.58 (m, 2H), 1.44–1.25 (m, 24H), 0.94–0.86 (m, 9H); ^{13}C NMR (75 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 200.9, 163.3, 122.6, 46.4, 38.7, 32.5, 31.9, 31.8, 30.0, 29.5, 29.4, 29.4, 29.3, 29.2, 28.7, 27.8, 22.7, 22.6, 17.7, 14.1, 13.8; HRMS (APCI) m/z : calcd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{42}\text{O}$ [M + H]⁺ 323.3308; found 323.3310.

1,3,3-Triphenylprop-2-en-1-one (4q). Prepared according to the GP4 from phosphordiamide **2g** (0.160 g; 0.50 mmol) and phenylmagnesium chloride (0.70 mL, 1.30 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 9 : 1, R_f = 0.32) gave 0.129 g (97%) of the title compound as a yellow oil. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.92–7.90 (m, 2H), 7.48–7.46 (m, 1H), 7.41–7.36 (m, 7H), 7.28–7.26 (m, 3H), 7.19–7.12 (m, 2H), 7.12 (s, 1H), in accordance with literature.³³

1-Phenyl-3,3-di-*o*-tolylprop-2-en-1-one (4r). Prepared according to the GP4 from phosphordiamide **2g** (0.160 g; 0.50 mmol) and 2-tolylmagnesium chloride (1.30 mL, 1.30 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 9 : 1, R_f = 0.35) gave 0.144 g (95%) of the title compound as a yellow oil. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.90–7.88 (m, 2H), 7.50–7.46 (m, 1H), 7.40–7.36 (m, 2H), 7.25–7.06 (m, 8H), 6.98 (s, 1H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 2.09 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 192.0, 154.9, 141.1, 139.6, 138.3, 135.8, 135.7, 132.6, 131.2, 130.3, 129.9, 129.6, 128.5, 128.4, 128.3, 128.0, 128.0, 125.9, 125.5, 21.0, 20.1; HRMS (APCI) m/z : calcd for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{30}\text{O}$ [M + H]⁺ 313.1587; found 313.1591.

2-Diphenylmethylene)cyclohexan-1-one (5a). Prepared according to the GP4 from bromobenzene (0.196 g, 1.25 mmol), $^7\text{BuLi}$ (0.50 mL, 1.20 mmol), phosphordiamide **2h** (0.152 g, 0.50 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 20 : 1, R_f = 0.17) gave 0.088 g, (67%) of the title compound as a white solid, mp = 130.0–131.0 °C. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.34–7.22 (m, 6H), 7.14–7.11 (m, 2H), 7.06–7.04 (m, 2H), 2.65–2.59 (m, 4H), 2.01–1.96 (m, 2H), 1.83–1.78 (m, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 206.9, 144.2, 142.2, 140.8, 138.9, 129.9, 129.0, 128.0, 127.7, 127.3, 45.0, 34.1, 26.6, 26.3; HRMS (APCI) m/z : calcd for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{18}\text{O}$ [M + H]⁺ 263.1430; found 263.1434.

2-Diphenylmethylene)cyclopentan-1-one (5b). Prepared according to the GP4 from bromobenzene (0.198 g, 1.26 mmol), $^7\text{BuLi}$ (0.50 mL, 1.20 mmol), phosphordiamide **2i** (0.138 g,



0.50 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 20 : 1, R_f = 0.08) gave 0.085 g (68%) of the title compound as a yellow oil. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.34–7.31 (m, 6H), 7.21–7.17 (m, 2H), 7.14–7.10 (m, 2H), 2.82 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.38 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 1.98–1.88 (m, 2H), in accordance with literature.³⁴

2-(Bis(4-methoxyphenyl)methylene)cyclopantan-1-one (5c). Prepared according to the GP4 from 4-bromoanisole (0.237 g, 1.26 mmol), $^7\text{BuLi}$ (0.50 mL, 1.20 mmol), phosphordiamide **2i** (0.140 g, 0.51 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 9 : 1, R_f = 0.15) gave 0.115 g (74%) of the title compound as a yellow oil. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.14–7.12 (m, 2H), 7.06–7.04 (m, 2H), 6.86–6.83 (m, 4H), 3.82 (s, 6H), 2.81 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.37 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 1.91 (p, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 206.6, 159.7, 159.4, 148.2, 134.6, 132.6, 132.5, 131.6, 131.3, 113.2, 113.1, 55.3, 55.1, 40.0, 33.5, 20.7; HRMS (APCI) m/z : calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_3$ [M + H]⁺ 309.1485; found 309.1489.

2-(Diphenylmethylene)cycloheptan-1-one (5d). Prepared according to the GP4 from bromobenzene (0.200 g, 1.28 mmol), $^7\text{BuLi}$ (0.51 mL, 1.22 mmol), phosphordiamide **2j** (0.160 g, 0.52 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 20 : 1, R_f = 0.15) gave 0.120 g (83%) of the title compound as a white solid, mp = 79.5–81.5 °C. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.37–7.19 (m, 8H), 7.11–7.08 (m, 2H), 2.50–2.47 (m, 2H), 2.39–2.36 (m, 2H), 1.92–1.88 (m, 2H), 1.72–1.61 (m, 4H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 211.2, 142.5, 141.8, 141.5, 140.9, 128.9, 128.6, 128.3, 128.1, 127.22, 127.20, 43.4, 30.3, 29.3, 29.2, 24.2; HRMS (APCI) m/z : calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}$ [M + H]⁺ 277.1587; found 277.1586.

2-(Bis(4-methoxyphenyl)methylene)cycloheptan-1-one (5e). Prepared according to the GP4 from 4-bromoanisole (0.240 g, 1.28 mmol), $^7\text{BuLi}$ (0.51 mL, 1.22 mmol), phosphordiamide **2j** (0.152 g, 0.50 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 9 : 1, R_f = 0.24) gave 0.152 g (90%) of the title compound as a yellow oil. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.12–7.10 (m, 2H), 7.00–6.98 (m, 2H), 6.88–6.86 (m, 2H), 6.77–6.74 (m, 2H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 2.50–2.41 (m, 2H), 2.40–2.38 (m, 2H), 1.90–1.86 (m, 2H), 1.71–1.60 (m, 4H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 211.7, 158.7, 158.7, 141.4, 141.4, 134.4, 133.6, 130.4, 13.99, 113.0, 113.4, 55.19, 55.1, 43.4, 30.5, 29.4, 29.3, 24.3; HRMS (APCI) m/z : calcd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{24}\text{O}_3$ [M + H]⁺ 337.1798; found 337.1802.

2-(Di(thiophen-2-yl)methylene)cycloheptan-1-one (5f). Prepared according to the GP4 from thiophene (0.104 g, 1.23 mmol), $^7\text{BuLi}$ (0.49 mL, 1.17 mmol), phosphordiamide **2j** (0.156 g, 0.51 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 20 : 1, R_f = 0.28) gave 0.059 g (40%) of the title compound as an orange oil. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.36–7.35 (m, 1H), 7.26–7.24 (m, 1H), 7.04–6.99 (m, 2H), 6.93–6.88 (m, 2H), 2.53–2.46 (m, 4H), 1.86–1.67 (m, 6H); ^{13}C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 211.4, 145.1, 142.4, 141.6, 128.0, 127.8, 126.8, 126.7, 126.4, 126.3, 124.7, 42.7, 30.9, 28.4, 28.3, 23.7; HRMS (APCI) m/z : calcd for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{16}\text{OS}_2$ [M + H]⁺ 289.0715; found 289.0719.

3-Methyl-4,4-diphenylbut-3-en-2-one (5g). Prepared according to the GP4 from bromobenzene (0.20 g, 1.3 mmol), $^7\text{BuLi}$ (0.52 mL, 1.25 mmol), phosphordiamide **2k** (0.140 g, 0.50 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 20 : 1, R_f = 0.37) gave 0.084 g (71%) of the title compound as an yellowish oil. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.37–7.26 (m, 6H), 7.18–7.10 (m, 4H), 1.98

(s, 3H), 1.82 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 207.9, 145.1, 141.7, 141.1, 137.7, 129.8, 129.7, 128.4, 128.3, 128.1, 127.7, 30.2, 18.7; HRMS (APCI) m/z : calcd for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}$ [M + H]⁺ 237.1274; found 237.1266.

4,4-Bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methylbut-3-en-2-one (5h).

Prepared according to the GP4 from 4-bromoanisole (0.240 g, 1.3 mmol), $^7\text{BuLi}$ (0.52 mL, 1.25 mmol), phosphordiamide **2k** (0.140 g, 0.50 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 6 : 1, R_f = 0.55) gave 0.072 g (49%) of the title compound as a white solid, mp = 58.0–61.0 °C. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.10–7.07 (m, 2H), 7.02–7.00 (m, 2H), 6.88–6.80 (m, 4H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 3.81 (s, 3H), 2.00 (s, 3H), 1.80 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 207.9, 160.0, 159.1, 145.6, 136.3, 134.6, 133.8, 131.4, 131.4, 113.7, 113.4, 55.3, 30.2, 19.0; HRMS (APCI) m/z : calcd for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{20}\text{O}_3$ [M + H]⁺ 297.1485; found 297.1489.

3-Methyl-4,4-di(thiophen-2-yl)but-3-en-2-one (5i).

Prepared according to the GP4 from thiophene (0.110 g, 1.30 mmol), $^7\text{BuLi}$ (0.52 mL, 1.25 mmol), phosphordiamide **2k** (0.140 g, 0.50 mmol). Column chromatography (hexane/AcOEt 9 : 1, R_f = 0.52) gave 0.029 g (24%) of the title compound as a yellow oil. ^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.41–7.39 (m, 2H), 7.06–7.05 (m, 2H), 6.99–6.98 (m, 2H), 2.17 (s, 3H), 1.91 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 207.2, 143.2, 142.7, 139.8, 130.3, 129.9, 129.5, 128.5, 127.6, 127.2, 127.0, 29.5, 19.3; HRMS (APCI) m/z : calcd for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{12}\text{OS}_2$ [M + H]⁺ 249.0402; found 249.0406.

Phenyl(3,4,5,6-tetrahydro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-yl)methanone

(6). Phenylmagnesium chloride (0.78 mL, 1.53 mmol) was added to a mixture of CuI (0.029 g, 10 mol%) in dry ether (5 mL) cooled to 0 °C. The resultant mixture was stirred for 1 h at 0 °C followed by addition of phosphorodiamide **2h** (0.156 g, 0.51 mmol). Then the mixture was stirred for 3 h at 23 °C. The crude reaction mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous solution of ammonium chloride (2 mL), diluted with ether (30 mL) and the organic layer was washed with water (30 mL) and brine (30 mL). The organic phase was dried over MgSO_4 and the solvents were removed under reduce pressure. Column chromatography (Silica gel, hexane/AcOEt 20 : 1, R_f = 0.28) gave 0.062 g (46%) of the title compound as a white solid. ^1H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.69–7.66 (m, 2H), 7.32–7.31 (m, 1H), 7.23–7.19 (m, 2H), 7.09–6.99 (m, 5H), 2.53–2.45 (m, 4H), 1.91–1.82 (m, 4H), in accordance with literature.³⁵

(Z)-4-Hydroxy-4,4-diphenylbut-2-en-2-yl bis(N,N-dimethylamino)phosphordiamide (8). Phenylmagnesium chloride (6.58 mL, 12.50 mmol) was added to a solution of phosphordiamidated **2e** (1.320 g, 5.0 mmol) cooled to –78 °C. The resultant reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h at 23 °C. Then the reaction mixture was quenched with water (20 mL), the organic layer was separated and the water layer was extracted with ether (2 × 40 mL). Combined organic layers were washed with water (30 mL), brine (10 mL), dried over MgSO_4 and concentrated under reduce pressure. Column chromatography (Silica gel, hexane/AcOEt 20 : 1, R_f = 0.53) gave 1.480 g (79%) of the title compound as a white solid, mp = 74.0–77.0 °C. ^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.59–7.57 (m, 4H), 7.30–7.27 (m, 4H), 7.18–7.15 (m, 2H), 6.22 (s, 1H), 5.74 (s, 1H), 2.42 (d, J = 10.1 Hz, 12H), 2.05 (s, 3H); ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 148.8, 145.5 (d, J = 7.6 Hz), 128.1, 126.4, 126.2, 122.7 (d, J = 6.6 Hz), 75.8, 36.2 (d, J = 4.7 Hz), 21.8;



^{31}P NMR (202 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 15.12 (s); HRMS (ESI) m/z : calcd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{27}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3\text{P} [\text{M} + \text{Na}]^+$ 397.1652; found 397.1660.

Conflicts of interest

There are no conflicts to declare.

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