Food & Function

CORRECTION



Correction: Stevia residue extract increases intestinal uric acid excretion *via* interactions with intestinal urate transporters in hyperuricemic mice

Arshad Mehmood,^{a,b} Lei Zhao,*^{a,b} Chengtao Wang,*^{a,b} Imam Hossen,^{a,b} Rifat Nowshin Raka^{a,b} and Huimin Zhang^{a,b}

DOI: 10.1039/d0fo90011g

Correction for 'Stevia residue extract increases intestinal uric acid excretion *via* interactions with intestinal urate transporters in hyperuricemic mice' by Arshad Mehmood *et al., Food Funct.,* 2019, **10**, 7900–7912.

The authors regret that there is an error in lines 15 and 21 in the right hand column on page 7909 of the original article, as "downregulation" was used in place of "upregulation". The sentences beginning "Wang *et al.*⁴⁰ observed that …" should read as follows: "Wang *et al.*⁴⁰ observed that resveratrol upregulates ABCG2 expression in renal and ileum tissues of PO and yeast poly-saccharide-induced hyperuricemic mice *via* the peroxisome proliferator-activated receptor gamma coactivator (PGC-1 α /PPAR γ) signalling pathway. In another study, supplementation of chicory extract (6.6 to 16.6 g per kg bw) also upregulated ABCG2 expression in fructose-induced hyperuricemic rats.²⁹"

The Royal Society of Chemistry apologises for these errors and any consequent inconvenience to authors and readers.



View Article Online

^aBeijing Advance Innovation Center for Food Nutrition and Human Health, Beijing Technology and Business University, Beijing 100048, China.

E-mail: wangchengtaojs@163.com, zhaolei@th.btbu.edu.cn; Fax: +86-10-6898-5252; Tel: +86-10-6898-4547, +86-10-6898-5378

^bBeijing Engineering and Technology Research Center of Food Additives, School of Food and Chemical Technology, Beijing Technology and Business University, Beijing 100048, China