Correction: Engineering tin phosphides@carbon yolk–shell nanocube structures as a highly stable anode material for sodium-ion batteries

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Correction for 'Engineering tin phosphides@carbon yolk–shell nanocube structures as a highly stable anode material for sodium-ion batteries' by Lianbo Ma et al., J. Mater. Chem. A, 2017, 5, 16994–17000.

In the description “As presented in Fig. S3, both Sn₄P₃/C and bare Sn₄P₃ materials exhibit much bigger particle sizes, which are ascribed to the aggregation of Sn below its melting point” on p16997 of the published article, the reference to ‘Fig. S3’ should instead read ‘Fig. S2’.

Moreover, in the published version of Fig. S2, the TEM images are wrong and may have been mixed with those of other samples. To avoid any possible misleading, these samples have been prepared and characterized again. The authors would like to update the Fig. S2 with a corrected version, containing new TEM and XRD data, as shown below.

![TEM images and XRD patterns](image)

**Fig. S2**  Morphology and composition characterizations of Sn₄P₃/C and bare Sn₄P₃ as the control samples. (a) TEM image and (c) XRD pattern of Sn₄P₃/C material. (b) TEM image and (d) XRD pattern of bare Sn₄P₃.

The Royal Society of Chemistry apologises for these errors and any consequent inconvenience to authors and readers.

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