CORRECTION

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Correction: Surface hardness and flammability of Na₂SiO₃ and nano-TiO₂ reinforced wood composites

Edita Garskaite,^{*a} Olov Karlsson,^a Zivile Stankeviciute,^b Aivaras Kareiva,^b Dennis Jones^a and Dick Sandberg^aCorrection for 'Surface hardness and flammability of Na₂SiO₃ and nano-TiO₂ reinforced wood composites' by Edita Garskaite *et al.*, *RSC Adv.*, 2019, 9, 27973–27986.

The authors regret that Fig. 1–4 were shown in an incorrect order in the original manuscript. Fig. 1 in the original manuscript should be Fig. 3, Fig. 2 should be Fig. 4, Fig. 3 should be Fig. 1, and Fig. 4 should be Fig. 2. The correct order of the figures is shown below.

In addition, a citation to Fig. 12 (inset) on page 27982 of the original article should be corrected to refer to Fig. 13 (inset).

Fig. 1 Percent weight-loss curve and derivative profile versus temperature for unmodified Scots pine sapwood powders.

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Fig. 2 TG-FTIR absorbance spectra 3D stack plot of unmodified Scots pine sapwood pyrolysis components as a function of temperature.

Fig. 3 FTIR absorption spectra obtained at 30 °C and 362 °C (maxima weight loss during the pyrolysis) from TG-FTIR gas analysis of untreated Scots pine sapwood.

Fig. 4 TG and DTG curves of pine wood modified with 10% $\text{Na}_2\text{SiO}_3/-\text{nTiO}_2$ and 20% $\text{Na}_2\text{SiO}_3/-\text{nTiO}_2$.

The Royal Society of Chemistry apologises for these errors and any consequent inconvenience to authors and readers.