



Cite this: *Soft Matter*, 2018, 14, 9973

## Correction: Generalized Langevin dynamics: construction and numerical integration of non-Markovian particle-based models

Gerhard Jung,<sup>\*ab</sup> Martin Hanke<sup>c</sup> and Friederike Schmid<sup>a</sup>

DOI: 10.1039/c8sm90228c

Correction for 'Generalized Langevin dynamics: construction and numerical integration of non-Markovian particle-based models' by Gerhard Jung *et al.*, *Soft Matter*, 2018, DOI: 10.1039/c8sm01817k.

rs.c.li/soft-matter-journal

Algorithm 1 presented in the manuscript on page 4 contains a significant typographical error which was introduced in the typesetting process. Line 13 of Algorithm 1 in the published manuscript is:  $\mathbf{x}^{k+1} = \|\hat{\mathbf{W}}_\omega\|^{k+1} \sqrt{\mathbf{H}^{k+1}} \mathbf{e}^0$  and has been corrected to  $\mathbf{x}^{k+1} = \|\hat{\mathbf{W}}_\omega\| \mathbf{v}^{k+1} \sqrt{\mathbf{H}^{k+1}} \mathbf{e}^0$ . The full and correct algorithm is repeated below.

**Algorithm 1:** Generating correlated random numbers  $F_{I,n}$  with the distribution  $\langle F_{I,n+m} F_{J,n} \rangle = K_{IJ,m}$

**1: Inputs:**

$K_{IJ,m}$  for  $m = 0, \dots, m_{\max} - 1$  with  $K_{IJ,m} = K_{IJ,-m}$

$W_{I,n}$  with  $\langle W_{I,n+m} W_{J,n} \rangle = \delta_{m0} \delta_{IJ}$

**2: Initialize:**

compute  $\hat{K}_{IJ,\omega} = \sum_{m=-m_{\max}+1}^{m_{\max}-1} K_{IJ,m} \exp\left(-im\omega \frac{2\pi}{2m_{\max}-1}\right)$

compute  $\hat{W}_{I,\omega} = \sum_{m=-m_{\max}+1}^{m_{\max}-1} W_{I,n+m} \exp\left(-im\omega \frac{2\pi}{2m_{\max}-1}\right)$

**3: for**  $\omega = 0$  to  $m_{\max} - 1$  **do**

**4:** set  $v_I^0 = 0$ ,  $\beta^0 = 0$ ,  $v_I^1 = \hat{W}_{I,\omega} / \|\hat{\mathbf{W}}_\omega\|$ ,  $k = 1$ ,  $\Delta = 1$

**5:** compute  $\alpha^1 = v_I^1 \hat{K}_{IJ,\omega} v_J^1$

**6: while**  $\Delta > \text{tol}$  **do**

**7:** compute  $r_I^{k+1} = \hat{K}_{IJ,\omega} v_J^k - \alpha^k v_I^k - \beta^{k-1} v_I^{k-1}$

**8:** set  $\beta^k = \|r^{k+1}\|$

**9:** set  $v_I^{k+1} = r_I^{k+1} / \beta^k$

**10:** compute  $\alpha^{k+1} = v_I^{k+1} \hat{K}_{IJ,\omega} v_J^{k+1}$

**11:** define  $V_{pq}^{k+1} = v_I^p$ ,  $p = 1, \dots, k+1$

**12:** construct tridiagonal  $H_{pq}^{k+1}$  with diagonal elements equal to  $(\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_{k+1})$  and super- and sub-diagonal elements equal to  $(\beta_1, \dots, \beta_k)$

**13:** compute  $\mathbf{x}^{k+1} = \|\hat{\mathbf{W}}_\omega\| \mathbf{v}^{k+1} \sqrt{\mathbf{H}^{k+1}} \mathbf{e}^0$ ,  
with  $e_1^0 = 1$  and  $e_q^0 = 0$ ,  $q = 2, \dots, k+1$

**14:** set  $\Delta = \|\mathbf{x}^{k+1} - \mathbf{x}^k\|$

**15:** set  $k = k + 1$

**16: end while**

<sup>a</sup> Institut für Physik, Johannes Gutenberg-Universität Mainz, Staudingerweg 9, 55128 Mainz, Germany. E-mail: jungge@uni-mainz.de, friederike.schmid@uni-mainz.de

<sup>b</sup> Graduate School of Excellence Materials Science in Mainz, Staudingerweg 9, 55128 Mainz, Germany

<sup>c</sup> Institut für Mathematik, Johannes Gutenberg-Universität Mainz, Staudingerweg 9, 55128 Mainz, Germany. E-mail: hanke@mathematik.uni-mainz.de



## Correction

17: set  $\hat{F}_{I,\omega} = x_I^k$

18: end for

19: compute  $F_{I,n} = \frac{1}{m_{\max}} \left( \hat{F}_{I,0} + 2 \sum_{\omega=1}^{m_{\max}-1} \hat{F}_{I,\omega} \right)$

---

The Royal Society of Chemistry apologises for these errors and any consequent inconvenience to authors and readers.

