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# Synthesis of 3-(5-amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl) propanamides and their tautomerism $\dagger$ 

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#### Abstract

Two complementary pathways for the preparation of $N$-substituted 3-(5-amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl) propanamides (5) were proposed and successfully realized in the synthesis of 20 representative examples. These methods use the same types of starting materials viz. succinic anhydride, aminoguanidine hydrochloride, and a variety of amines. The choice of the pathway and sequence of the introduction of reagents to the reaction depended on the amine nucleophilicity. The first pathway started with the preparation of $N$-guanidinosuccinimide, which then reacted with amines under microwave irradiation to afford 5. The desired products were successfully obtained in the reaction with aliphatic amines (primary and secondary) via a nucleophilic opening of the succinimide ring and the subsequent recyclization of the 1,2,4triazole ring. This approach however failed when less nucleophilic aromatic amines were used. Therefore, an alternative pathway, with the initial preparation of $N$-arylsuccinimides and their subsequent reaction with aminoguanidine hydrochloride under microwave irradiation, was applied. The annular prototropic tautomerism in the prepared 1,2,4-triazoles 5 was studied using NMR spectroscopy and X-ray crystallography.


## Introduction

1,2,4-Triazoles attract considerable attention in organic and medicinal chemistry due to their wide spectrum of pharmacological activities. ${ }^{1}$ They have been reported to possess antiviral, ${ }^{2}$ antibacterial, ${ }^{3}$ antifungal, ${ }^{4}$ anticancer, ${ }^{5}$ and anticonvulsant ${ }^{6}$ properties. Among the 1,2,4-triazoles, 3(5)-amino-1,2,4-triazoles were recently reported to be potent inhibitors of kinases, ${ }^{7}$ lysine-specific demethylase $1,{ }^{8}$ and acidic mammalian chitinase. ${ }^{9}$ Additionally, 3(5)-amino-1,2,4-triazoles are also known as important building blocks for the construction of bioactive triazole-fused heterocycles. ${ }^{\mathbf{1 0}}$

Due to practical significance of 3(5)-amino-1,2,4-triazoles, there is an ongoing demand for new efficient methods of their synthesis. The most common synthetic methods for the preparation of 3 (5)-amino-1,2,4-triazoles involve intramolecular cyclocondensation of amidoguanidines, ${ }^{\mathbf{1 1}}$ thermal condensation of N cyanoimidates with hydrazine, ${ }^{12}$ and 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition of hydrazonoyl derivatives and carbodiimides. ${ }^{13}$ However, the

[^0]existing approaches suffer from several drawbacks, including multi-step preparation process, harsh reaction conditions, poor selectivity of reactions and tedious purification procedures.

Over the past decade, there has been a substantial increase in the application of microwave irradiation in organic synthesis. It is a valuable tool used for improving the outcome of reactions, often resulting in higher yield and product purity. ${ }^{14}$ Utilization of microwave irradiation for the synthesis of 1,2,4triazoles has shown to provide practical and economical advantages. ${ }^{11 e, 15}$ Herein, we report the development of efficient microwave-assisted methods for the preparation of 3-(5-amino$1 H-1,2,4$-triazol-3-yl)propanamides (5).

Annular prototropic tautomerism is an interesting phenomenon often observed in compounds possessing a 1,2,4-triazole ring in their structure. The tautomeric preferences and factors affecting equilibrium between tautomers have been studied theoretically and experimentally, thermodynamically and kinetically due to their importance in determining chemical and biological properties of compounds. ${ }^{16} \mathrm{We}$ applied NMR spectroscopy to explore tautomerism in the prepared compounds and report here our findings. X-ray crystallography was used to determine a position of the triazole ring hydrogen in the solid state.

## Results $\mathcal{\&}$ discussion

Synthesis of 3-(5-amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)propanamides (5) from $N$-guanidinosuccinimide (2)

Our initial synthesis design involved the preparation of 3-(5-amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)propanamides (5) from $N$ -


Scheme 1 Two pathways to the synthesis of $N$-substituted 3-(5-amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)propanamides (5).

Table 1 Optimization of conditions for the synthesis of $N$-morpho-lino-substituted 3-(5-amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)propanamide (5a) ${ }^{a}$


| Entry | Solvent | Temperature $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | Time (min) | Isolated yield (\%) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | EtOH | 180 | 25 | 27 |
| 2 | $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ | 180 | 25 | 28 |
| 3 | AcOEt | 180 | 25 | 64 |
| 4 | MeCN | 180 | 25 | 75 |
| 5 | MeCN | 170 | 25 | 79 |
| 6 | MeCN | 160 | 25 | 65 |
| 7 | MeCN | 170 | 30 | 73 |
| 8 | MeCN | 170 | 20 | 73 |
| $9^{b}$ | MeCN | 170 | 25 | 68 |
| $10^{c}$ | MeCN | 170 | 25 | 66 |

${ }^{a}$ The reaction was performed using Discover SP CEM microwave synthesizer with 1 mmol of 2 and 2 mmol of morpholine in 1 mL of the specified solvent. ${ }^{b} 1 \mathrm{mmol}$ of 2 and 3 mmol of morpholine were used for the reaction. ${ }^{c} 1 \mathrm{mmol}$ of 2 and 1.5 mmol of morpholine were used for the reaction.
guanidinosuccinimide (2) using nucleophilic ring opening of the latter with amines followed by the cyclocondensation of intermediates 3 and closure of the 1,2,4-triazole ring (Scheme 1, Pathway A). We also proposed that performing the process under high temperature using microwave irradiation would be efficient to have a tandem of these reactions happened in the one-pot fashion.

In the model reaction, $N$-guanidinosuccinimide (2), prepared from succinic anhydride (1) according to the reported method, ${ }^{11 c}$ was treated with morpholine under microwave irradiation to give 3-(5-amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)propanamide $5 \mathbf{5}$ (Table 1). The optimization of conditions for the synthesis of $\mathbf{5 a}$ started with an attempt to perform the reaction of 2 with morpholine in ethanol under microwave irradiation at $180^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 25 min (Table 1, Entry 1). To our satisfaction, we successfully obtained the desired product $\mathbf{5 a}$ in high purity after simple
filtration; however the yield was rather low (27\%). The screening of solvents revealed that conducting the reaction in acetonitrile led to a better yield (Entry 4). Further optimising of the reaction conditions, we found that decreasing the reaction temperature to $170{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ led to yield improvements (Entry 5). Therefore, the satisfactory results were achieved when the synthesis of $N$ -morpholino-substituted 3-(5-amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl) propanamide (5a) was performed using reaction of 2 with morpholine in acetonitrile at $170^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 25 minutes.

The optimized conditions for the preparation of $5 \mathbf{5}$ were successfully applied for the synthesis of $\mathbf{5 b} \mathbf{b} \mathbf{i}$ allowing the preparation of a diverse library of substituted amides of 3-(5-amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)propanoic acid (5a-i) in the 1 mmol scale (Table 2). Using these optimized conditions, we attempted to scale up the reaction from 1 mmol to 10 mmol . The synthesis of some products ( $\mathbf{5 a}, \mathbf{5 b}, \mathbf{5 d}$, and $\mathbf{5 i}$ ) was performed in the 10 mmol scale with similar results.

However, when we attempted to further extend the reaction scope and involve aniline in the reaction with N -guanidinosuccinimide (2) under the optimized conditions, only starting material 2 was isolated. The analysis of the reaction mixture in the attempt to prepare 5 j from 2 revealed the presence of aniline and unreacted 2 only. We propose that the nucleophilicity of aniline was not sufficient to initiate the ring opening of the cyclic imide and undergo the cascade of transformations.

## Synthesis of 3-(5-amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)propanamides (5) via $N$-arylsuccinimides (4)

To overcome this problem limiting the method scope, we designed an alternative pathway for the preparation of N -phenyl-substituted 3-(5-amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)propanamide (5j) via the reaction of N -phenylsuccinimide (4a) with aminoguanidine hydrochloride (Scheme 1, Pathway B). Aminoguanidine, being more nucleophilic, should be able to initiate the imide ring opening. Moreover, the guanidinium ion also might act as an acid catalyst increasing electrophilicity of the imide carbonyl group in this reaction. The neutralisation of the guanidinium ion on the intermediate in the second step supposed to facilitate the 1,2,4-triazole ring formation.

We attempted to carry out both steps in a one-pot fashion under microwave irradiation. First, $N$-phenylsuccinimide (4a) was heated with aminoguanidine hydrochloride in ethanol at $170^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Table 2 Microwave-assisted synthesis of substituted amides of 3-(5-amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)propanoic acid (5a-j) ${ }^{a}$


2
5


5a, $79 \% ; 88 \%^{b}$


5b, 81\%; 73 $\%^{b}$


5c, $85 \%$


5f, 76\%


5i, $81 \%$; $82 \%^{b}$



5d, $78 \%$; 84 ${ }^{b}$


5e, 81\%


5h, 58\%


5j, 0\%
${ }^{a}$ The reactions were performed using a Discover SP CEM microwave synthesizer at $170{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 25 min with 1 mmol of $N$-guanidinosuccinimide ( 2 ) and 2 mmol of amine in 1 mL of acetonitrile. ${ }^{b}$ The reactions were scaled up to 10 mmol of $N$-guanidinosuccinimide (2) and 20 mmol of amine in 10 mL of acetonitrile.
for 50 min . After cooling, an aqueous solution of potassium hydroxide was added to the reaction mixture and heating was continued at $180^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 15 min . We found that using non-aqueous solution of the same base dramatically increased the yield, while altering the solvent of the reaction had minimal effect on the outcome of the reaction (Table 3, Entries 2-5). Continuing optimization of the process using ethanol as the solvent, we observed that altering the reaction time before and after the addition of the base did not improve the outcome of the reaction (Entries 6-8). Unfortunately, further manipulations with the reaction temperature, time, type of base, or ratio of the reagents did not lead to any improvement in yields (e.g. Entries 9-11). These conditions were the most efficient for the preparation of 3 -(5-amino- $1 \mathrm{H}-1,2,4$ -triazol-3-yl)propananilide (5j), which was obtained using this onepot process in $58 \%$ yield (Entry 3 ).

To explore the scope of this new method for the synthesis of other arylamides of 3 -(5-amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)propanoic acid, we prepared a library of N -arylsuccinimides (4) from succinic anhydride (1) and anilines adopting the approach reported by Benjamin et al. (Scheme 2). ${ }^{17}$ However, this method failed when applied to ortho- and meta-substituted anilines and therefore imides $\mathbf{4 c}, \mathbf{4 d}, \mathbf{4 f}$, and $\mathbf{4 i}$ were synthesized via intermediate $N$-arylsuccinamic acids (6). ${ }^{18}$ The $N$-arylsuccinimides (4) were then used as substrates in the reaction with aminoguanidine hydrochloride to prepare N -arylamides of 3-(5-amino-

1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)propanoic acid (5j-t) using the optimised conditions (Table 4). A wide range of substituents in various positions of the benzene ring of 4 were equally well tolerated in the reaction with aminoguanidine hydrochloride. In all cases, N -arylamides of 3-(5-amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)propanoic acid ( $\mathbf{5 j} \mathbf{j} \mathbf{t}$ ) were isolated in high purity via simple filtration. The reaction was effectively performed in both 1 and 10 mmol scales with similar outcomes.

## Annular prototropic tautomerisation of 3-(5-amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)propanamides (5) in solution

Due to annular prototropic tautomerism, the prepared 5(3)-amino-1,2,4-triazoles may exist in three forms: 5 -amino- 1 H -1,2,4-triazoles 5, 3 -amino- 1 H -1,2,4-triazoles $5^{\prime}$, and 5-amino- $4 \mathrm{H}^{-}$ 1,2,4-triazoles $5^{\prime \prime}$ (Scheme 3). We attempted to analyse tautomeric equilibria in the prepared triazoles using NMR spectroscopy.

In the ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra of the prepared compounds, the triazole ring signals appeared as two broad signals confirming its involvement in tautomerism. However, the tautomeric transformations were probably too fast to be detected by the ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectroscopy under the experimental conditions and therefore tautomers were indistinguishable.

For majority of the $N$-alkyl-3-(5(3)-amino-1,2,4-triazol-3(5)-yl) propanamides (5a-5f and $\mathbf{5 i}$ ), the separate signals of individual

Table 3 Optimization of conditions for the synthesis of 3-(5-amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)propananilide (5j) ${ }^{a}$


Conditions

| Entry | (i) | (ii) | Isolated yield (\%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | $170{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 50 \mathrm{~min}, \mathrm{EtOH}$ | $180{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 15 \mathrm{~min}, \mathrm{KOH}$ in $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ | 23 |
| 2 | $170{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 50 \mathrm{~min}, \mathrm{MeOH}$ | $180{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 15 \mathrm{~min}$, KOH in MeOH | 54 |
| 3 | $170{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 50 \mathrm{~min}, \mathrm{EtOH}$ | $180^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 15 \mathrm{~min}, \mathrm{KOH}$ in EtOH | 58 |
| 4 | $170^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 50 \mathrm{~min}, \mathrm{iPrOH}$ | $180^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, $15 \mathrm{~min}, \mathrm{KOH}$ in iPrOH | 51 |
| 5 | $170{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 50 \mathrm{~min}, \mathrm{MeCN}$ | $180{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 15 \mathrm{~min}, \mathrm{KOH}$ in EtOH | 44 |
| 6 | $170{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 40 \mathrm{~min}, \mathrm{EtOH}$ | $180{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 15 \mathrm{~min}, \mathrm{KOH}$ in EtOH | 56 |
| 7 | $170{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 60 \mathrm{~min}$, EtOH | $180{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 15 \mathrm{~min}$, KOH in EtOH | 57 |
| 8 | $170{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 50 \mathrm{~min}, \mathrm{EtOH}$ | $180{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 20 \mathrm{~min}$, KOH in EtOH | 51 |
| 9 | $170{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 50 \mathrm{~min}$, EtOH | $170{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 30 \mathrm{~min}$, KOH in EtOH | 48 |
| 10 | $170{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 50 \mathrm{~min}, \mathrm{EtOH}$ | $180{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 15 \mathrm{~min}, \mathrm{NaOH}$ in EtOH | 55 |
| $11^{\text {b }}$ | $170{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 50 \mathrm{~min}, \mathrm{EtOH}$ | $180{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 15 \mathrm{~min}, \mathrm{KOH}$ in EtOH | 55 |

${ }^{a}$ The reactions were performed using a Discover SP CEM microwave synthesizer with 1 mmol of 4 a and 1 mmol of aminoguanidine hydrochloride in 1 mL of the specified solvent in the first step and addition of 1.2 mmol of the base in the second step. ${ }^{b} 1.2$ mmol of aminoguanidine hydrochloride and 1.4 mmol of KOH were used in the reaction.


Scheme 2 Synthesis of $N$-arylsuccinimides (4).
tautomers were not identifiable in their ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra. Nevertheless, ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra of some products gave two sets of signals for the primary amino group and the triazole proton. Using literature data, ${ }^{11 e, 16}$ these signals were attributed to tautomers 5 and $\mathbf{5}^{\prime}$. The indicated signals were resolved in the spectra of compounds possessing at the amide group N substituent with relatively higher electronegativity, i.e. anilides $\mathbf{5 j}-5 \mathbf{t}$ and two N -benzylamides with 3,4-difluoro- ( $\mathbf{5 g}$ ) and 3-trifluoromethyl ( $\mathbf{5 h}$ ) substituents. For these compounds $(\mathbf{5 g}, \mathbf{5 h}$, $\mathbf{5 j}-\mathbf{5 t}$ ), equilibrium constant ( $K_{\mathrm{T}}$ ) and corresponding Gibbs free energy ( $\Delta G_{300}$ ) values were estimated (Table 5). In the equilibria for these compounds, 5 -amino- $1 H-1,2,4$-triazoles 5 , were found to be the predominant tautomers. Similarly to the earlier reported data, ${ }^{11 e, 16 b}$ the higher the electron-withdrawing properties of a substituent at the carbon atom the triazole ring, the more equilibria were shifted towards 5 -amino- 1 H -tautomers 5.

## X-ray crystallography

The tautomerizable 1,2,4-triazoles with a primary amino on a carbon atom typically crystallize as 5 -amino-forms with an annular hydrogen atom located at the side of the amino group. ${ }^{19}$

An example of two tautomers (5-amino- and 3-amino-forms) of $1 H-1,2,4$-triazoles appearing together in one crystal was also reported. ${ }^{20}$ To explore tautomeric preferences in the prepared compounds in solid state, the crystal and molecular structures of a representative compound $5 \mathbf{j}$ were determined by X-ray crystallography; the molecular structure is shown in Fig. 1. The key point of interest in the structure determination is the assignment of the tautomeric form for the triazole ring. The crystallographic analysis indicates the ring-H atom to be located on the N 1 atom of the 5 -amino-form (see Experimental). This assignment, i.e. 5 -amino-1H-1,2,4-triazole, is confirmed in the distribution of bond lengths within the ring and in the nature of the supramolecular association in the crystal of $5 \mathbf{j}$ (see below). Thus, the C5-N1 bond length of $1.3359(15) \AA$ is considerably longer than the C3-N2 bond of $1.3164(15) \AA$; the $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{N} 2$ bond length is $1.3837(14) \AA$. Further, the C3-N4 and C5-N4 bond lengths vary systematically, i.e. $1.3681(15) \AA$ is longer than 1.3351(15) A. These observations are consistent with localisation of $\pi$-electron density in the $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 2$ and $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{N} 4$ bonds. Overall, the molecule has the shape of the letter $L$ as seen in the values of the dihedral angles formed between the central amide residue (r.m.s. deviation of the $\mathrm{O} 8, \mathrm{~N} 8, \mathrm{C} 7$ and C 8 atoms from the least-squares plane $=0.0084 \AA$ ) and the five- and sixmembered rings of $79.54(4)^{\circ}$ and $24.78(6)^{\circ}$, respectively, indicating, to a first approximation, a co-planar relationship between the amide and phenyl groups with the triazole ring lying perpendicular to this; the dihedral angle between the fiveand six-membered rings is $86.65(4)^{\circ}$.

As mentioned above, the molecular packing in the crystal of $\mathbf{5 j}$ confirms the assignment of the tautomeric form of the fivemembered ring. The crucial hydrogen bonding involving the

Table 4 Microwave-assisted synthesis of $N$-arylamides of 3-(5-amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)propanoic acid (5j-t) ${ }^{a}$


Scheme 3 Theoretically possible annular tautomerism in 3-(5(3)-amino-1,2,4-triazol-3(5)-yl)propanamides.
triazole ring sees the formation of donor triazole-N1-H $\cdots \mathrm{O} 8$ (carbonyl) and acceptor amine- $\mathrm{N} 5-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N} 2$ (triazole) hydrogen bonds confirming protonation at the triazole-N1 atom at the amino group side. The second amine-N5-H atom forms a comparatively weaker hydrogen bond to the carbonyl-O8 atom to close a seven-membered $\left\{\mathrm{NH}^{\cdots} \mathrm{O} \cdots \mathrm{HNH} \cdots \mathrm{N}\right\}$ supramolecular synthon; geometric details of the hydrogen bonding are given in the caption to ESI Fig. S1. $\dagger$ As shown in Fig. 2, three molecules are involved in the aforementioned hydrogen bonding scheme so that the seven-membered synthon is flanked on either side by 11-membered $\left\{\mathrm{NH} \cdots \mathrm{OC}_{4} \mathrm{~N} \cdots \mathrm{HNC}\right\}$ synthons. Connections between the aforementioned aggregates

Table 5 Tautomeric composition of 3-(5(3)-amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3(5)-yl)propanamides ${ }^{a}$


| Compounds | Signals of tautomers in ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra (ppm) |  |  |  | $K_{\text {T }}$ | $-\Delta G_{300}\left(\mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}\right)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ |  | NH (triazole) |  |  |  |
|  | 5 | $5^{\prime}$ | 5 | $5^{\prime}$ |  |  |
| 5 g | 5.76 | 5.07 | 11.58 | 12.30 | 3.0 | 2.7 |
| 5h | 5.74 | 5.11 | 11.60 | 12.30 | 3.0 | 2.7 |
| 5 j | 5.77 | 5.04 | 11.57 | 12.32 | 3.2 | 2.9 |
| 5k | 5.77 | 5.00 | 11.57 | 12.33 | 3.2 | 2.9 |
| 51 | 5.81 | 5.00 | 11.60 | 12.34 | 3.3 | 3.0 |
| 5m | 5.78 | 4.99 | 11.56 | 12.33 | 3.5 | 3.2 |
| 5n | 5.78 | 4.98 | 11.56 | 12.32 | 3.3 | 3.0 |
| 50 | 5.77 | 4.98 | 11.56 | 12.32 | 3.2 | 2.9 |
| 5p | 5.77 | 5.03 | 11.56 | 12.31 | 3.0 | 2.7 |
| 5q | 5.78 | 4.98 | 11.56 | 12.32 | 3.2 | 2.9 |
| 5 r | 5.76 | 5.07 | 11.58 | 12.30 | 3.3 | 3.0 |
| 5s | 5.77 | 4.98 | 11.55 | 12.31 | 3.0 | 2.7 |
| 5t | 5.77 | 4.97 | 11.55 | 12.32 | 3.2 | 2.9 |

${ }^{a}$ The NMR spectroscopy was performed at $27{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ( 300 K ) using DMSO- $d_{6}$ as a solvent.


Fig. 1 Molecular structure of 5 j showing atom labelling scheme and 70\% anisotropic displacement parameters.


Fig. 2 Hydrogen bonding between four molecules in the crystal of 5 j. The $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ and $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}$ hydrogen bonding (see ESI Fig. $\mathrm{S} 1 \uparrow$ ), are shown as orange and blue dashed lines, respectively. Non-participating hydrogen atoms have been omitted.
are of the type amide- $\mathrm{N} 8-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N} 4$ (triazole) which generate centrosymmetric, 14 -membered $\left\{\cdots \mathrm{NC}_{4} \mathrm{NH}\right\}_{2}$ synthons. The hydrogen scheme just described extends laterally to form a supramolecular layer parallel to (101), see ESI Fig. S1a. $\dagger$ The most obvious directional points of contact between layers to consolidate the three-dimensional molecular packing are of the type methylene-C7-H $\cdots \pi(\mathrm{C} 9-\mathrm{C} 14)$; a view of the unit cell contents is shown in ESI Fig. S1b. $\dagger$

## Conclusion

In conclusion, we developed two complementing each other pathways for the synthesis of 3-(5-amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl) propanamides (5) under microwave irradiation. Our methods were successfully applied for the preparation of a diverse library of twenty $N$-substituted 3 -(5-amino- $1 \mathrm{H}-1,2,4$-triazol-3-yl) propanamides (5) in 1 and 10 mmol scales. Their tautomeric preferences were analysed using NMR spectroscopy and X-ray crystallography.

## Experimental section

## General information

Melting points (uncorrected) were determined on a Stuart ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ SMP40 automatic melting point apparatus. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ and ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker Fourier 300 spectrometer ( 300 MHz ), using DMSO- $d_{6}$ as a solvent and TMS as an internal reference. IR spectra were recorded on a Varian 640-IR FT-IR spectrometer using KBr mode. Microwave-assisted reactions were performed in closed vessel focused single mode using a CEM Discover SP microwave synthesizer (CEM, USA). The reaction temperatures were measured by an equipped IR sensor.

General method for the microwave-assisted synthesis of 3-(5-amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)propanamides (5a-b, and 5d-i)
A mixture of N -guanidinosuccinimide (2) ( $156 \mathrm{mg}, 1 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and specified amine ( 2 mmol ) in acetonitrile ( 1 mL ) were irradiated in 10 mL seamless pressure vial using microwave system operating at maximal microwave power up to 300 W at $170{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 25 min . After cooling, the precipitated product was filtered, washed with acetonitrile and recrystalised from a suitable solvent. The reaction was also replicated in an increase scale of $N$-guanidinosuccinimide (2) ( $1.56 \mathrm{~g}, 10 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and specified amine ( 20 mmol ) in acetonitrile ( 10 mL ).

3-(5-Amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)-1-morpholinopropan-1-one (5a). Yellowish solid, yield ( $1 \mathrm{mmol} / 10 \mathrm{mmol}$ scale): 178 mg . $(79 \%) / 1.97 \mathrm{~g}(88 \%), \mathrm{mp} 166-167^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{MeCN}) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 300 MHz , DMSO- $d_{6}$ ): $\delta 2.65\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 3.41-3.44(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}$, $\left.\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) \mathrm{N}\right), 3.53-3.54\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) \mathrm{O}\right), 5.58\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}_{2}\right), 11.79$ $(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ): $\delta 23.1$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 30.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 41.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{~N}\right), 45.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{~N}\right)$, $65.98\left(\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2} \mathrm{O}\right), 158.2-158.6(\mathrm{C}-3$ and $\mathrm{C}-5), 170.0(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$. IR $(\mathrm{KBr}) \nu 3331(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 3192(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 1619(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1542,1476,1255$, 1115, 1064, $1013 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{9} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ : C, 47.99; H, 6.71; N, 31.09. Found: C, 47.85; H, 6.77; N, 30.97.

3-(5-Amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)-1-(piperidin-1-yl)propan-1-one (5b). White solid, yield ( $1 \mathrm{mmol} / 10 \mathrm{mmol}$ scale): 180 mg ( $81 \%$ )/ $1.62 \mathrm{~g}(73 \%)$, mp $165-167^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{MeCN}) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 300 MHz , DMSO$\left.d_{6}\right): \delta 1.42-1.60\left(6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3}\right), 2.62\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 3.36-$ $3.42\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2} \mathrm{~N}\right), 5.53\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}_{2}\right), 11.69(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH})$. ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 75 MHz , DMSO- $d_{6}$ ): $\delta 23.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 24.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $25.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 25.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 30.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 41.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{~N}\right), 45.7$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{~N}\right), 158.5(\mathrm{C}-3$ and $\mathrm{C}-5), 169.2(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$. IR (KBr) $\nu 3305(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H})$, 3138 (N-H), 1617 (C=O), 1479, 1405, 1287, 1135, 1098, $1067 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{10} \mathrm{H}_{17} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}: \mathrm{C}, 53.79 ; \mathrm{H}, 7.67 ; \mathrm{N}, 31.37$. Found: C, 53.67; H, 7.72; N, 31.24.

3-(5-Amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)-N-(4-benzyl)propanamide (5d). White solid, yield ( $1 \mathrm{mmol} / 10 \mathrm{mmol}$ scale): $191 \mathrm{mg}(78 \%) / 2.05 \mathrm{~g}$ (84\%), mp 208-210 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{EtOH}) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 300 MHz , DMSO- $d_{6}$ ): $\delta 2.45-2.49\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 2.67\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t},{ }^{3} J=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 4.26\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d},{ }^{3} \mathrm{~J}=5.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{NH}\right), 5.61(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}$, $\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ ), $7.21-7.33$ ( $5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, \mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}, \mathrm{H}-5^{\prime}$ and $\mathrm{H}-6^{\prime}$ ), 8.35 ( $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br}$ $\left.\mathrm{t},{ }^{3} \mathrm{~J}=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{NHC}=\mathrm{O}\right), 11.67(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 75 MHz , DMSO- $\left.d_{6}\right): \delta 23.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 33.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 41.9$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{NH}\right), 126.5\left(\mathrm{C}-4^{\prime}\right), 127.0\left(\mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}\right.$ and $\left.\mathrm{C}-6^{\prime}\right), 128.1\left(\mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}\right.$ and $\left.\mathrm{C}-5^{\prime}\right)$, 139.5 (C-1'), 158.3 (C-3 and C-5), $171.2(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$. IR (KBr) $\nu 3414$ ( $\mathrm{N}-$ H), $3324(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 3247(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 1638(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1546,1482,1225,1081$, 1058, $1003 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}: \mathrm{C}, 58.76 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.16 ; \mathrm{N}$, 28.55. Found: C, 58.61 ; H, 6.30; N, 28.47.

3-(5-Amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)-N-(4-methoxybenzyl)propanamide (5e). White solid, yield: 224 mg ( $84 \%$ ), mp 218$220{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{EtOH}) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 300 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ): $\delta 2.38-2.48(2 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 2.65\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t},{ }^{3} \mathrm{~J}=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 3.72$ $\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 4.19\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d},{ }^{3} \mathrm{~J}=5.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{NH}\right), 5.62(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}$, $\left.\mathrm{NH}_{2}\right), 6.87\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d},{ }^{3} J=8.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}\right.$ and $\left.\mathrm{H}-5^{\prime}\right), 7.15\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d},{ }^{3} J=\right.$ $8.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}$ and $\left.\mathrm{H}-6^{\prime}\right), 8.27\left(1 \mathrm{H}\right.$, br t, $\left.{ }^{3} J=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{NHC}=\mathrm{O}\right)$, $11.64(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 75 MHz , DMSO- $d_{6}$ ): $\delta 23.6$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 33.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 41.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{NH}\right), 54.9$ $\left(\mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 113.6\left(\mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}\right.$ and $\left.\mathrm{C}-5^{\prime}\right), 128.3\left(\mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}\right.$ and $\left.\mathrm{C}-6^{\prime}\right), 131.4\left(\mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}\right)$, 158.0 (C-4'), 159.5 (C-3 and C-5), $171.0(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$. IR ( KBr ) $\nu 3413$ ( $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H}$ ), $3324(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 3246(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 1637(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1547,1482,1257$, 1106, 1058, $1032 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{17} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ : C, 56.71; H, 6.22; N, 25.44. Found: C, 56.58; H, 6.31; N, 25.32.

3-(5-Amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)-N-(4-fluorobenzyl)propanamide (5f). White solid, yield: 199 mg ( $76 \%$ ), mp 218-219 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (EtOH). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ): $\delta 2.41-2.51(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 2.67\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t},{ }^{3} J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 4.24(2 \mathrm{H}$, d, $\left.{ }^{3} J=5.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{NH}\right), 5.61\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}_{2}\right), 7.12\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=\right.$ $8.9 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HF}}=8.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}$ and $\left.\mathrm{H}-5^{\prime}\right), 7.25\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd},{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{HF}}=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, ${ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HH}}=8.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}$ and $\left.\mathrm{H}-6^{\prime}\right), 8.36\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{t},{ }^{3} J=5.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{NHC}=\right.$ O), $11.69(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 75 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ): $\delta 23.6$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 33.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right)$, $41.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{NH}\right), 114.8(\mathrm{~d}$, ${ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=21.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}$ and $\left.\mathrm{C}-5^{\prime}\right), 128.9\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=8.20 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}\right.$ and C-6'), 135.7 ( $\mathrm{d},{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=3.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}$ ), 157.4 (C-3 and C-5), 161.0 (d, $\left.{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=242.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}-4^{\prime}\right), 171.2(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}) . \operatorname{IR}(\mathrm{KBr}) \nu 3415(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 3325$ ( $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H}$ ), 3248 ( $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H}$ ), 1639 ( $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 1547, 1482, 1225, 1094, 1059, $1005 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{14} \mathrm{FN}_{5} \mathrm{O}: \mathrm{C}, 54.75 ; \mathrm{H}, 5.36$; N, 26.60. Found: 54.68; H, 5.40; N, 26.54.

3-(5-Amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)-N-(3,4-difluorobenzyl)propanamide (5g). White solid, yield: 136 mg (48\%), mp 173-175 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (EtOH). ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ): $\delta 2.47-2.68(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}$,
$\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 4.25\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d},{ }^{3} J=5.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{NH}\right), 5.07-5.76(2 \mathrm{H}$, br s, $\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ ), $7.05-7.09\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}\right), 7.23-7.40\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{H}-5^{\prime}\right.$ and $\left.\mathrm{H}-6^{\prime}\right), 8.42\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br}\right.$ t, $\left.{ }^{3} \mathrm{~J}=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{NHC}=\mathrm{O}\right), 11.58-12.30(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}$, NH). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 75 MHz , DMSO- $d_{6}$ ): $\delta 24.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 33.3$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 41.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{NH}\right), 115.9\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=17.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}\right)$, $117.1\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=17.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}-5^{\prime}\right), 123.6\left(\mathrm{dd},{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=3.1 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=\right.$ $\left.7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}-6^{\prime}\right), 137.5\left(\mathrm{dd},{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=3.8 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=5.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}\right), 148.2$ $\left(\mathrm{dd},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=243.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}-4^{\prime}\right), 149.1\left(\mathrm{dd},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=\right.$ $\left.12.7 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=245.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}\right), 156.7$ and $159.8(\mathrm{C}-3$ and C-5), $171.4(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$. IR ( KBr ) $\nu 3417(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 3322(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 3246(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H})$, 1636 ( $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 1554, 1433, 1226, 1115, 1061, $1014 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{13} \mathrm{~F}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}$ : C, 51.24; H, 4.66; N, 24.90. Found: C, 51.09; H, 4.72; N, 24.78.

3-(5-Amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)-N-(3-trifluoromethylbenzyl) propanamide (5h). White solid, yield: 181 mg ( $58 \%$ ), mp 157$158{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{EtOH}) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 300 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ): $\delta 2.48-2.71(4 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{m}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 4.36\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d},{ }^{3} \mathrm{~J}=5.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{NH}\right), 5.11-5.74$ $\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}_{2}\right), 7.54-7.59\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, \mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}, \mathrm{H}-5^{\prime}\right.$ and $\left.\mathrm{H}-6^{\prime}\right), 8.49$ $\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br}\right.$ t, $\left.{ }^{3} \mathrm{~J}=5.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{NHC}=\mathrm{O}\right), 11.60-12.30(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $75 \mathrm{MHz}, \quad$ DMSO- $d_{6}$ ): $\delta 23.9 \quad\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 33.4$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 41.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{NH}\right), 123.3\left(\mathrm{q},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=3.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}-4^{\prime}\right)$, $123.5\left(\mathrm{q},{ }^{3} \mathrm{~J}_{\mathrm{CF}}=3.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}\right), 124.2\left(\mathrm{q},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=272.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CF}_{3}\right)$, $128.9\left(\mathrm{q},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=31.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}\right), 129.3\left(\mathrm{C}-5^{\prime}\right), 131.2\left(\mathrm{C}-6^{\prime}\right), 141.1(\mathrm{C}-$ $\left.1^{\prime}\right), 156.8$ and 159.8 ( $\mathrm{C}-3$ and $\mathrm{C}-5$ ), $171.5(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$. IR ( KBr ) $\nu 3410$ ( $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H}$ ), $3321(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 3232(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 1641(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1553,1480,1260$, 1167, 1115, $1071 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{14} \mathrm{~F}_{3} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}$ : C, 49.84; H, 4.50; N, 22.36. Found: C, 49.79; H, 4.53; N, 22.29.

3-(5-Amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)-N-(phenethyl)propanamide (5i). White solid, yield ( $1 \mathrm{mmol} / 10 \mathrm{mmol}$ scale): $211 \mathrm{mg}(81 \%) /$ $2.13 \mathrm{~g}(82 \%), \mathrm{mp} 188-190^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{EtOH}) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 300 MHz , DMSO$\left.d_{6}\right): \delta 2.37\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t},{ }^{3} J=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 2.60\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t},{ }^{3} J=\right.$ $\left.7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 2.69\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t},{ }^{3} J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{NH}\right), 3.25$ $\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{q},{ }^{3} J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{NH}\right), 5.59\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}_{2}\right), 7.17-7.31$ $\left(5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, \mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}, \mathrm{H}-5^{\prime}\right.$ and $\left.\mathrm{H}-6^{\prime}\right), 7.94\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{brt},{ }^{3} J=5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $\mathrm{NHC}=\mathrm{O}), 11.68\left(1 \mathrm{H}\right.$, br s, NH). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 75 MHz , DMSO- $d_{6}$ ): $\delta 23.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 33.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 35.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{NH}\right)$, $40.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{NH}\right), 125.9\left(\mathrm{C}-4^{\prime}\right), 128.2\left(\mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}\right.$ and $\left.\mathrm{C}-6^{\prime}\right), 128.5\left(\mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}\right.$ and $\left.\mathrm{C}-5^{\prime}\right), 139.4\left(\mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}\right), 158.5(\mathrm{C}-3$ and $\mathrm{C}-5), 171.0(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}) . \mathrm{IR}$ $(\mathrm{KBr}) \nu 3417(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 3325(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 3241(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 1640(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1553$, 1479, 1227, 1085, 1063, $1018 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{17} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}$ : C, 60.21; H, 6.61; N, 27.01. Found: C, 60.08; H, 6.70; N, 26.88.

## Microwave-assisted synthesis of 3-(5-amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)-1-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)propan-1-one (5c)

A mixture of $N$-guanidinosuccinimide (2) ( $156 \mathrm{mg}, 1 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and pyrrolidine ( $165 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 2 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in acetonitrile ( 1 mL ) were irradiated in 10 mL seamless pressure vial using microwave system operating at maximal microwave power up to 300 W at $170{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 25 min . After cooling, the solvent was evaporated under vacuum and the residue was triturated with ethyl acetate. The precipitate formed, was filtered, washed with ethyl acetate and recrystalised from ethanol to give desired product 5c. White solid; yield: 178 mg (85\%); mp 189-191 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{EtOH}) ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- $\left.d_{6}\right): \delta 1.75\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m},{ }^{3} J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.86\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m},{ }^{3} J\right.$ $\left.=6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 2.53-2.64\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 3.27\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t},{ }^{3} J=\right.$ $\left.6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{~N}\right), 3.39\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t},{ }^{3} \mathrm{~J}=6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{~N}\right), 5.62(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}$,
$\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ ), 11.59 ( 1 H, br s, NH ); ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 75 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ): $\delta 22.8$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 23.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 25.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 31.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right)$, $45.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{~N}\right), 45.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{~N}\right), 159.4(\mathrm{C}-3$ and $\mathrm{C}-5), 169.4(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$. IR (KBr) $\nu 3358(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 3204(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 1622(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1568,1467,1397$, 1341, 1228, $1062 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{9} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}: \mathrm{C}, 51.66 ; \mathrm{H}$, 7.23; N, 33.47. Found: C, 51.58; H, 7.25; N, 33.42.

## General method for the microwave-assisted synthesis of 3-(5-amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)propanamides (5j-t)

A mixture of the corresponding $N$-arylsuccnimide (4a-k) (1 mmol ) and aminoguanidine hydrochloride ( $111 \mathrm{mg}, 1 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in ethanol ( 1 mL ) was irradiated in the 10 mL seamless pressure vial using microwave system operating at maximal microwave power up to 300 W at $170{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 50 min . After cooling to the ambient temperature, $480 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ of KOH solution in ethanol ( 2.5 $\mathrm{M})$ was added to the vial and the reaction mixture was irradiated again at $180{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 15 min . After cooling to the ambient temperature, the reaction mixture was diluted with 15 mL of water. The precipitated solid was filtered, washed with cold water and recrystalised from a suitable solvent to give desired products $\mathbf{5 j}$-t. The reaction was also replicated in an increase scale of $N$-arylsuccnimide ( $\mathbf{4 a - k}$ ) ( 10 mmol ) and aminoguanidine hydrochloride ( $1.11 \mathrm{~g}, 10 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in ethanol ( 10 mL ).

3-(5-Amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)-N-(phenyl)propanamide (5j). Pale brownish solid, yield ( $1 \mathrm{mmol} / 10 \mathrm{mmol}$ scale): $135 \mathrm{mg}(58 \%) /$ $1.30 \mathrm{~g}(56 \%)$, mp $245-246{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 300 MHz , DMSO- $d_{6}$ ): $\delta 2.65-2.71\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 5.04-5.77\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}_{2}\right), 7.01$ $\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t},{ }^{3} J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 7.28\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t},{ }^{3} J=7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}\right.$ and $\left.\mathrm{H}-5^{\prime}\right)$, $7.59\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d},{ }^{3} \mathrm{~J}=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}\right.$ and $\left.\mathrm{H}-6^{\prime}\right), 9.95(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NHC}=\mathrm{O})$, $11.57-12.32(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 75 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ): $\delta 23.8$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 34.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 118.9\left(\mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}\right.$ and $\left.\mathrm{C}-6^{\prime}\right), 122.8$ (C-4'), 128.5 (C-3' and $\left.\mathrm{C}-5^{\prime}\right), 139.3$ ( $\mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}$ ), 156.7-159.8 (C-3 and $\mathrm{C}-5$ ), $170.3(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$. IR (KBr) $\nu 3464(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 3298(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 3164(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 1649$ $(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1596,1498,1317,1258,1166,1095 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{11} \mathrm{H}_{13} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}: \mathrm{C}, 57.13 ; \mathrm{H}, 5.67$; N, 30.28. Found: C, $57.05 ; \mathrm{H}, 5.82$; N, 30.21.

3-(5-Amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)-N-(4-fluorophenyl)propanamide ( $\mathbf{5 k}$ ). White solid, yield ( $1 \mathrm{mmol} / 10 \mathrm{mmol}$ scale): $139 \mathrm{mg}(56 \%) / 1.51 \mathrm{~g}(61 \%), \mathrm{mp} 218-220^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{MeOH}) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(300 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, DMSO- $\left.d_{6}\right): \delta 2.64-2.70\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 5.00-$ $5.77\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}_{2}\right), 7.12\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{HF}}=8.9 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{3} \mathrm{~J}_{\mathrm{HH}}=\right.$ $8.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}$ and $\left.\mathrm{H}-5^{\prime}\right), 7.61\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd},{ }^{3} \mathrm{~J}_{\mathrm{HF}}=5.1 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{3} \mathrm{~J}_{\mathrm{HH}}=\right.$ $9.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}$ and $\left.\mathrm{H}^{-} 6^{\prime}\right), 10.00(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NHC}=\mathrm{O}), 11.57-12.33$ $(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 75 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ): $\delta 23.7$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 34.2 \quad\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 115.1 \quad\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=\right.$ $21.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}$ and C-6'), 120.6 (d, ${ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}$ and C-6'), 135.7 (d, $\left.{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}\right), 157.7\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=239.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}\right)$, 156.7 and 159.8 (C-3 and C-5), $170.2(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}) . \mathrm{IR}(\mathrm{KBr}) \nu 3417$ ( $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H}$ ), $3325(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 3256(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 1660(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1624,1546$, 1404, 1223, 1098, $1068 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{11} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{FN}_{5} \mathrm{O}: \mathrm{C}$, 53.01; H, 4.85; N, 28.10. Found: C, 52.88; H, 4.96; N, 27.92.

3-(5-Amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)- N -(2-chlorophenyl)propanamide (51). Yellowish solid, yield ( $1 \mathrm{mmol} / 10 \mathrm{mmol}$ scale): $112 \mathrm{mg}(42 \%) / 1.59 \mathrm{~g}(60 \%), \mathrm{mp} 179-181{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{MeCN}) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 300 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ): $\delta 2.71\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 5.00-5.81$ $\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br}\right.$ s, $\left.\mathrm{NH}_{2}\right), 7.16\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dt},{ }^{4} J=1.4 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{3} J=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right)$,
$7.31\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dt},{ }^{4} J=1.4 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{3} J=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-5^{\prime}\right), 7.47\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd},{ }^{4} J=\right.$ $\left.1.4 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{4} J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-6^{\prime}\right), 7.74\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d},{ }^{3} J=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}\right), 9.52$ $(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NHC}=\mathrm{O}), 11.60-12.34(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 75 MHz, DMSO- $\left.d_{6}\right): \delta 24.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 34.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right)$, 125.9 (C-4 $4^{\prime}$ and $\mathrm{C}-6^{\prime}$ ), 126.1 (C-5'), 127.2 (C-3'), 129.3 (C-2'), 135.0 ( $\mathrm{C}-\mathbf{1}^{\prime}$ ), 156.7 and 159.7 (C-3 and C-5), $170.9(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$. IR (KBr) $\nu 3409(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 3337(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 3223(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 1653(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$, 1606, 1539, 1450, 1290, 1101, $1077 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{11} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{ClN}_{5} \mathrm{O}: \mathrm{C}, 49.73$; H, 4.55; N, 26.36. Found: C, 49.67; H, 4.66; N, 26.22.

3-(5-Amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)- N -(3-chlorophenyl)propanamide ( 5 m ). White solid, yield ( $1 \mathrm{mmol} / 10 \mathrm{mmol}$ scale): $169 \mathrm{mg}(64 \%) / 1.97 \mathrm{~g}(74 \%), \mathrm{mp} 209-210{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{MeCN}) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 300 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ): $\delta 2.68\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 4.99-5.78$ $\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}_{2}\right), 7.07\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ddd},{ }^{4} J=1.0 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{4} J=2.1 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{3} J=\right.$ $\left.7.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 7.31\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t},{ }^{3} J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-5^{\prime}\right), 7.43\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ddd},{ }^{4} J=\right.$ $\left.1.0 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{4} J=1.9 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{3} J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-6^{\prime}\right), 7.82\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd},{ }^{4} J=\right.$ $\left.2.0 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{4} J=2.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}\right), 10.15(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NHC}=\mathrm{O}), 11.56-12.33$ $(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ): $\delta 23.6$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 34.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 117.2\left(\mathrm{C}-6^{\prime}\right), 118.3(\mathrm{C}-$ $\left.2^{\prime}\right), 122.5$ (C-4'), 130.2 ( $\mathrm{C}-5^{\prime}$ ), 132.9 ( $\mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}$ ), 140.7 (C-1'), 156.8 and $159.9(\mathrm{C}-3$ and $\mathrm{C}-5), 170.8(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$. IR (KBr) $\nu 3417(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H})$, 3323 ( $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H}$ ), $3243(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 1659(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1625,1597,1481,1286$, 1097, $1068 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{11} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{ClN}_{5} \mathrm{O}: \mathrm{C}, 49.73 ; \mathrm{H}$, 4.55; N, 26.36. Found: C, 49.62; H, 4.63; N, 26.28.

3-(5-Amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)-N-(4-chlorophenyl)propanamide ( $\mathbf{5 n}$ ). White solid, yield ( $1 \mathrm{mmol} / 10 \mathrm{mmol}$ scale): $171 \mathrm{mg}(64 \%) / 1.77 \mathrm{~g}(67 \%), \mathrm{mp} 219-220^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{MeOH}) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(300 \mathrm{MHz}\right.$, DMSO- $\left.d_{6}\right): \delta 2.67\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 4.98-5.78$ $\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}_{2}\right), 7.33\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d},{ }^{3} J=8.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}\right.$ and $\left.\mathrm{H}-5^{\prime}\right), 7.62$ $\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d},{ }^{3} J=8.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}\right.$ and $\left.\mathrm{H}-6^{\prime}\right), 10.10(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NHC}=\mathrm{O})$, 11.56-12.32 ( $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}$ ). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 75 MHz , DMSO- $d_{6}$ ): $\delta 23.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 34.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 120.4\left(\mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}\right.$ and $\mathrm{C}-$ $\left.6^{\prime}\right), 126.3\left(\mathrm{C}-4^{\prime}\right), 128.4\left(\mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}\right.$ and $\left.\mathrm{C}-5^{\prime}\right), 138.2\left(\mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}\right), 156.8$ and 159.8 (C-3 and C-5), $170.6(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$. IR (KBr) $\nu 3416(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 3323$ $(\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H}), 3244(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 1656(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1625,1542,1480,1240$, 1098, $1068 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{11} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{ClN}_{5} \mathrm{O}: \mathrm{C}, 49.73 ; \mathrm{H}$, 4.55; N, 26.36. Found: C, 49.66; H, 4.61; N, 26.27.

3-(5-Amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)-N-(3-methylphenyl)propanamide (5o). Yellowish solid, yield ( $1 \mathrm{mmol} / 10 \mathrm{mmol}$ scale): $113 \mathrm{mg}(46 \%) / 1.16 \mathrm{~g}(47 \%), \mathrm{mp} 202-203{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{MeCN}) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right): \delta 2.26\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 2.65(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}$, $\left.\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 4.98-5.77\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}_{2}\right), 6.83\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d},{ }^{3} J=\right.$ $\left.7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 7.15\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t},{ }^{3} J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-5^{\prime}\right), 7.36\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d},{ }^{3} J=\right.$ $\left.8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-6^{\prime}\right), 7.44\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}\right), 9.86(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NHC}=\mathrm{O}), 11.56-$ $12.32(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ): $\delta 21.1$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 23.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 34.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 116.1\left(\mathrm{C}-6^{\prime}\right)$, 119.4 (C-2'), 123.5 (C-4'), 128.4 (C-5'), 137.7 (C-3'), 138.2 (C$\left.1^{\prime}\right), 156.7$ and $159.8(\mathrm{C}-3$ and $\mathrm{C}-5), 170.3(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$. IR ( KBr ) $\nu$ 3417 ( $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H}$ ), $3323(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 3250(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 1660(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1623$, 1547, 1480, 1210, 1096, $1067 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}: \mathrm{C}, 58.76 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.16$; N, 28.55. Found: C, 58.69; H, 6.22; N, 28.48.

3-(5-Amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)-N-(4-methylphenyl)propanamide (5p). White solid, yield ( $1 \mathrm{mmol} / 10 \mathrm{mmol}$ scale): $117 \mathrm{mg}(48 \%) / 1.05 \mathrm{~g}(43 \%), \mathrm{mp} 221^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{MeOH}) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (300 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right): \delta 2.24\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 2.63-2.70(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}$,
$\left.\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 5.03-5.77\left(2 \mathrm{H}\right.$, br s, $\left.\mathrm{NH}_{2}\right), 7.08\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d},{ }^{3} \mathrm{~J}=\right.$ $8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}$ and $\left.\mathrm{H}-5^{\prime}\right), 7.47\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d},{ }^{3} \mathrm{~J}=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}\right.$ and $\left.\mathrm{H}-6^{\prime}\right)$, $9.86(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NHC}=\mathrm{O}), 11.56-12.31(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right): \delta 20.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 23.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 34.2$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 118.9\left(\mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}\right.$ and $\left.\mathrm{C}-6^{\prime}\right), 128.9\left(\mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}\right.$ and $\left.\mathrm{C}-5^{\prime}\right)$, $131.6\left(\mathrm{C}-4^{\prime}\right), 136.8\left(\mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}\right), 156.6$ and $159.8(\mathrm{C}-3$ and $\mathrm{C}-5), 170.1$ $(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$. IR $(\mathrm{KBr}) \nu 3306(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 3192(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 3130(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 1663$ $(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1608,1553,1406,1236,1110,1060 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}: \mathrm{C}, 58.76 ; \mathrm{H}, 6.16 ; \mathrm{N}, 28.55$. Found: C, $58.68 ; \mathrm{H}$, 6.20; N, 28.48.

3-(5-Amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)- N -(4-isopropylphenyl)propanamide ( $\mathbf{5 q}$ ). White solid, yield ( $1 \mathrm{mmol} / 10 \mathrm{mmol}$ scale): $162 \mathrm{mg}(59 \%) / 1.86 \mathrm{~g}(68 \%), \mathrm{mp} 187-188{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{MeCN}) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- $d_{6}$ ): $\delta 1.17\left(6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d},{ }^{3} J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{CH}\right)$, $2.64-2.67\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 2.82\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m},{ }^{3} \mathrm{~J}=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $\left.\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{CH}\right), 4.98-5.78\left(2 \mathrm{H}\right.$, br s, $\left.\mathrm{NH}_{2}\right), 7.14\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d},{ }^{3} J=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-\right.$ $3^{\prime}$ and $\left.\mathrm{H}-5^{\prime}\right), 7.49\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d},{ }^{3} J=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}\right.$ and $\left.\mathrm{H}-6^{\prime}\right), 9.86(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}$, $\mathrm{NHC}=\mathrm{O}), 11.56-12.32(1 \mathrm{H}$, br $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $(75 \mathrm{MHz}$, DMSO- $\left.d_{6}\right): \quad \delta \quad 23.9 \quad\left(\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{CH}\right), 23.9 \quad\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 32.7$ $\left(\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{CH}\right), 34.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 119.0\left(\mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}\right.$ and $\left.\mathrm{C}-6^{\prime}\right), 126.2(\mathrm{C}-$ $3^{\prime}$ and $\left.\mathrm{C}-5^{\prime}\right), 137.0\left(\mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}\right), 142.8\left(\mathrm{C}-4^{\prime}\right), 156.6$ and $159.8(\mathrm{C}-3$ and $\mathrm{C}-5), 170.2(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$. IR (KBr) $\nu 3429(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 3306(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 3243(\mathrm{~N}-$ $\mathrm{H}), 1651(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1594,1532,1414,1251,1093,1065 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}: \mathrm{C}, 61.52 ; \mathrm{H}, 7.01 ; \mathrm{N}, 25.62$. Found: C, 61.40; H, 7.08; N, 25.54.

3-(5-Amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)-N-(3-methoxyphenyl)propanamide (5r). Brownish solid, yield ( $1 \mathrm{mmol} / 10 \mathrm{mmol}$ scale): $67 \mathrm{mg}(26 \%) / 812 \mathrm{mg}(31 \%), \mathrm{mp} 174-175{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{MeCN}) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right): \delta 2.65-2.70\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 3.34$ $\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 5.07-5.76\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br}\right.$ s, $\left.\mathrm{NH}_{2}\right), 6.60\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ddd},{ }^{4} J=\right.$ $\left.1.1 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{4} J=2.5 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{3} J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-6^{\prime}\right), 7.11\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{ddd},{ }^{4} J=1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $\left.{ }^{4} J=1.5 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{3} J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 7.18\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{t},{ }^{3} J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-5^{\prime}\right), 7.32$ $\left(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd},{ }^{4} J=2.0 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{4} J=2.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}\right), 9.94(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NHC}=\mathrm{O})$, 11.58-12.30 (1H, br s, NH). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ): $\delta 23.6$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 34.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 54.8\left(\mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 104.7\left(\mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}\right)$, $108.3\left(\mathrm{C}-4^{\prime}\right), 111.2\left(\mathrm{C}-6^{\prime}\right), 129.3\left(\mathrm{C}-5^{\prime}\right), 140.4\left(\mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}\right), 156.8$ and 159.4 (C-3 and C-5), $159.4\left(\mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}\right), 170.4(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}) . \operatorname{IR}(\mathrm{KBr}) \nu 3438$ $(\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H}), 3304(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 3223(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 1670(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1612,1548,1478$, 1211, $1074,1045 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ : C, 55.16 ; H, 5.79; N, 26.80. Found: C, 55.04; H, 5.86; N, 26.68.

3-(5-Amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)-N-(4-methoxyphenyl)propanamide $(5 \mathrm{~s})$. White solid, yield ( $1 \mathrm{mmol} / 10 \mathrm{mmol}$ scale): $131 \mathrm{mg}(50 \%) / 1.19 \mathrm{~g}(46 \%), \mathrm{mp} 221-222{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{MeOH}) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(300 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right): \delta 2.62-2.67\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 3.71$ $\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 4.98-5.77\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}_{2}\right), 6.85\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d},{ }^{3} J=9.1 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $\mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}$ and $\left.\mathrm{H}-5^{\prime}\right), 7.49\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d},{ }^{3} \mathrm{~J}=9.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}\right.$ and $\left.\mathrm{H}-6^{\prime}\right), 9.80$ $(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NHC}=\mathrm{O}), 11.55-12.31(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 75 MHz , DMSO- $\left.d_{6}\right): \delta 23.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 33.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 55.0$ $\left(\mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 113.7\left(\mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}\right.$ and $\left.\mathrm{C}-5^{\prime}\right), 120.4\left(\mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}\right.$ and $\left.\mathrm{C}-6^{\prime}\right), 132.5\left(\mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}\right)$, $154.9\left(\mathrm{C}-4^{\prime}\right), 156.6$ and $159.8(\mathrm{C}-3$ and $\mathrm{C}-5), 169.8(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$. IR $(\mathrm{KBr}) \nu 3416(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 3295(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 3135(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 1652(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1548$, $1515,1407,1249,1067,1029 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{12} \mathrm{H}_{15} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ : C, 55.16; H, 5.79; N, 26.80. Found: C, 55.05; H, 5.82; N, 26.73.

3-(5-Amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)-N-(4-acetamidophenyl)propanamide (5t). Light grey solid, yield ( $1 \mathrm{mmol} / 10 \mathrm{mmol}$ scale): $110 \mathrm{mg}(38 \%) / 1.28 \mathrm{~g}(44 \%), \mathrm{mp} 267-269^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right) .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (300 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}\right): \delta 2.01\left(3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 2.63-2.68(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}$,
$\left.\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 4.97-5.77\left(2 \mathrm{H}\right.$, br s, $\left.\mathrm{NH}_{2}\right), 7.44-7.51\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}\right.$, $\left.\mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}, \mathrm{H}-5^{\prime}, \mathrm{H}-6^{\prime}\right), 9.82(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NHC}=\mathrm{O}), 9.88(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NHC}=\mathrm{O})$, $11.55-12.32(1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{NH}) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $75 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{DMSO}-d_{6}$ ): $\delta 23.8$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 33.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}\right), 119.2\left(\mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, \mathrm{C}-5^{\prime}\right.$ and $\left.\mathrm{C}-6^{\prime}\right), 134.5\left(\mathrm{C}-4^{\prime}\right), 134.5\left(\mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}\right), 156.7$ and $159.8(\mathrm{C}-3$ and $\mathrm{C}-5)$, $167.8\left(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 170.0(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$. IR $(\mathrm{KBr}) \nu 3463(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 3306$ $(\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H}), 3117(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 3030(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}), 1662(\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 1617,1533,1408$, 1277, 1120, $1058 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$. Anal. calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{13} \mathrm{H}_{16} \mathrm{~N}_{6} \mathrm{O}_{2}$ : C, 54.16; H, 5.59; N, 29.15. Found: C, 54.02; H, 5.64; N, 29.00 .

## X-Ray crystallographic analysis

Intensity data for $\mathbf{5 j}$ were measured for a colourless crystal (0.09 $\times 0.13 \times 0.24 \mathrm{~mm})$ at 100 K on an Rigaku/Oxford Diffraction XtaLAB Synergy diffractometer (Dualflex, AtlasS2) fitted with $\mathrm{CuK} \alpha$ radiation $(\lambda=1.54178 \AA)$ so that $\theta_{\max }=67.1^{\circ}$. Data reduction and Gaussian absorption corrections were by standard methods. ${ }^{21}$ The structure was solved by direct-methods ${ }^{22}$ and refined on $F^{2}$ (ref. 23) with anisotropic displacement parameters, C-bound H atoms included in the riding model approximation and N -bound H atoms refined with $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H}=0.88-$ $0.91 \pm 0.01 \AA$. A weighting scheme of the form $w=1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}^{2}\right)+\right.$ $\left.(0.043 P)^{2}+0.479 P\right]$ where $\left.P=\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}{ }^{2}+2{F_{\mathrm{c}}}^{2}\right) / 3\right)$ was introduced. The molecular structure diagram showing $70 \%$ probability displacement ellipsoids was generated by ORTEP for Windows ${ }^{24}$ and the packing diagrams with DIAMOND. ${ }^{25}$ Additional data analysis was made with PLATON. ${ }^{26}$ In order to confirm the location of the acidic-H atoms, an unrestrained refinement was performed which yielded $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H}$ bond lengths in the range $0.84(2)$ to $0.898(18) \AA$, thereby, conforming the original assignment.

Crystal data for 3-(5-amino-1H-1,2,4-triazol-3-yl)-N-(phenyl) propanamide (5j). $M=231.26$, monoclinic, $P 2_{1} / n, a=$ 8.58760(10), $b=9.09790(10), \quad c=14.20640(10) \AA, \beta=$ $100.8930(10)^{\circ}, V=1089.934(19) \AA^{3}, Z=4, D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.409 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{~cm}^{-3}$, $F(000)=488, \mu=0.795 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$, no. reflns meas. $=25310$, no. unique reflns $=1939\left(R_{\text {int }}=0.028\right)$, no. reflns with $I \geq 2 \sigma(I)=$ 1882, no. parameters $=166, R$ (obs. data) $=0.032, \mathrm{w} R_{2}$ (all data) $=0.081$. CCDC deposition number: 1844791.

## Conflicts of interest

There are no conflicts to declare.

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