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Green synthesis of new pyrrolidine-fused spirooxindoles via three-component domino reaction in EtOH/H₂O†

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An efficient, green and sustainable approach for the synthesis of novel polycyclic pyrrolidine-fused spirooxindole compounds was developed. The synthesis included a one-pot, three-component, domino reaction of (*E*)-3-(2-nitrovinyl)-indoles, isatins and chiral polycyclic α -amino acids under catalyst-free conditions at room temperature in EtOH–H₂O. The salient features of this methodology are eco-friendliness, high yields and the ease of obtaining target compounds without the involvement of toxic solvents and column chromatography. These novel polycyclic pyrrolidine-fused spirooxindoles provide a collection of structurally diverse compounds that show promise for future bioassays and medical treatments.

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Introduction

To adhere to the principles of “green chemistry” and “benign by design”,¹ there is an immediate need to develop efficient chemical synthetic strategies that are environmentally friendly, sustainable, and atom-economical. To maximize reaction sustainability and safety,² development of novel synthetic strategies that involve greener reaction media have resulted in sustainable pathways for chemical synthesis.³ An alcohol–water solution, as a nontoxic, inexpensive and widely available solvent, has been shown to not only accelerate the rate of organic reactions, even for water-insoluble reactants, but can also simplify purification operations to standard filtration or recrystallization.⁴ Recently, multicomponent reactions (MCRs)⁵ have emerged as efficient tools for synthesizing functionally and chemically diverse novel heterocyclic compounds in organic and medicinal chemistry. Of immediate need is the

exploration of new MCRs in alcohol–water solution for the organic synthesis of novel compounds for drug discovery and the promotion of green chemistry.⁶

Spirooxindole ring systems are frequently encountered in natural alkaloids⁷ and are often considered as attractive templates for drug discovery.⁸ Natural and synthetic alkaloids containing an indole moiety exhibit a wide spectrum of biological activities including anti-tumor,⁹ anti-microbial,¹⁰ anti-malarial,¹¹ anti-diabetic,¹² anti-tubercular,¹³ anti-HIV,¹⁴ anti-oxidant¹⁵ and other biological activities.¹⁶ Their remarkable pharmacological activity and unique molecular architecture have made spirooxindoles, and their derivatives, attractive synthetic targets.¹⁷ In addition, functionalized polycyclic *N*-fused-pyrrolidines have also been shown to have a wide spectrum of biological activities that include anti-tumor, anti-HIV and other anti-viral disease activities.¹⁸ Spiro-fused cyclic frameworks are known to be the central skeletons of numerous alkaloids and pharmacologically important compounds with various types of bioactivities.¹⁹ The two organic frameworks are regarded as templates for drug discovery and scaffolds for combinatorial libraries, respectively,²⁰ the presence of two or more different heterocyclic moieties in a single molecule could remarkably enhance biological activity.²¹ To date, some representative molecules (**1–3**) have been designed and synthesized, which exhibit outstanding pharmacological activities²² (Fig. 1). Here we speculate that the integration of spirooxindole, polycyclic *N*-fused-pyrrolidines and spiro-fused cyclic frameworks into a molecule may result in the discovery of new drug candidates. Polycyclic pyrrolidine-fused spirooxindoles may exhibit a wide range of useful pharmacological properties and biological activities in combination with the pharmacological activity of spirooxindole, *N*-fused-pyrrolidines and spiro-fused cyclic frameworks.

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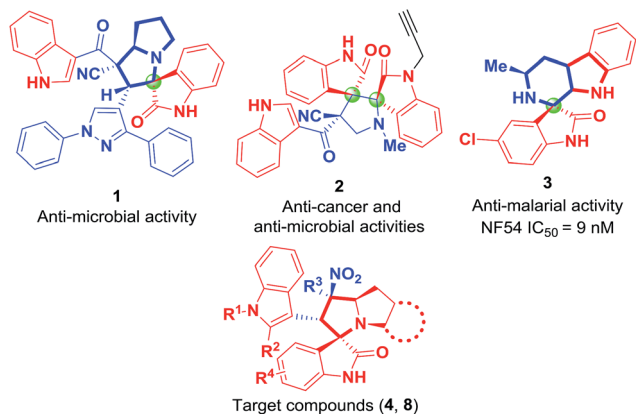


Fig. 1 Selected representative biologically active heterocycles and target compounds that exhibit pharmacological activities.

Despite recent attention on the synthesis of novel spirocyclic oxindoles, the development of green and sustainable methods to access spirooxindoles remains challenging. Only a limited number of methodologies have been reported for the synthesis of the above-mentioned compounds,²³ and most require toxic organic solvents, harsh reaction conditions, expensive catalysts or involve complex separation processes. The development of a milder, more eco-friendly and efficient method for synthesizing combined novel spirooxindoles under aqueous solvent conditions is necessary. Here, we described a relatively easy and green method for the synthesis of novel polycyclic pyrrolidine-fused spirooxindole derivatives (**4**, **8**) (Fig. 1) using a catalyst-free, one-pot three-component reaction of (*E*)-3-(2-nitrovinyl)-indoles (**5**), isatins (**6**) and polycyclic chiral α -amino acids (**7**) in alcohol–water solution at room temperature. To the best of our knowledge, this is the first green synthesis of a heterocyclic compound **4**.

Results and discussion

In this study, we report a green method for the synthesis of novel polycyclic pyrrolidine-fused spirooxindole derivatives (**4**) *via* one-pot three-component domino reaction of (*E*)-3-(2-nitrovinyl)-1*H*-indoles (**5**), isatins (**6**) and polycyclic chiral α -amino acids (**7**) using an alcohol–water solution as a green medium at room temperature.

To establish the feasibility of this strategy as well as to optimize the reaction conditions, the three-component reaction of (*E*)-1-methyl-3-(2-nitrovinyl)-1*H*-indole (**5a**, 1.0 mmol), isatin (**6a**, 1.1 mmol) and (2*S*,3*A*,7*A**S*)-octahydro-1*H*-indole-2-carboxylic acid (**7a**, 1.2 mmol) was selected as the model reaction. Initially, the model reaction was performed in a range of organic solvents at room temperature for 6 h of stirring (Table 1, entries 1–14). The model reaction barely proceeded when acetone, acetonitrile, toluene and diethyl ether were used as reaction solvents, respectively (Table 1, entries 1–4). Conversely, the model reaction proceeded faster with moderate (38–81%) to high (91–92%) yields when other (non-)low-polar solvents (CH₂Cl₂, CHCl₃) and polar solvents

Table 1 Optimization of the reaction conditions for the model reaction^a

Entry	Solvent	Temperature	Time (h)	Yield ^b (%)
1	Acetone	r.t. ^c	6	<5
2	Acetonitrile	r.t.	6	<5
3	Toluene	r.t.	6	<5
4	Diethyl ether	r.t.	6	<5
5	THF	r.t.	6	38
6	1,4-Dioxane	r.t.	6	41
7	CH ₂ Cl ₂	r.t.	6	78
8	CHCl ₃	r.t.	6	81
9	DMSO	r.t.	6	74
10	DMF	r.t.	6	69
11	Iso-propanol	r.t.	6	76
12	Glycerol	r.t.	6	57
13	MeOH	r.t.	6	91
14	EtOH	r.t.	6	92
15	H ₂ O	r.t.	6	21
16 ^d	EtOH/H ₂ O = 1 : 1	r.t.	6	94
17 ^d	EtOH/H ₂ O = 1 : 2	r.t.	6	87
18 ^d	EtOH/H ₂ O = 1 : 1	50 °C	6	95
19 ^d	EtOH/H ₂ O = 1 : 1	Reflux	6	95
20 ^d	EtOH/H ₂ O = 1 : 1	r.t.	12	95

^a All reactions were carried out with **5a** (1.0 mmol), **6a** (1.1 mmol) and **7a** (1.2 mmol) in corresponding solvents (5.0 mL) at corresponding temperatures. ^b Isolated yields based on β -nitrostyrene (**5a**). ^c Room temperature. ^d The resulting precipitates were filtered and washed with 3–5 mL EtOH/H₂O (v/v = 1 : 1).

(THF, 1,4-dioxane, DMSO, DMF, iso-propanol, glycerol, MeOH and EtOH) were screened (Table 1, entries 5–14): the highest yield was achieved when EtOH was used as a solvent (Table 1, entry 14, 92% yield). Interestingly, the desired product was also obtained in water medium (Table 1, entry 15) although the yield was only 21%. The low yield in water medium could be attributed to the poor dissolution of raw materials since almost all the unreacted starting material could be recycled and reused.

Based on a comprehensive assessment of these results, we chose an ethanol–water solution as the optimal reaction solvent, which we then optimized to further explore a more eco-friendly synthetic condition (Table 1, entries 16 and 17). Among the different proportions of EtOH/H₂O solvents surveyed, EtOH/H₂O (1 : 1) was found to be the most suitable solvent for the model reaction (94% yield, Table 1, entry 16). To maximize the product yield, we then tested the best reaction temperature (Table 1, entries 16, 18–19). Yields were not significantly different when the reaction temperature was increased from room temperature to 50 °C or to reflux (94% *vs.* 95% *vs.* 95% yields, respectively, Table 1, entries 16, 18–19): room temperature was the ideal reaction temperature for the synthesis of polycyclic pyrrolidine-fused spirooxindole derivative **4a** (94% yield). There was no significant

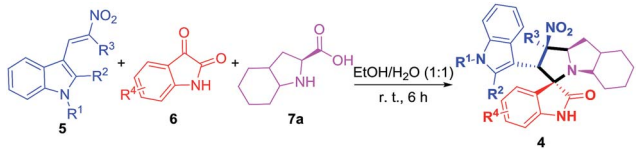


increase in yield when the reaction time was increased from 6 h to 12 h (95% vs. 94% yields, respectively, entries 16, 20). It is worth mentioning that the highly purified target compound could be obtained by filtering the reaction precipitates and then washing with EtOH/H₂O (1 : 1) for 2–3 times in the absence of traditional purification techniques such as column chromatography or recrystallization. Overall, the best reaction conditions for synthesizing polycyclic pyrrolidine-fused spirooxindole compound **4a** are achieved by employing (*E*)-1-methyl-3-(2-nitrovinyl)-1*H*-indole (**5a**, 1.0 mmol), isatin (**6a**, 1.1 mmol) and (2*S*,3*aS*,7*aS*)-octahydroindole-2-carboxylic acid (**7a**, 1.2 mmol) in EtOH/H₂O (1 : 1) solvent at room temperature for 6 h.

To explore the scope of the model reaction, we substituted various (*E*)-3-(2-nitrovinyl)-indoles (**5**) (Fig. 2) and isatin derivatives (**6**) (Fig. 2) as well as (2*S*,3*aS*,7*aS*)-octahydro-1*H*-indole-2-carboxylic acid (**7a**) under optimal reaction conditions. Results indicated that the desired polycyclic pyrrolidine-fused spirooxindole compounds could be obtained in relatively high yields (Table 2) from a diverse set of substrates. As shown in Table 2, (*E*)-3-(2-nitrovinyl)-indoles (**5**) bearing diverse functional groups, such as H, CH₃ or Ph group were suitable for the reaction, respectively. For the isatin derivatives (**6**), the aromatic ring bearing either electron-donating (CH₃, OCH₃) or electron-withdrawing functional groups (F, Cl, Br), and substitution patterns (5-substitution, 6-substitution and 7-substitution) could form the target products **4** (**4a–4w**) with high yields (86–95%).

To further explore the scope of the procedure reported in Table 2, the methodology was evaluated by using (*E*)-3-(2-nitrovinyl)-1*H*-indole (**5d**), isatin derivatives (**6**) and chiral α -amino acids (**7b**) under similar conditions. The reactions proceeded smoothly and the desired polycyclic pyrrolidine-fused spirooxindole compounds (**8**) from a diverse set of substrates were obtained (Table 3). Isatins with electron-

Table 2 The synthesis of polycyclic pyrrolidine-fused spirooxindole derivatives **4**^a



Entry	R ¹	R ²	R ³	R ⁴	4	Yield ^b (%)
1	CH ₃	H	H	H	4a	94
2	CH ₃	H	H	5-CH ₃	4b	92
3	CH ₃	H	H	5-OCH ₃	4c	91
4	CH ₃	H	H	5-F	4d	95
5	CH ₃	H	H	6-Cl	4e	95
6	CH ₃	H	H	6-Br	4f	96
7	CH ₃	H	H	5-Br	4g	94
8	CH ₃	H	CH ₃	5-OCH ₃	4h	87
9	CH ₃	H	CH ₃	5-F	4i	92
10	CH ₃	H	CH ₃	5-Cl	4j	92
11	CH ₃	Ph	H	5-F	4k	91
12	CH ₃	Ph	H	5-Br	4l	92
13	H	H	H	H	4m	94
14	H	H	H	5-CH ₃	4n	91
15	H	H	H	5-OCH ₃	4o	95
16	H	H	H	5-F	4p	92
17	H	H	H	7-Cl	4q	93
18	H	H	H	5-Br	4r	93
18	H	H	CH ₃	5-CH ₃	4s	89
20	H	H	CH ₃	5-OCH ₃	4t	86
21	H	H	CH ₃	5-F	4u	91
22	H	H	CH ₃	7-Cl	4v	89
23	H	H	CH ₃	5-Br	4w	93

^a All reactions were carried out with **5** (1.0 mmol), **6** (1.1 mmol) and **7a** (1.2 mmol) in EtOH/H₂O (v/v = 1 : 1) (5.0 mL) at room temperatures for 6 hours. ^b The resulting precipitates were filtered and washed with 3–5 mL EtOH/H₂O (v/v = 1 : 1), the yields based on β -nitrostyrene (**5**).

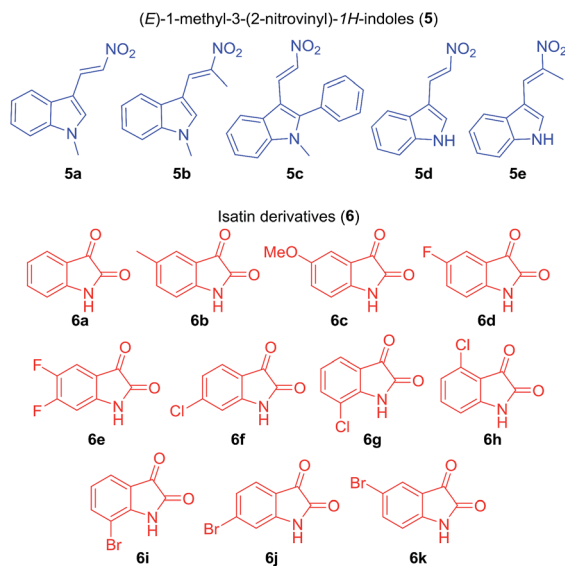


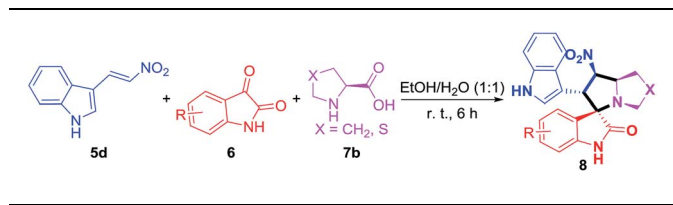
Fig. 2 The diversity of reagents (**5** and **6**).

withdrawing groups as well as electron-donating substituents underwent this one-pot conversion to give the corresponding spirooxindoles with high yields (88–96%).

A plausible reaction mechanism was proposed (Scheme 1) based on our previous work and previous reports.²⁴ The pyrrolidine functionality activates the carbonyl of the isatins through the formation of an enamine intermediate. Accompanying the loss of one H₂O and CO₂ molecule, a carbanion is produced (transition state I). Subsequently, two nucleophilic carbons then add to the corresponding electron deficient carbons of the dipolarophile during the cycloaddition *via* a 1,3-cycloaddition reaction (transition state II), which leads to the formation of compounds **4** and **8**. From a regioselectivity perspective, the steric bulk of compounds **5** and the stability of the transition state II may explain the configuration of compounds **4** and **8**. Some other typical literatures²⁵ could be taken as a support of the regioselectivity of compounds **4** and **8**. The structure deduced from NMR data and the reaction mechanism was further confirmed by X-ray analysis of a single crystal of **4c** (Fig. 3, CCDC: 1817780†). Of note, in Fig. 3 we only presented

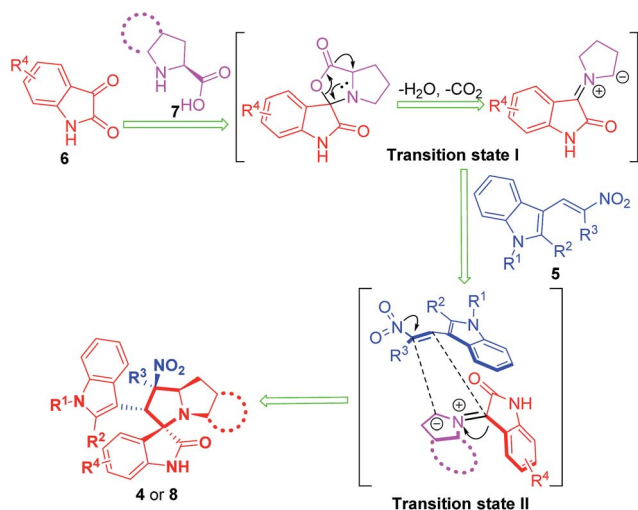


Table 3 The synthesis of polycyclic pyrrolidine-fused spirooxindole derivatives **8**^a



Entry	R	X	8	Yield ^b (%)
1	H	CH ₂	8a	96
2	5-CH ₃	CH ₂	8b	94
3	7-CH ₃	CH ₂	8c	93
4	5-OCH ₃	CH ₂	8d	92
5	5-F	CH ₂	8e	93
6	5,6-diF	CH ₂	8f	92
7	6-Cl	CH ₂	8g	95
8	7-Cl	CH ₂	8h	93
9	6-Br	CH ₂	8i	91
10	7-Br	CH ₂	8j	95
11	H	S	8k	89
12	6-Cl	S	8l	88

^a All reactions were carried out with **5d** (1.0 mmol), **6** (1.1 mmol) and **7b** (1.2 mmol) in EtOH/H₂O (v/v = 1 : 1) (5.0 mL) at room temperatures for 6 hours. ^b The resulting precipitates were filtered and washed with 3–5 mL EtOH/H₂O (v/v = 1 : 1), the yields based on β-nitrostyrene (**5d**).



Scheme 1 Proposed reaction mechanism for the synthesis of **4** and **8**.

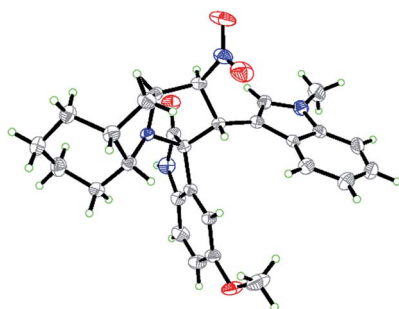


Fig. 3 Single crystal X-ray diffraction study of compound **4c**.

one molecule of compound **4c** while in the single crystal structure the minimum asymmetric units contain two identical molecules of compound **4c**.

Conclusions

In this study, we developed an efficient, green and sustainable approach for the construction of multiple new C–C bonds, C–N bonds and polycyclic pyrrolidine-fused structure, which resulted in the synthesis of 35 novel polycyclic pyrrolidine-fused spirooxindole compounds. This synthetic method involves a one-pot, three-component domino reaction of (*E*)-3-(2-nitrovinyl)-indoles, isatins and polycyclic chiral α-amino acids under a catalyst-free condition at room temperature in an EtOH–H₂O solution. The salient features of this methodology are environmental sustainability, high yields, ease of product purification, and the lack of toxic solvents or column chromatography during synthesis. These novel polycyclic pyrrolidine-fused spirooxindoles provide a collection of promising compounds with structural diversity for future bioassays and medical treatments. In addition, the nitro group can be easily transformed into amines, amides, sulfamides, nitrile oxides and various useful functional groups for the optimization and enhancement of pharmacological activities.

Experimental

General information

Reagents and materials were of the highest commercial grade and were used without further purification. NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker DRX 400 (¹H: 400 MHz, ¹³C: 100 MHz), DRX 500 (¹H: 500 MHz, ¹³C: 125 MHz) or DRX 600 (¹H: 600 MHz, ¹³C: 150 MHz) with TMS as the internal standard. Chemical shifts (δ) were expressed in ppm, *J* values were given in Hz, and deuterated DMSO-D₆ was used as a solvent. IR spectra were recorded on a FT-IR Thermo Nicolet Avatar 360 using KBr pellet. The mass spectroscopic data were obtained from an Agilent 1100 LC/MSD Trap LC-mass spectrometer. Melting points were determined with an XT-4A melting-point apparatus. The reactions were monitored by thin layer chromatography (TLC) with silica gel GF₂₅₄, and all compounds were visualized by UV and sprayed with H₂SO₄ (10%) in ethanol, followed by heating. Suitable single crystal was selected. Data collections were performed by graphite-monochromated Mo-Kα radiation (λ = 0.71073 Å). Data reduction, cell refinement and experimental absorption correction were performed with the software package of Agilent Gemini Ultra CrysAlisPro (Ver 1.171.35.11). The structures were solved by direct methods and refined against *F*² by full-matrix least-squares. All non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically. All calculations were carried out in SHELXTL ver 6.2 and Olex2 ver 1.2.9.

General procedure for the synthesis of compounds **5**²⁶

Benzene (18 μL, 0.2 mmol) was titrated into a stirred solution of indole-3-carboxaldehyde (5 mmol) and AcONH₄ (385 mg, 5 mmol) in nitromethane (15 mL). The mixture was stirred at



reflux for 1–4 h. After the starting aldehyde was completely consumed (monitored by TLC), the reaction mixture was cooled to 0 °C. The reaction was quenched with water and extracted with ethyl acetate (3 × 80 mL). The combined organic layers were washed with saturated brine solution (50 mL), followed by drying with Na₂SO₄ and evaporating *in vacuo*. The crude product was purified by recrystallization to give the pure corresponding (*E*)-3-(2-nitrovinyl)-indoles (5).

(*E*)-1-Methyl-3-(2-nitrovinyl)-1*H*-indole (5a). Yellow solid; 95% yield; mp 165–167 °C; IR (KBr) 746, 791, 951, 1084, 1252, 1308, 1491, 1618, 2374 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₁₁H₁₁N₂O₂ [M + H]⁺ 203.2205, found 203.2208. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 8.35 (d, *J* = 13.8 Hz, 1H, CH), 8.20 (s, 1H, ArH), 8.00 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.97 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.58 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H, CH), 7.36–7.33 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.29 (t, *J* = 15.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 3.86 (s, 3H, NCH₃); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, DMSO): δ 139.8, 138.7, 134.5, 131.5, 125.5, 123.8, 122.6, 121.0, 111.7, 107.6, 33.8.

(*E*)-1-Methyl-3-(2-nitroprop-1-en-1-yl)-1*H*-indole (5b). Yellow solid; 96% yield; mp 136–138 °C; IR (KBr) 754, 916, 972, 1126, 1236, 1283, 1470, 1531, 1634, 3124, 3297 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₁₂H₁₃N₂O₂ [M + H]⁺ 217.0972, found 217.0977. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 8.41 (s, 1H, ArH), 8.01 (s, 1H, CH), 7.82 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.54 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.53–7.30 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.25–7.23 (m, 1H, ArH), 3.89 (s, 3H, NCH₃), 2.45 (s, 3H, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, DMSO): δ 141.2, 137.2, 134.1, 128.5, 126.5, 123.5, 121.8, 118.8, 111.2, 107.7, 33.7, 15.0.

(*E*)-1-Methyl-3-(2-nitrovinyl)-2-phenyl-1*H*-indole (5c). Yellow solid; 96% yield; mp 156–158 °C; IR (KBr) 750, 806, 982, 1070, 1263, 1304, 1466, 1601 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₁₇H₁₅N₂O₂ [M + H]⁺ 279.1128, found 279.1124. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 8.04 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H, ArH), 8.01 (d, *J* = 13.2 Hz, 1H, CH), 7.91 (d, *J* = 13.8 Hz, 1H, CH), 7.70 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.69–7.66 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.58–7.57 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.43 (t, *J* = 15.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.36 (t, *J* = 15.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 3.69 (s, 3H, NCH₃); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, DMSO): δ 150.1, 138.5, 134.2, 131.7, 131.3, 131.3, 130.5, 129.4, 129.4, 128.9, 124.8, 124.4, 123.3, 121.3, 112.0, 106.5, 32.1.

(*E*)-3-(2-Nitrovinyl)-1*H*-indole (5d). Yellow solid; 95% yield; mp 171–173 °C; IR (KBr) 642, 754, 797, 974, 1103, 1319, 1425, 1470, 1516, 1618, 2367, 3402, 3746 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₁₀H₈NaN₂O₂ [M + Na]⁺ 211.0478, found 211.0481. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 12.25 (s, 1H, NH), 8.42 (d, *J* = 13.2 Hz, 1H, CH), 8.25 (s, 1H, ArH), 8.02 (d, *J* = 13.8 Hz, 1H, CH), 7.96 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.54 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.30–7.27 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.26–7.23 (m, 1H, ArH); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, DMSO): δ 138.2, 136.7, 135.2, 131.6, 125.1, 123.8, 122.4, 120.9, 113.3, 108.7.

(*E*)-3-(2-Nitroprop-1-en-1-yl)-1*H*-indole (5e). Yellow solid; 94% yield; mp 195–197 °C; IR (KBr) 750, 972, 1105, 1224, 1267, 1420, 1630, 3428 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₁₁H₁₀NaN₂O₂ [M + Na]⁺ 225.0634, found 225.0630. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 12.19 (s, 1H, NH), 8.47 (s, 1H, ArH), 8.00 (s, 1H, CH), 7.83 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.52 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.27–7.24 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.21–7.19 (m, 1H, ArH), 2.49 (s, 3H, CH₃); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, DMSO): δ 141.5, 136.7, 130.5, 128.0, 127.1, 123.4, 121.5, 118.7, 112.8, 108.7, 15.1.

General procedure for the synthesis of compounds 4 and 8

A mixture of (*E*)-3-(2-nitrovinyl)-indoles (5) (1 mmol), isatins (6) (1.1 mmol) and chiral compounds 7 (1.2 mmol) in EtOH/H₂O (1 : 1 v/v, 10 mL) was stirred at reflux for 6 h at room temperature. The resulting precipitate was collected by filtration and washed with cold EtOH/H₂O (v/v = 1 : 1, 3–5 mL) for 2–3 times to yield pure products (4 and 8).

2'-(1-Methyl-1*H*-indol-3-yl)-1'-nitro-1',2',4a',5',6',7',8',8a',9',9a'-decahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolo[1,2-*a*]indol]-2-one (4a). Yellow solid; 94% yield; mp 220–222 °C; IR (KBr) 745, 1188, 1335, 1472, 1547, 1620, 1721, 2918, 3399 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₇H₂₈NaN₄O₃ [M + Na]⁺ 479.2054, 479.2057. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 9.95 (s, Hz, 1H, NH), 7.75 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.41 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.98 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 2H, ArH), 6.85–6.76 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.67 (t, *J* = 14.8 Hz, 2H, ArH), 6.32 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.15 (t, *J* = 21.2 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.61 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.48–4.41 (m, 1H, CH), 3.64 (s, 1H, CH), 3.39 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.89 (t, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1H, CH), 1.56–1.49 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.33–1.27 (m, 3H, CH₂), 1.05–0.99 (m, 2H, CH₂), 0.95–0.81 (m, 2H, CH₂), 0.76–0.79 (m, 1H, CH₂), 0.29–0.32 (m, 1H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO): δ 179.5, 143.6, 136.4, 130.0, 128.2, 127.9, 127.3, 125.2, 121.6, 121.6, 119.3, 119.1, 109.9, 109.8, 107.1, 91.7, 73.8, 63.2, 59.0, 43.0, 38.3, 34.2, 32.9, 29.2, 27.3, 24.8, 19.6.

5-Methyl-2'-(1-methyl-1*H*-indol-3-yl)-1'-nitro-1',2',4a',5',6',7',8',8a',9',9a'-decahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolo[1,2-*a*]indol]-2-one (4b). Yellow solid; 92% yield; mp 221–223 °C; IR (KBr) 741, 812, 1177, 1211, 1333, 1491, 1537, 1707, 2934, 3482 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₈H₃₀NaN₄O₃ [M + Na]⁺ 493.2210, found 493.2215. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 10.06 (s, 1H, NH), 7.84 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.63 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.23 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.03 (t, *J* = 14.8 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.93–6.86 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.42 (t, *J* = 13.2 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.37 (d, *J* = 9.6 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.82–4.79 (m, 1H, CH), 4.71–4.65 (m, 1H, CH), 3.88 (s, 1H, CH₂), 3.64 (s, 3H, NCH₃), 2.30 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.24–2.13 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.79–1.73 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.57–1.53 (m, 3H, CH₂), 1.29–1.20 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.17–1.06 (m, 2H, CH₂), 0.89–0.94 (m, 1H, CH₂), 0.56–0.61 (m, 1H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO): δ 179.4, 141.1, 136.4, 130.5, 130.0, 128.1, 128.0, 127.9, 125.2, 121.6, 119.3, 118.9, 110.0, 109.4, 107.1, 91.5, 73.8, 63.2, 59.0, 43.2, 38.3, 34.2, 32.9, 29.2, 27.3, 24.8, 21.1, 19.6.

5-Methoxy-2'-(1-methyl-1*H*-indol-3-yl)-1'-nitro-1',2',4a',5',6',7',8',8a',9',9a'-decahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolo[1,2-*a*]indol]-2-one (4c). Yellow solid; 91% yield; mp 219–221 °C; IR (KBr) 745, 814, 1032, 1206, 1333, 1489, 1543, 1714, 2926, 3234, 3406 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₈H₃₁N₄O₄ [M + H]⁺ 487.2340, found 487.2336. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 9.99 (s, 1H, NH), 7.78–7.74 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.25 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.22 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.05–7.02 (m, 1H, ArH), 6.94 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.92 (d, *J* = 0.6 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.65–6.63 (m, 1H, ArH), 6.46 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.41–6.37 (m, 1H, CH), 4.89 (d, *J* = 11.4 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.68–4.66 (m, 1H, CH), 3.94 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1H, CH), 3.75 (s, 3H, NCH₃), 3.65 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 2.15 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H, CH), 1.79 (t, *J* = 10.2 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 1.55–1.52 (m, 3H, CH₂), 1.26 (t, *J* = 13.2 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 1.24–1.17 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.07–1.01 (m, 2H, CH₂), 0.95 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 0.55 (d, *J* = 13.8 Hz, 1H,



CH₂); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, DMSO): δ 179.5, 155.1, 136.9, 136.4, 128.3, 127.8, 126.4, 121.6, 119.4, 119.0, 115.5, 114.2, 110.0, 109.9, 107.2, 91.7, 74.2, 63.2, 58.8, 56.4, 42.9, 38.3, 34.2, 32.9, 29.2, 27.3, 24.8, 19.7.

5-Fluoro-2'-(1-methyl-1*H*-indol-3-yl)-1'-nitro-1',2',4a',5',6',7',8',8a',9',9a'-decahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolo[1,2-*a*]indol]-2-one (4d). Yellow solid; 95% yield; mp 243–245 °C; IR (KBr) 743, 820, 1177, 1329, 1375, 1489, 1547, 1720, 2938, 3410, 3424 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₇H₂₇NaFN₄O₃ [M + Na]⁺ 497.1959, found 497.1957. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-*D*₆): δ 10.21 (s, 1H, NH), 8.09 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.74 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.24 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.04 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.96–6.92 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.55 (s, 1H, ArH), 6.40 (t, *J* = 20.4 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.91 (d, *J* = 11.4 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.71 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H, CH), 3.93 (s, 1H, CH), 3.64 (s, 3H, NCH₃), 2.16 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1H, CH), 1.81 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 1.55 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.27–1.19 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.09–0.99 (m, 3H, CH₂), 0.55 (d, *J* = 12.6 Hz, 1H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, DMSO): δ 179.5, 159.0, 157.5, 140.0, 136.4, 128.2, 127.9, 121.7, 119.3, 119.1, 116.3, 116.2, 115.5, 110.4, 110.4, 106.9, 91.3, 74.1, 63.3, 58.8, 43.2, 38.3, 34.2, 32.9, 29.2, 27.3, 24.8, 19.6.

6-Chloro-2'-(1-methyl-1*H*-indol-3-yl)-1'-nitro-1',2',4a',5',6',7',8',8a',9',9a'-decahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolo[1,2-*a*]indol]-2-one (4e). Yellow solid; 95% yield; mp 182–184 °C; IR (KBr) 739, 1072, 1126, 1333, 1449, 1543, 1609, 1707, 2936, 3248, 3416, 3503, 3624 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₇H₂₇NaClN₄O₃ [M + Na]⁺ 513.1664, found 513.1668. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-*D*₆): δ 10.36 (s, 1H, NH), 8.08 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 7.66 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 7.25 (d, *J* = 12.0 Hz, 2H, CH₂), 7.06 (t, *J* = 14.4 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 6.98 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 6.93 (t, *J* = 14.4 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 6.59 (s, 1H, CH₂), 6.38 (t, *J* = 21.0 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.88 (d, *J* = 11.4 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.69 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H, CH), 3.87 (s, 1H, CH), 3.65 (s, 1H, NCH₃), 2.16 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H, CH), 1.80–1.76 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.57–1.52 (m, 3H, CH₂), 1.28–1.15 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.09–0.94 (m, 3H, CH₂), 0.57–0.54 (m, 1H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, DMSO): δ 179.4, 145.1, 136.4, 134.4, 128.9, 128.1, 128.0, 124.2, 121.7, 121.3, 119.2, 119.1, 110.0, 110.0, 106.7, 91.3, 73.5, 63.3, 59.0, 49.1, 38.3, 34.2, 32.9, 29.3, 27.2, 24.7, 19.6.

6-Bromo-2'-(1-methyl-1*H*-indol-3-yl)-1'-nitro-1',2',4a',5',6',7',8',8a',9',9a'-decahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolo[1,2-*a*]indol]-2-one (4f). Yellow solid; 96% yield; mp 223–225 °C; IR (KBr) 739, 1067, 1128, 1333, 1447, 1481, 1543, 1607, 1107, 2934, 3258, 3416, 3501, 3622 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₇H₂₇NaBrN₄O₃ [M + Na]⁺ 557.1159, found 557.1164. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-*D*₆): δ 10.30 (s, 1H, NH), 8.01 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.66 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.25 (t, *J* = 19.2 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.12 (t, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.05 (t, *J* = 15.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.93 (t, *J* = 14.4 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.72 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.39–6.35 (m, 1H, CH), 4.93 (d, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.68 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H, CH), 3.92 (s, 1H, CH), 3.65 (s, 3H, CH₃), 3.19 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H, CH), 2.16–2.14 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.79–1.76 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.57–1.52 (m, 3H, CH₂), 1.25–1.16 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.10–0.98 (m, 3H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, DMSO): δ 179.3, 145.3, 136.4, 129.2, 128.1, 128.0, 124.6, 124.2, 122.9, 121.7, 119.2, 112.7, 110.0, 106.7, 91.4, 73.6, 63.3, 59.0, 49.1, 43.1, 38.3, 34.2, 32.9, 29.3, 27.2, 24.7, 19.6.

5-Bromo-2'-(1-methyl-1*H*-indol-3-yl)-1'-nitro-1',2',4a',5',6',7',8',8a',9',9a'-decahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolo[1,2-*a*]indol]-2-one (4g). Yellow solid; 94% yield; mp 223–225 °C; IR (KBr) 739, 816, 1186, 1331, 1477, 1545, 1616, 1717, 2363, 2930, 3395, 3426, 3624 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₇H₂₇NaBrN₄O₃ [M + Na]⁺ 557.1159, found 557.1157. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-*D*₆): δ 10.30 (s, 1H, NH), 8.37 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.69 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.24 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H, ArH), 7.05 (t, *J* = 13.2 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.94 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.51 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.38 (t, *J* = 20.4 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.93 (d, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.68 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H, CH), 3.92 (s, 1H, CH), 3.65 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.16 (d, *J* = 4.2 Hz, 1H, CH), 1.83 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 1.54 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 3H, CH₂), 1.25–1.16 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.10–0.98 (m, 3H, CH₂), 0.56 (d, *J* = 13.2 Hz, 1H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, DMSO): δ 179.1, 142.9, 136.5, 132.6, 130.4, 128.1, 127.8, 127.7, 121.7, 119.4, 119.0, 113.7, 111.6, 110.0, 106.8, 91.0, 74.0, 63.4, 58.8, 43.2, 38.3, 34.2, 32.9, 29.3, 27.2, 24.8, 19.6.

5-Methoxy-1'-methyl-2'-(1-methyl-1*H*-indol-3-yl)-1'-nitro-1',2',4a',5',6',7',8',8a',9',9a'-decahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolo[1,2-*a*]indol]-2-one (4h). Yellow solid; 87% yield; mp 215–217 °C; IR (KBr) 741, 1042, 1120, 1489, 1543, 1732, 2365, 2930, 3304 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₉H₃₃N₄O₄ [M + H]⁺ 501.2496, found 501.2499. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*D*₆): δ 10.30 (s, 1H, NH), 7.84 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.53 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.39 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.17–7.11 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.09 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H, ArH), 6.89–6.86 (m, 1H, ArH), 6.74 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 4.52 (d, *J* = 11.0 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.26–4.25 (m, 1H, CH), 3.80 (s, 3H, NCH₃), 3.78 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.17 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz, 1H, CH), 2.09–2.06 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.89 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.76–1.75 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.56–1.52 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.46–1.36 (m, 3H, CH₂), 1.19–1.12 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.03–0.96 (m, 2H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO): δ 177.5, 154.4, 136.8, 136.3, 130.0, 128.6, 125.4, 121.5, 120.1, 119.3, 115.1, 114.3, 110.6, 110.1, 106.8, 101.4, 74.7, 66.7, 58.0, 56.1, 48.6, 40.4, 37.4, 33.0, 27.8, 27.6, 24.7, 20.2, 19.7.

5-Fluoro-1'-methyl-2'-(1-methyl-1*H*-indol-3-yl)-1'-nitro-1',2',4a',5',6',7',8',8a',9',9a'-decahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolo[1,2-*a*]indol]-2-one (4i). Yellow solid; 92% yield; mp 170–172 °C; IR (KBr) 741, 818, 1182, 1333, 1487, 1537, 1717, 2930, 3393, 3426 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₈H₂₈NaFN₄O₃ [M + Na]⁺ 511.2116, found 511.2120. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-*D*₆): δ 10.31 (s, 1H, NH), 7.76–7.73 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.67 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.27 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.11 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.08–7.01 (m, 1H, ArH), 6.99–6.91 (m, 1H, ArH), 6.90–6.88 (m, 1H, ArH), 6.60–6.57 (m, 1H, ArH), 4.44–4.41 (m, 1H, CH), 3.74 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz, 1H, CH), 3.69 (s, 3H, NCH₃), 2.13–2.09 (m, 1H, CH), 2.08 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.73–1.69 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.59–1.55 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.52–1.50 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.27–1.24 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.19–1.18 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.07–1.02 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.00–0.91 (m, 1H, CH₂), 0.55–0.52 (m, 1H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO): δ 180.3, 159.1, 157.2, 139.6, 136.0, 129.2, 128.9, 128.4, 121.7, 119.4, 118.7, 116.4, 114.2, 110.4, 110.4, 104.9, 99.8, 74.4, 73.9, 58.1, 50.3, 38.9, 36.3, 33.0, 28.7, 27.5, 25.9, 24.5, 19.4.

5-Chloro-1'-methyl-2'-(1-methyl-1*H*-indol-3-yl)-1'-nitro-1',2',4a',5',6',7',8',8a',9',9a'-decahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolo[1,2-*a*]indol]-2-one (4j). Yellow solid; 92% yield; mp 183–185 °C; IR (KBr) 743, 820, 1194, 1474, 1543, 1614, 1738, 2859, 2928,



3308 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₈H₂₉NaClN₄O₃ [M + Na]⁺ 527.1820, found 527.1825. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 10.64 (s, 1H, NH), 7.88 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.73 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.53 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.47 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.40 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.16 (t, *J* = 14.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.10 (t, *J* = 14.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.80 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 4.52 (d, *J* = 10.5 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.32–4.27 (m, 1H, CH), 3.78 (s, 3H, NCH₃), 3.16 (s, 1H, CH), 2.08 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H, CH), 1.90 (d, *J* = 15.5 Hz, 3H, CH₃), 1.54–1.51 (m, 3H, CH₂), 1.42–1.35 (m, 3H, CH₂), 1.15–1.13 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.03–0.92 (m, 3H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO): δ 177.3, 142.3, 136.8, 133.4, 130.2, 129.7, 128.5, 126.6, 121.6, 120.3, 119.3, 113.3, 112.4, 110.1, 106.6, 101.8, 74.5, 66.5, 58.2, 48.8, 41.0, 37.1, 33.0, 27.8, 27.6, 24.7, 20.3, 19.6.

5-Fluoro-2'-(1-methyl-2-phenyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-1'-nitro-1',2',4a',5',6',7',8',8a',9',9a'-decahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolo[1,2-*a*]indol]-2-one (4k). Yellow solid; 91% yield; mp 210–213 °C; IR (KBr) 743, 1182, 1364, 1487, 1551, 1724, 1734, 2857, 2928, 3345 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₃₃H₃₁NaFN₄O₃ [M + Na]⁺ 573.2272, found 573.2269. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 10.67 (s, 1H, NH), 7.88 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.63 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H, ArH), 7.53 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 3H, ArH), 7.28–7.25 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.22–7.20 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.15–7.11 (m, 1H, ArH), 6.86–6.81 (m, 2H, ArH), 5.98 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.33 (s, 1H, CH), 4.05–4.00 (m, 1H, CH), 3.51 (s, 3H, NCH₃), 3.10 (s, 1H, CH), 2.04–2.02 (m, 1H, CH), 1.65–1.40 (m, 4H, CH₂), 1.31–1.12 (m, 3H, CH₂), 0.98–0.85 (m, 3H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO): δ 178.6, 158.6, 156.7, 139.6, 137.3, 131.3, 131.1, 129.5, 129.0, 123.5, 123.5, 122.2, 120.2, 118.9, 117.6, 117.4, 114.4, 114.3, 111.8, 111.8, 111.1, 105.9, 94.4, 72.0, 66.6, 57.9, 46.4, 41.0, 37.8, 31.0, 27.9, 27.4, 24.6, 19.6.

5-Bromo-2'-(1-methyl-2-phenyl-1H-indol-3-yl)-1'-nitro-1',2',4a',5',6',7',8',8a',9',9a'-decahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolo[1,2-*a*]indol]-2-one (4l). Yellow solid; 92% yield; mp 185–188 °C; IR (KBr) 702, 743, 818, 1192, 1366, 1470, 1551, 1612, 1734, 2855, 2928, 3252, 3366 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₃₃H₃₁NaBrN₄O₃ [M + Na]⁺ 633.1472, found 633.1474. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 10.80 (s, 1H, NH), 7.81 (t, *J* = 14.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.62–7.56 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.53–7.50 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.47–7.42 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.26–7.17 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.02 (s, 1H, ArH), 6.83–6.79 (m, 1H, ArH), 5.98 (s, 1H, CH), 4.31 (s, 1H, CH), 4.00–3.98 (m, 1H, CH), 3.54 (s, 3H, NCH₃), 3.03–3.02 (m, 1H, CH), 2.04–2.02 (m, 1H, CH), 1.62–1.48 (m, 3H, CH₂), 1.39–1.26 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.19–1.12 (m, 2H, CH₂), 0.94–0.84 (m, 3H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO): δ 178.1, 142.7, 140.3, 137.3, 133.9, 131.3, 131.1, 131.1, 129.5, 129.2, 129.0, 129.0, 125.3, 124.3, 122.3, 120.2, 118.9, 113.5, 113.0, 111.2, 105.7, 94.2, 71.7, 66.3, 58.0, 46.6, 40.9, 37.7, 31.1, 27.8, 27.4, 24.6, 19.6.

2'-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-1'-nitro-1',2',4a',5',6',7',8',8a',9',9a'-decahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolo[1,2-*a*]indol]-2-one (4m). Yellow solid; 94% yield; mp 214–216 °C; IR (KBr) 741, 1103, 1194, 1341, 1468, 1543, 1620, 1694, 1711, 2930, 3256, 3440 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₆H₂₆NaN₄O₃ [M + Na]⁺ 465.1897, found 465.1894. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 10.97 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H, NH), 10.16 (s, 1H, NH), 7.97–7.63 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.21 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.09 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.08–7.07 (m, 1H, ArH), 6.98–6.95 (m, 1H, ArH), 6.93–6.90 (m, 1H, ArH), 6.89–6.86 (m, 1H, ArH), 6.56 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.43–6.39 (m, 1H, CH), 4.83

(d, *J* = 11.4 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.69 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.06–4.03 (m, 1H, CH), 2.16 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H, CH), 1.78–1.77 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.58–1.53 (m, 3H, CH₂), 1.20–1.17 (m, 3H, CH₂), 1.05–0.91 (m, 3H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, DMSO): δ 179.6, 143.6, 136.0, 129.9, 127.8, 127.2, 125.3, 123.7, 121.6, 121.5, 119.0, 118.9, 111.7, 109.7, 107.7, 91.7, 73.8, 63.3, 59.1, 43.3, 38.4, 34.2, 29.2, 27.3, 24.8, 19.7.

2'-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-5-methyl-1'-nitro-1',2',4a',5',6',7',8',8a',9',9a'-decahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolo[1,2-*a*]indol]-2-one (4n). Yellow solid; 91% yield; mp 189–191 °C; IR (KBr) 739, 818, 1045, 1333, 1373, 1493, 1547, 1626, 1690, 1711, 2849, 2932, 3277 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₇H₂₈NaN₄O₃ [M + Na]⁺ 479.2054, found 479.2051. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 10.93 (s, 1H, NH), 10.00 (s, 1H, NH), 7.79 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.61 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.21–7.18 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.95 (t, *J* = 15.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.86 (t, *J* = 14.5 Hz, 2H, ArH), 6.42–6.36 (m, 1H, ArH), 4.77 (d, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.74–4.68 (m, 1H, CH), 4.08–4.01 (m, 1H, CH), 3.18 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H, CH), 2.24 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.16–2.13 (m, 1H, CH), 1.75–1.73 (m, 1H, CH), 1.56–1.51 (m, 3H, CH₂), 1.26–1.23 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.18–1.15 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.05–1.00 (m, 2H, CH₂), 0.98–0.92 (m, 1H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO): δ 179.5, 141.1, 136.0, 130.5, 130.0, 127.9, 127.7, 125.3, 123.7, 121.4, 119.1, 118.8, 111.7, 109.4, 107.8, 91.6, 73.8, 63.3, 59.0, 43.6, 38.4, 34.2, 29.2, 27.3, 24.8, 21.2, 19.7.

2'-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-5-methoxy-1'-nitro-1',2',4a',5',6',7',8',8a',9',9a'-decahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolo[1,2-*a*]indol]-2-one (4o). Yellow solid; 95% yield; mp 178–180 °C; IR (KBr) 754, 1032, 1206, 1337, 1456, 1491, 1543, 1707, 2930, 3375 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₇H₂₈NaN₄O₄ [M + Na]⁺ 495.2003, found 515, 495.2006. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 10.72 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz 1H, NH), 9.74 (s, 1H, NH), 7.52 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.47 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.96 (t, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 2H, ArH), 6.72 (t, *J* = 15.2 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.64 (t, *J* = 14.8 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.39 (t, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.19 (t, *J* = 14.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.15 (t, *J* = 11.2 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.63 (d, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.46–4.39 (m, 1H, CH), 3.49 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 2.94 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H, CH), 1.92–1.88 (m, 1H, CH), 1.59–1.52 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.31–1.27 (m, 3H, CH₂), 1.04–0.92 (m, 2H, CH₂), 0.83–0.71 (m, 4H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO): δ 179.6, 155.0, 136.9, 135.9, 127.9, 126.5, 123.6, 121.5, 119.2, 118.8, 115.4, 114.2, 111.7, 110.0, 107.9, 91.6, 74.2, 63.3, 58.7, 56.3, 43.0, 38.3, 34.2, 29.2, 27.3, 24.8, 19.7.

5-Fluoro-2'-(1H-indol-3-yl)-1'-nitro-1',2',4a',5',6',7',8',8a',9',9a'-decahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolo[1,2-*a*]indol]-2-one (4p). Yellow solid; 92% yield; mp 151–153 °C; IR (KBr) 743, 816, 1180, 1337, 1487, 1545, 1717, 2855, 2930, 3414 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₆H₂₅NaN₄O₃ [M + Na]⁺ 483.1803, found 483.1807. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 10.97 (s, 1H, NH), 10.17 (s, 1H, NH), 8.03 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.71 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.23 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 6.98 (t, *J* = 14.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.92 (t, *J* = 14.5 Hz, 2H, ArH), 6.55–6.52 (m, 1H, ArH), 6.42–6.38 (m, 1H, CH), 4.88 (d, *J* = 11.0 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.72–4.67 (m, 1H, CH), 3.91 (s, 1H, CH), 2.17–2.16 (m, 1H, CH), 1.81–1.78 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.55–1.54 (m, 3H, CH₂), 1.27–1.18 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.10–0.96 (m, 3H, CH₂), 0.57–0.55 (m, 1H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO): δ 179.6, 159.2, 157.3, 139.8, 136.0, 127.8, 127.2, 123.7, 121.5, 119.0, 118.9, 116.3, 115.4, 111.8, 110.4, 107.5, 91.3, 74.2, 63.4, 58.8, 43.4, 38.3, 34.2, 29.2, 27.3, 24.8, 19.6.



7-Chloro-2'-(1H-indol-3-yl)-1'-nitro-1',2',4a',5',6',7',8',8a',9',9a'-decahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol]-2-one (4q). Yellow solid; 93% yield; mp 195–197 °C; IR (KBr) 739, 1182, 1337, 1541, 1620, 1713, 2930, 3426, 3449 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₆H₂₆ClN₄O₃ [M + H]⁺ 477.1688, found 477.1685. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 11.00 (s, 1H, NH), 10.63 (s, 1H, NH), 8.01 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.63 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.22 (t, J = 9.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.16 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.99–6.94 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.88 (t, J = 14.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.42–6.38 (m, 1H, CH), 4.86 (d, J = 11.5 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.74–4.68 (m, 1H, CH), 3.90 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 1H, CH), 2.18–2.14 (m, 1H, CH), 1.81–1.76 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.59–1.53 (m, 3H, CH₂), 1.27–1.22 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.20–1.15 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.09–1.00 (m, 2H, CH₂), 0.96–0.91 (m, 1H, CH₂), 0.52–0.49 (m, 1H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO): δ 179.5, 141.3, 136.0, 130.1, 127.7, 127.2, 126.0, 123.8, 122.9, 121.6, 119.0, 118.9, 113.8, 111.8, 107.4, 91.4, 74.5, 63.4, 59.0, 43.6, 38.3, 34.2, 29.3, 27.3, 24.7, 19.7.

5-Bromo-2'-(1H-indol-3-yl)-1'-nitro-1',2',4a',5',6',7',8',8a',9',9a'-decahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol]-2-one (4r). Yellow solid; 93% yield; mp 192–194 °C; IR (KBr) 739, 820, 1045, 1192, 1333, 1375, 1476, 1545, 1618, 1713, 2851, 2936, 3298, 3333 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₆H₂₅BrN₄O₃ [M + Na]⁺ 543.1002, found 543.1006. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 10.95 (s, 1H, NH), 10.95 (s, 1H, NH), 8.31 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.65 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.25–7.19 (m, 3H, ArH), 6.98–6.95 (m, 1H, ArH), 6.89–6.86 (m, 1H, ArH), 6.48 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.49–6.35 (m, 1H, CH), 4.90 (d, J = 11.5 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.67–4.65 (m, 1H, CH), 4.08–3.90 (m, 1H, CH), 3.18 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 1H, CH), 2.15–2.14 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.82–1.81 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.54–1.50 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.22–1.16 (m, 3H, CH₂), 1.09–0.97 (m, 3H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO): δ 179.2, 142.9, 136.0, 132.6, 130.3, 127.8, 127.7, 123.7, 121.5, 119.1, 118.8, 113.6, 111.8, 111.5, 107.5, 90.9, 74.0, 63.4, 58.8, 43.4, 38.3, 34.2, 29.3, 27.3, 24.8, 19.6.

2'-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-1',5-dimethyl-1'-nitro-1',2',4a',5',6',7',8',8a',9',9a'-decahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol]-2-one (4s). Yellow solid; 89% yield; mp 193–195 °C; IR (KBr) 741, 814, 1186, 1207, 1493, 1541, 1620, 1728, 2860, 2924, 3292, 3441 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₈H₃₀NaN₄O₃ [M + Na]⁺ 493.2210, found 493.2206. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 11.16 (s, 1H, NH), 10.33 (s, 1H, NH), 7.88 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.53 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.36 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.10–7.05 (m, 3H, ArH), 6.71 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 4.59 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.34–4.29 (m, 1H, CH), 3.17 (d, J = 3.0 Hz, 1H, CH), 2.38 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.09–2.05 (m, 1H, CH), 1.91 (d, J = 12.0 Hz, 3H, CH₃), 1.81–1.75 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.57–1.53 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.46–1.41 (m, 3H, CH₂), 1.39 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.15 (s, 3H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO): δ 177.7, 140.5, 136.4, 130.7, 130.1, 128.3, 127.9, 125.7, 124.2, 121.4, 120.1, 119.1, 111.8, 110.2, 107.8, 101.5, 74.5, 66.7, 58.0, 48.7, 40.9, 37.4, 27.9, 27.6, 24.8, 21.4, 20.3, 19.7.

2'-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-5-methoxy-1'-methyl-1'-nitro-1',2',4a',5',6',7',8',8a',9',9a'-decahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol]-2-one (4t). Yellow solid; 86% yield; mp 161–163 °C; IR (KBr) 743, 1040, 1201, 1300, 1449, 1487, 1541, 1605, 1728, 2930, 3277, 3418, 3628 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₈H₃₁N₄O₄ [M + H]⁺ 487.2340,

found 487.2344. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 11.17 (s, 1H, NH), 10.29 (s, 1H, NH), 7.83 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.53 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.36 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.10–7.04 (m, 3H, ArH), 6.89–6.87 (m, 1H, ArH), 6.75 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 4.54 (d, J = 10.5 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.34–4.29 (m, 1H, CH), 4.06–4.02 (m, 1H, CH), 3.80 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.18 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H, CH), 2.10–2.06 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.90 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.79–1.73 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.56–1.53 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.46–1.38 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.17 (s, 2H, CH₂), 1.89–1.94 (m, 2H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO): δ 177.5, 154.4, 136.4, 136.3, 128.2, 125.8, 125.5, 121.4, 120.0, 119.1, 115.1, 114.3, 111.9, 110.6, 107.6, 101.5, 74.7, 66.6, 58.1, 56.1, 48.8, 40.9, 37.5, 27.9, 27.6, 24.7, 20.3, 19.7.

5-Fluoro-2'-(1H-indol-3-yl)-1'-methyl-1'-nitro-1',2',4a',5',6',7',8',8a',9',9a'-decahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol]-2-one (4u). Yellow solid; 91% yield; mp 155–157 °C; IR (KBr) 743, 1184, 1456, 1543, 1730, 2930, 3402, 3437 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₇H₂₇NaN₄O₃ [M + Na]⁺ 497.1959, found 497.1955. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 11.16 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H, NH), 10.49 (s, 1H, NH), 7.92 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.58–7.56 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.53 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.35 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.15–7.11 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.09–7.03 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.82–6.80 (m, 1H, ArH), 4.57 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.33–4.32 (m, 1H, CH), 3.17 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, CH), 2.50 (t, J = 3.5 Hz, 1H, CH), 1.89 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.57–1.50 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.49–1.37 (m, 3H, CH₂), 1.38–1.15 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.04–0.97 (m, 3H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO): δ 177.8, 158.7, 156.8, 139.2, 136.4, 128.2, 125.8, 121.4, 120.4, 119.0, 117.0, 116.8, 115.4, 111.8, 111.1, 107.6, 101.7, 74.8, 66.6, 58.1, 48.6, 41.0, 37.1, 27.8, 27.6, 24.7, 20.3, 19.6.

7-Chloro-2'-(1H-indol-3-yl)-1'-methyl-1'-nitro-1',2',4a',5',6',7',8',8a',9',9a'-decahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol]-2-one (4v). Yellow solid; 89% yield; mp 161–163 °C; IR (KBr) 743, 1142, 1182, 1337, 1456, 1535, 1618, 1715, 2930, 3335, 3401 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₇H₂₈ClN₄O₃ [M + H]⁺ 491.1844, found 491.1840. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 10.84 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H, NH), 10.54 (s, 1H, NH), 7.45 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.30 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.02 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.91–6.88 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.77–6.71 (m, 1H, ArH), 6.69–6.65 (m, 2H, ArH), 4.23–4.19 (m, 1H, CH), 3.86–3.46 (m, 1H, ArH), 3.12 (s, 1H, CH), 2.94 (d, J = 5.5 Hz, 1H, CH), 1.89–1.86 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.74 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.51–1.47 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.31–1.26 (m, 3H, CH₂), 1.03–1.00 (m, 1H, CH₂), 0.94–0.92 (m, 2H, CH₂), 0.82–0.74 (m, 2H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO): δ 180.4, 141.1, 135.5, 130.1, 128.6, 128.4, 124.9, 124.7, 123.1, 121.7, 119.4, 118.3, 113.9, 111.9, 105.6, 100.1, 74.6, 74.2, 58.2, 51.0, 39.0, 36.0, 28.7, 27.6, 25.5, 24.5, 19.4.

5-Bromo-2'-(1H-indol-3-yl)-1'-methyl-1'-nitro-1',2',4a',5',6',7',8',8a',9',9a'-decahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolo[1,2-a]indol]-2-one (4w). Yellow solid; 93% yield; mp 172–174 °C; IR (KBr) 741, 870, 1194, 1344, 1450, 1541, 1616, 1732, 2922, 3287, 3441 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₇H₂₈BrN₄O₃ [M + H]⁺ 535.1339, found 535.1352. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 11.19 (s, 1H, NH), 10.64 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H, NH), 7.87 (t, J = 12.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.73 (d, J = 4.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.54 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.49–7.47 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.38–7.35 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.10–7.06 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.80 (d, J = 15.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 4.55–4.51 (m, 1H, CH), 4.34 (s, 1H, CH), 3.17 (s, 1H, CH), 2.51 (d, J = 1.0 Hz, 1H, CH), 2.09 (t, J =



10.5 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 1.88 (t, *J* = 19.0 Hz, 3H, CH₃), 1.55–1.41 (m, 5H, CH₂), 1.16–1.15 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.02–0.96 (m, 3H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO): δ 177.3, 142.3, 136.4, 133.4, 129.7, 128.1, 126.6, 125.9, 121.4, 120.1, 119.1, 113.3, 112.4, 111.9, 107.4, 101.9, 74.5, 66.5, 58.2, 48.9, 41.0, 37.1, 27.8, 27.6, 24.7, 20.3, 19.6.

2'-(1*H*-Indol-3-yl)-1'-nitro-1',2',5',6',7',7*a*'-hexahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolizin]-2-one (8a). Yellow solid; 96% yield; mp 232–234 °C; IR (KBr) 754, 1196, 1344, 1545, 1620, 1719, 3352 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₂H₂₀NaN₄O₃ [M + Na]⁺ 411.1428, found 411.1425. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 10.99 (s, 1H, NH), 10.23 (s, 1H, NH), 7.90 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.47 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.22 (t, *J* = 11.5 Hz, 2H, ArH), 6.95 (t, *J* = 15.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.83 (t, *J* = 15.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 6.56 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 6.25 (t, *J* = 20.0 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.91 (d, *J* = 10.5 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.66–4.61 (m, 1H, CH), 3.43–3.34 (m, 1H, CH₂), 2.64–2.61 (m, 1H, CH₂), 2.04–1.99 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.96–1.92 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.69–1.63 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.45–1.39 (m, 1H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO): δ 178.6, 143.7, 136.0, 130.1, 127.6, 127.2, 126.1, 123.8, 121.7, 121.5, 119.0, 118.8, 111.8, 110.0, 107.6, 94.2, 74.7, 63.7, 51.0, 44.1, 27.9, 25.6.

2'-(1*H*-Indol-3-yl)-5-methyl-1'-nitro-1',2',5',6',7',7*a*'-hexahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolizin]-2-one (8b). Yellow solid; 94% yield; mp 231–233 °C; IR (KBr) 743, 812, 1209, 1337, 1493, 1545, 1626, 1717, 2968, 3381 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₃H₂₂NaN₄O₃ [M + Na]⁺ 425.1584, found 425.1587. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 11.00 (s, 1H, NH), 10.14 (s, 1H, NH), 7.74 (s, 1H, ArH), 7.47 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.21 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H, ArH), 6.95 (t, *J* = 15.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.89 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.84 (t, *J* = 14.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.44 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.23 (t, *J* = 20.0 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.87 (d, *J* = 10.5 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.66–4.61 (m, 1H, CH), 3.42–3.39 (m, 1H, CH₂), 2.65–2.63 (m, 1H, CH₂), 2.27 (s, 3H, CH₃), 2.02–1.98 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.94–1.93 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.69–1.66 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.44–1.40 (m, 1H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO): δ 178.6, 141.2, 136.1, 130.7, 130.2, 127.9, 127.6, 126.1, 123.8, 121.5, 118.9, 118.8, 111.8, 109.6, 107.6, 94.2, 74.7, 63.7, 51.0, 44.4, 27.9, 25.7, 21.2.

2'-(1*H*-Indol-3-yl)-7-methyl-1'-nitro-1',2',5',6',7',7*a*'-hexahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolizin]-2-one (8c). Yellow solid; 93% yield; mp 213–216 °C; IR (KBr) 698, 756, 1190, 1341, 1458, 1541, 1719, 3360 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₃H₂₂NaN₄O₃ [M + Na]⁺ 425.1584, found 425.1580. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 11.00 (s, 1H, NH), 10.31 (s, 1H, NH), 7.72 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.53 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.22 (d, *J* = 9.5 Hz, 2H, ArH), 6.96 (t, *J* = 14.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.92 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.87 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 6.26 (t, *J* = 20.0 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.91 (d, *J* = 10.5 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.66–4.62 (m, 1H, CH), 3.35 (s, 1H, CH₂), 2.59–2.57 (m, 1H, CH₂), 2.02–2.00 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.99 (s, 3H, CH₃), 1.94–1.92 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.66–1.64 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.44–1.42 (m, 1H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO): δ 179.1, 142.3, 136.0, 131.4, 127.7, 125.7, 124.4, 123.8, 121.7, 121.6, 119.2, 119.0, 118.8, 111.8, 107.8, 94.6, 74.8, 63.5, 51.0, 43.8, 27.9, 25.6, 16.7.

2'-(1*H*-Indol-3-yl)-5-methoxy-1'-nitro-1',2',5',6',7',7*a*'-hexahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolizin]-2-one (8d). Yellow solid; 92% yield; mp 217–220 °C; IR (KBr) 689, 752, 1028, 1209, 1342, 1493, 1539, 1607, 1718, 2953, 3389 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₃H₂₃N₄O₄ [M + H]⁺ 419.1714, found 419.1718. ¹H NMR (500

MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 11.00 (s, 1H, NH), 10.08 (s, 1H, NH), 7.62 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.22 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2H, ArH), 6.96 (t, *J* = 14.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.86 (t, *J* = 15.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.66 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.47 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.26 (t, *J* = 20.0 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.93 (d, *J* = 11.0 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.64–4.59 (m, 1H, CH), 3.74 (s, 3H, OCH₃), 3.48–3.43 (m, 1H, CH₂), 2.64–2.61 (m, 1H, CH₂), 2.02–1.93 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.67–1.64 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.48–1.42 (m, 1H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO): δ 178.6, 155.0, 136.9, 136.0, 127.7, 127.3, 123.8, 121.5, 119.0, 118.9, 115.3, 114.3, 111.8, 110.2, 107.7, 94.1, 75.1, 63.6, 56.3, 50.8, 43.8, 27.9, 25.7.

5-Fluoro-2'-(1*H*-indol-3-yl)-1'-nitro-1',2',5',6',7',7*a*'-hexahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolizin]-2-one (8e). Yellow solid; 93% yield; mp 223–226 °C; IR (KBr) 754, 1188, 1341, 1485, 1541, 1721, 3375 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₂H₁₉NaFN₄O₃ [M + Na]⁺ 429.1333, found 429.1330. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 11.02 (s, 1H, NH), 10.28 (s, 1H, NH), 7.97 (d, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.59 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.22 (d, *J* = 10.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 6.98–6.92 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.87 (t, *J* = 15.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.55–6.53 (m, 1H, ArH), 6.27 (t, *J* = 20.0 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.95 (d, *J* = 10.5 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.65–4.60 (m, 1H, CH), 3.47–3.42 (m, 1H, CH₂), 2.66–2.63 (m, 1H, CH₂), 2.02–1.94 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.69–1.65 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.48–1.40 (m, 1H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO): δ 178.7, 159.1, 157.2, 139.9, 136.0, 127.6, 123.8, 121.7, 119.0, 118.8, 116.5, 116.3, 115.5, 111.8, 110.5, 107.4, 93.7, 75.0, 63.7, 50.9, 44.0, 27.9, 25.7.

2'-(1*H*-Indol-3-yl)-7-methyl-1'-nitro-1',2',5',6',7',7*a*'-hexahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolizin]-2-one (8f). Yellow solid; 92% yield; mp 112–114 °C; IR (KBr) 744, 1140, 1341, 1506, 1549, 1638, 1724, 2972, 3418 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₂H₁₉F₂N₄O₃ [M + H]⁺ 425.1420, found 425.1425. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 11.04 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H, NH), 10.39 (s, 1H, NH), 8.31–8.27 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.61 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.24 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H, ArH), 6.98 (t, *J* = 14.8 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.89 (t, *J* = 14.8 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.61–6.56 (m, 1H, ArH), 6.27 (t, *J* = 20.0 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.95 (d, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.63–4.57 (m, 1H, CH), 3.47–3.41 (m, 1H, CH₂), 2.69–2.63 (m, 1H, CH₂), 2.03–1.92 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.70–1.63 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.46–1.43 (m, 1H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO): δ 179.0, 140.5, 140.4, 136.0, 127.5, 123.8, 122.1, 121.6, 119.0, 118.8, 117.6, 117.4, 111.9, 107.2, 99.8, 99.6, 93.3, 74.7, 63.6, 50.8, 43.8, 28.0, 25.6.

6-Chloro-2'-(1*H*-indol-3-yl)-1'-nitro-1',2',5',6',7',7*a*'-hexahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolizin]-2-one (8g). Yellow solid; 95% yield; mp 217–219 °C; IR (KBr) 754, 926, 1074, 1194, 1339, 1454, 1541, 1618, 1726, 2976, 3347 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₂H₁₉NaClN₄O₃ [M + Na]⁺ 445.1038, found 445.1042. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 11.06 (s, 1H, NH), 10.46 (s, 1H, NH), 8.01 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.53 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.24 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.02–6.96 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.87 (t, *J* = 14.8 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.59 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.27 (t, *J* = 20.4 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.94 (d, *J* = 10.8 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.65–4.59 (m, 1H, CH), 2.63 (t, *J* = 14.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 2.06–1.93 (m, 3H, CH₂), 1.72–1.63 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.48–1.39 (m, 1H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO): δ 178.6, 145.2, 136.0, 134.5, 128.9, 127.5, 125.0, 123.9, 121.6, 121.4, 119.0, 118.7, 111.9, 110.1, 107.3, 93.7, 74.4, 63.6, 51.0, 43.8, 27.9, 25.6.



7-Chloro-2'-(1H-indol-3-yl)-1'-nitro-1',2',5',6',7',7a'-hexahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolizin]-2-one (8h). Yellow solid; 93% yield; mp 180–182 °C; IR (KBr) 741, 1142, 1177, 1337, 1458, 1547, 1620, 1726, 2976, 3372, 3424 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₂H₂₀ClN₄O₃ [M + H]⁺ 423.1218, found 423.1213. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 11.07 (s, 1H, NH), 10.75 (s, 1H, NH), 7.98 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.53 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.27–7.19 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.02–6.96 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.86 (t, J = 14.8 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.28 (m, 1H, CH), 4.76 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.67–4.61 (m, 1H, CH), 2.61 (d, J = 14.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 2.07–2.02 (m, 1H, CH₂), 2.00–1.93 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.71–1.48 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.48–1.42 (m, 1H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO): δ 178.5, 141.4, 136.0, 130.2, 127.9, 127.5, 126.1, 123.9, 123.0, 121.6, 119.1, 118.7, 114.1, 111.9, 107.3, 93.9, 75.3, 63.6, 50.9, 44.0, 27.9, 25.6.

6-Bromo-2'-(1H-indol-3-yl)-1'-nitro-1',2',5',6',7',7a'-hexahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolizin]-2-one (8i). Yellow solid; 91% yield; mp 190–192 °C; IR (KBr) 745, 914, 1126, 1337, 1543, 1612, 1724, 2974, 3418 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₂H₁₉BrN₄O₃ [M + Na]⁺ 489.0533, found 489.0537. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 11.05 (s, 1H, NH), 10.43 (s, 1H, NH), 7.95 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.53 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.25–7.23 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.15 (t, J = 9.2 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.98 (t, J = 15.2 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.87 (m, 1H, ArH), 6.72 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.26 (t, J = 20.0 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.93 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.65–4.58 (m, 1H, CH), 2.63 (t, J = 14.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 2.05–1.91 (m, 3H, CH₂), 1.70–1.63 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.48–1.41 (m, 1H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO): δ 178.5, 145.3, 136.0, 129.2, 127.5, 125.4, 124.3, 123.9, 123.0, 121.6, 119.0, 118.7, 112.8, 111.9, 107.3, 93.7, 74.5, 63.6, 51.0, 43.8, 27.9, 25.6.

7-Bromo-2'-(1H-indol-3-yl)-1'-nitro-1',2',5',6',7',7a'-hexahydrospiro[indoline-3,3'-pyrrolizin]-2-one (8j). Yellow solid; 95% yield; mp 155–157 °C; IR (KBr) 741, 1138, 1179, 1337, 1456, 1545, 1618, 1724, 2972, 3414 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₂H₂₀BrN₄O₃ [M + H]⁺ 467.0713, found 467.0709. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 11.07 (s, 1H, NH), 10.62 (s, 1H, NH), 8.01 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.54 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.32 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.25 (m, 2H, ArH), 6.99 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.96–6.91 (m, 1H, ArH), 6.86 (t, J = 14.8 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.27 (t, J = 20.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 4.95 (d, J = 10.8 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.66–4.60 (m, 1H, CH), 2.60 (t, J = 14.0 Hz, 1H, CH), 2.06–2.01 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.98–1.92 (m, 2H, CH₂), 1.73–1.64 (m, 1H, CH₂), 1.47–1.43 (m, 1H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO): δ 178.4, 143.1, 136.0, 133.1, 127.8, 127.6, 126.5, 123.9, 123.4, 121.6, 119.0, 118.7, 111.9, 107.3, 102.2, 93.9, 75.4, 63.6, 50.9, 43.9, 28.0, 25.6.

6'-(1H-Indol-3-yl)-7'-nitro-1',6',7',7a'-tetrahydro-3'H-spiro[indoline-3,5'-pyrrolo[1,2-c]thiazol]-2-one (8k). Yellow solid; 89% yield; mp 252–254 °C; IR (KBr) 679, 737, 750, 1196, 1339, 1369, 1472, 1549, 1618, 1715, 3248, 3401 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₁H₁₈NaN₄O₃S [M + Na]⁺ 429.0992, found 429.0997. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 11.04 (s, 1H, NH), 9.98 (s, 1H, NH), 7.86 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.32 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.26–7.22 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.15 (t, J = 15 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.94–6.90 (m, 1H, ArH), 6.67–6.63 (m, 2H, CH), 6.54 (d, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.47–6.43 (m, 1H, CH), 4.65 (d, J = 11.5 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.52–4.48 (m, 1H, CH), 4.05 (t, J = 16.5 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 3.82 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 3.12–3.08 (m, 1H, CH₂), 2.97 (t, J = 19.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂); ¹³C

NMR (125 MHz, DMSO): δ 177.6, 143.6, 136.1, 130.7, 127.3, 126.2, 125.8, 124.4, 122.3, 121.4, 118.9, 118.2, 111.8, 110.3, 106.7, 86.9, 74.5, 68.0, 55.0, 47.1, 33.4.

6-Chloro-6'-(1H-indol-3-yl)-7'-nitro-1',6',7',7a'-tetrahydro-3'H-spiro[indoline-3,5'-pyrrolo[1,2-c]thiazol]-2-one (8l). Yellow solid; 88% yield; mp 190–192 °C; IR (KBr) 752, 1074, 1128, 1323, 1549, 1612, 1726, 3352 cm⁻¹; HRMS (EI) calcd for C₂₁H₁₇NaClN₄O₃S [M + Na]⁺ 463.0602, found 463.0606. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, DMSO-D₆): δ 11.07 (s, 1H, NH), 10.13 (s, 1H, NH), 7.91 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.33 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.26–7.21 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.19 (d, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.96–6.93 (m, 1H, ArH), 6.72 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H, ArH), 6.55 (d, J = 1.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.47–6.43 (m, 1H, CH), 4.67 (d, J = 11.5 Hz, 1H, CH), 4.52–4.47 (m, 1H, CH), 4.06 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 3.82 (d, J = 10.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂), 3.12–3.08 (m, 1H, CH₂), 3.00 (t, J = 19.0 Hz, 1H, CH₂); ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO): δ 177.6, 145.2, 136.2, 135.0, 127.9, 127.2, 124.7, 124.6, 122.0, 121.5, 119.0, 118.1, 111.9, 110.3, 106.4, 86.6, 74.2, 68.1, 55.1, 46.9, 33.4.

Conflicts of interest

There are no conflicts to declare.

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Notes and references

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