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CORRECTION

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Correction: Solvation of Li⁺ by argon: how important are three-body forces?

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Correction for 'Solvation of Li⁺ by argon: how important are three-body forces?' by Frederico V. Prudente *et al.*, *Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys.*, 2017, **19**, 25707–25716.

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The authors detected an error in the code that implements eqn (8): the factor "3" multiplying C_9 was missing in the Fortran program of PES I. After correction, we have searched for the global minimum structures of Li⁺Ar_n (n = 3-40) for the PES I with the evolutionary algorithm. The results lead to the following corrections in the paper:

(1) The table and figures below should replace Table 3, Fig. 3, Fig. 4, Fig. 5, Fig. 6, Fig. 7 and Fig. 8, respectively.

(2) On the bottom of the right column on page 25711, the sentence beginning as "The energy difference..." (first paragraph of Section 3.2) must be replaced by: "The energy difference between the two potentials increases from ~1.2 mE_h (~6%) for n = 2 to ~35.6 mE_h (~29%) for n = 40."

(3) On the bottom of the left column and on the top of the right column on page 25712 (*i.e.*, the end of the second paragraph of Section 3.2), the text should read: "Although most of the global minima are similar for the three potentials, it is worth noting that the outcome provided by PES I disagrees with the MP2 one for n = 9, whereas PES II shows different structures for n = 2, 3 and 10. In addition, we have also performed MP2 re-optimizations departing from the lowest-energy structures of PES II for n = 2, 3 and 9. The geometries so obtained for n = 2 and n = 3 are similar to those from PES I, which is a further indication of the importance of three-body interactions to reach structural accuracy of the global minima. In contrast for n = 9, departing from the global minimum geometry of either PES I or PES II, the MP2 re-optimization leads to different structures and the one corresponding to PES II has the lowest energy (*cf.* Fig. 3)."

(4) The two last sentences of the right column on page 25714 must be changed to read: "Moreover, Fig. 7 and Table 3 show that, besides the above-mentioned small clusters (namely for n = 1, 4-8), there are other larger clusters with identical structures for both PES I and PES II. Such structures arise in the size range $30 \le n \le 40$ and are depicted in Fig. 8."

(5) On the left column of page 25715, fourth and fifth sentences before the end of the first paragraph of Section 4 must be replaced by: "The Li^+Ar_n clusters obtained from PES I had a good agreement with the corresponding ones optimized at the *ab initio* level for n = 1-8 and 10. Although the PES II global minimum structure coincides with that from MP2 optimization for n = 9, this potential function leads to distinct geometries for Li^+Ar_2 , Li^+Ar_3 and $\text{Li}^+\text{Ar}_{10}$, and fails to represent the main energetic features up to n = 10."

Although the energies of the global minima for PES I are, obviously, different from the values in the original paper, the corresponding geometries only vary for n = 9, 19, 20, 31 and 40 (see Table 3). For n = 9, the lowest-energy structure at the MP2 level of theory coincides with the global minimum for PES II (see Fig. 3); actually, the corresponding lowest-energy structure from the PES I is a local minimum at the MP2 level of theory. In turn, the average binding energy, the sublimation energy and the second difference in energy keep essentially the same pattern (see Fig. 4). Finally, we should emphasize that these results confirm the main conclusions of the paper about the importance of three-body interactions for the title system.

Ab initio energies and coordinates of all clusters in this work can now be found in the Electronic Supplementary Information file available alongside the original article.



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Table 3 Energies (V_{GM}) and symmetries (SYM) of the putative global minima of Li ⁺ Ar _n ($1 \le n \le 40$) obtained with the EA for both PES I and PES II; the						
RMSD values between the PES I and PES II structures are also indicated. Energies in mE _n and RMSD in a_0						

n	PES I		PES II		
	$\overline{V_{\mathrm{GM}}}$	SYM	$V_{\rm GM}$	SYM	RMSD
1	-10.6156	$C_{\infty \mathbf{v}}$	-10.6156	$C_{\infty \mathbf{v}}$	0.00
2	-20.4677	$D_{\infty \mathbf{h}}$	-21.6866	$C_{2\mathbf{v}}$	1.66
3	-29.3372	$D_{3\mathrm{h}}$	-33.2131	$C_{3\mathrm{v}}$	0.93
1	-37.1950	$T_{\rm d}$	-45.1235	$T_{\rm d}$	0.10
5	-42.2282	$C_{4\mathrm{v}}$	-55.3408	$C_{4\mathrm{v}}$	0.16
5	-47.4114	$O_{ m h}$	-66.3792	$O_{ m h}$	0.20
7	-49.2123	C_{3v}	-69.0324	C_{3v}	0.23
3	-51.0488	C_{2v}	-71.8400	C_{2v}	0.29
)	-52.8727	C_{3v}	-74.5812	$C_{\rm s}$	2.36
10	-55.0185	$C_{\rm s}$	-77.4174	$C_{4\mathbf{v}}$	1.86
1	-57.1545	C_{s}	-80.1327	$C_{\rm s}$	2.26
12	-59.2801	C_{3v}	-82.9402	C_{2v}	2.93
13	-61.5426	$C_{\rm s}$	-85.7355	C_{3v}	2.79
14	-63.8410	C_{2v}	-88.6286	$O_{\rm h}$	2.88
15	-66.0022	$C_{\rm s}$	-91.2832	C_{3v}	2.44
6	-68.1649	C_{2v}	-94.1454	C_{3v}	2.66
7	-70.2635	$C_{\rm s}$	-96.7194	$C_{\rm s}$	2.60
8	-72.3542	C_{2v}	-99.6969	C_{2v}	2.70
9	-74.6213	$C_{\rm s}$	-102.2157	$C_{\rm s}$	2.89
20	-76.8875	$C_{\rm s}$	-105.2226	C_{3v}	2.85
21	-79.0391	C_1	-107.7581	$C_{\rm s}$	2.55
22	-81.2321	C_1	-110.6664	$C_{\rm s}$	2.23
23	-83.6009	$C_{\rm s}$	-113.2250	C_1	2.16
24	-85.9783	C_3	-116.1347	$C_{\rm s}$	2.63
25	-88.4916	C_3	-118.7100	$C_{\rm s}$	2.28
26	-90.5702	C_1	-121.6112	C_{3v}	2.12
27	-92.7125	C_1	-124.0709	C_{1}	2.36
28	-95.2238	C_3	-126.9316	C_2	2.72
29	-97.3301	C_1	-129.5222	C_2 C_1	2.63
30	-99.6171	D_{2d}	-132.4044	D_{2d}	0.24
31	-101.8398	C_1	-134.9826	$C_{\rm s}$	2.07
32	-104.4660	C_1 C_2	-137.8239	C_{s} C_{2v}	1.22
33	-106.6944	C_2 C_1	-140.4135	$C_{\rm 2v}$ $C_{\rm s}$	1.22
34 34	-109.3778	T	-143.4439	T	0.26
5 5	-111.6685	D_3	-145.4439 -146.0222	D_3	0.20
55 86	-111.6685	$\begin{array}{c} D_3\\ C_2\end{array}$	-146.0222 -148.2719	$\begin{array}{c} D_3 \\ C_2 \end{array}$	0.33
30 37	-115.0030 -116.0264		-148.2719 -150.8371		2.80
38		C_{3v}		C_{3v}	
	-118.8373	$O_{\rm h}$	-154.1266	$O_{\rm h}$	0.24
89 10	$-120.8533 \\ -122.8692$	$egin{array}{cc} C_{4 \mathrm{v}} \ C_{2 \mathrm{v}} \end{array}$	$-156.2772 \\ -158.4278$	$C_{4\mathrm{v}} \ C_{2\mathrm{v}}$	0.24 0.24

n	PES I	PES II	MP2
2	000	606	000
3	6 6	000	666
4	60	00	690
5			
6		-	
7			6
8	600	600	600
9	666 680 680	6659 6459 6	
10		6 (11) 6 (11) 6 6	

Fig. 3 Putative global minimum structures for PES I, PES II and MP2 up to n = 10.

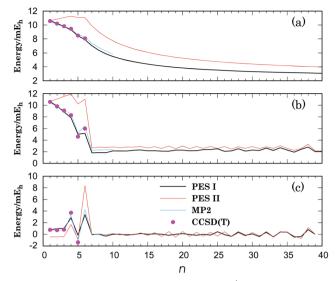


Fig. 4 Binding energy (a), sublimation energy (b) and second energy-difference (c) for Li^+Ar_n (n = 1-40) clusters. The key for symbols are in panel (c): PES I (black line); PES II (red line); MP2 optimization (light-blue line); CCSD(T) single-point calculation (magenta dots). Plotted values are obtained from the putative global minima at each level of theory.

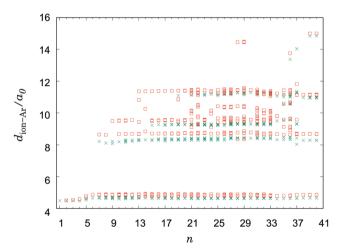


Fig. 5 Scatter plot of the distances between the Li⁺-ion and the argon atoms: PES I (open squares); PES II (crosses).



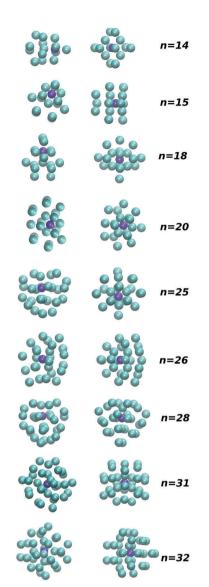
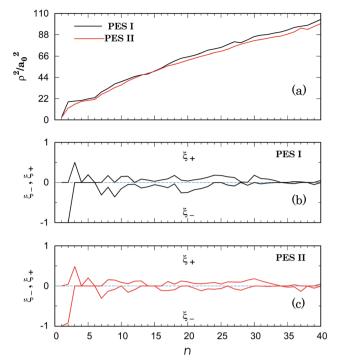
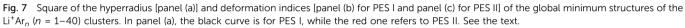


Fig. 6 Putative global minimum structures for PES I (left) and PES II (right) for n = 14, 15, 18, 20, 25, 26, 28, 31 and 32.





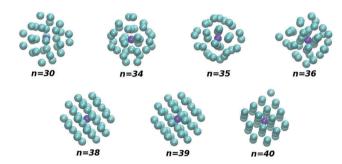


Fig. 8 Global minimum structures for large clusters that are similar in both PES I and PES II. The shapes of the clusters are oblate (n = 30 and 40), spherical (n = 34, 35 and 38) and prolate (n = 36 and 39).

The Royal Society of Chemistry apologises for these errors and any consequent inconvenience to authors and readers.