CORRECTION

[View Article Online](#)[View Journal](#) | [View Issue](#) Cite this: *RSC Adv.*, 2017, 7, 18892

Correction: Effect of annealing atmosphere on quaternary chalcogenide-based counter electrodes in dye-sensitized solar cell performance: synthesis of $\text{Cu}_2\text{FeSnS}_4$ and $\text{Cu}_2\text{CdSnS}_4$ nanoparticles by thermal decomposition process

Krishnaiah Mokurla* and Sudhanshu Mallick*

DOI: 10.1039/c7ra90044a

www.rsc.org/advances

Correction for 'Effect of annealing atmosphere on quaternary chalcogenide-based counter electrodes in dye-sensitized solar cell performance: synthesis of $\text{Cu}_2\text{FeSnS}_4$ and $\text{Cu}_2\text{CdSnS}_4$ nanoparticles by thermal decomposition process' by Krishnaiah Mokurla *et al.*, *RSC Adv.*, 2017, 7, 15139–15148.

The authors regret that there is insufficient detail concerning the funding provided by the Solar Energy Research Institute for India and the United States (SERIUS) in the original article. Please see below for a revised version of the Acknowledgements section.

The Royal Society of Chemistry apologises for these errors and any consequent inconvenience to authors and readers.

Acknowledgements

The authors would like to thank Prof. Parag Bhargava for his assistance regarding the stability of the counter electrodes. This article is based upon work supported by the US-India Partnership to Advance Clean Energy-Research (PACE-R) for the Solar Energy Research Institute for India and the United States (SERIUS), funded jointly by the U.S. Department of Energy (Office of Science, Office of Basic Energy Sciences, and Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, Solar Energy Technology Program, under Subcontract DE-AC36-08GO28308 to the National Renewable Energy Laboratory, Golden, Colorado) and the Government of India, through the Department of Science and Technology under Subcontract IUSSTF/JCERDC-SERIUS/2012 dated 22nd November 2012. Authors also extend thanks to IITB for financial support and SAIF, CEN for analytical analysis supporting the present work.