NJC



View Article Online PAPER



Cite this: New J. Chem., 2015 39 6117

Received (in Victoria, Australia) 26th January 2015, Accepted 26th May 2015

DOI: 10.1039/c5ni00223k

www.rsc.org/njc

1,4-Benzenedisulfonic acid (H₂BDS) as terephthalic acid analogue for the preparation of coordination polymers: the examples of $M(BDS)(NMP)_3$ (M = Mn, Fe, Co; NMP = N-methylpyrrolidone)†

Christina Zitzer, Thomas W. T. Muesmann, Jens Christoffers* and Mathias S. Wickleder*

The solvothermal reactions of 1,4-benzenedisulfonic acid, H₂BDS, with suitable salts of manganese, iron, and cobalt led to the new disulfonates M(BDS)(NMP)₃ (M = Mn, Fe, Co), when N-methylpyrrolidone (NMP) was used as the solvent. The isotypic compounds crystallize with triclinic symmetry ($P\overline{1}$, Z=2; M = Mn: a = 916.84(3) pm, b = 965.57(3) pm, c = 1437.87(5) pm, $\alpha = 95.297(2)^{\circ}$, $\beta = 97.834(2)^{\circ}$, $\gamma = 92.576(2)^{\circ}$, $R_1/wR_2(I_0 > 2\sigma(I_0)) = 0.0300/0.0701$; M = Fe: a = 911.98(5) pm, b = 960.75(5) pm, $c = 1432.41(8) \text{ pm}, \ \alpha = 94.951(2)^{\circ}, \ \beta = 98.050(3)^{\circ}, \ \gamma = 92.029(2)^{\circ}, \ R_1/wR_2(I_0 > 2\sigma(I_0)) = 0.0238/0.0689;$ M = Co: a = 911.3(1) pm, b = 959.5(1) pm, c = 1428.6(2) pm, $\alpha = 94.791(5)^{\circ}$, $\beta = 98.229(5)^{\circ}$, $\gamma = 91.873(6)^{\circ}$, $R_1/WR_2/I_0 > 2\sigma(I_0)$ = 0.0264/0.0684). In the crystal structure, the M²⁺ ions (Mn²⁺, Fe²⁺ and Co²⁺) are in octahedral oxygen coordination of three monodentate disulfonate groups and three NMP molecules. The disulfonate groups link the metal ions into infinite layers. Thermoanalytical investigations showed that the desolvation of the compounds occurred in a temperature range between 50 °C and 330 °C. The solvent free sulfonates showed remarkable high stabilities up to nearly 500 °C. The thermal behaviour was investigated by DSC/TG measurements and X-ray powder diffraction.

Introduction

Compounds that are composed of metallic nodes and organic linkers were synthesized in a great variety throughout the years. Depending on the dimensionality of the linkage and the porosity of the compounds, they are referred to as coordination polymers (CPs) and metal organic frameworks (MOFs). The interest in coordination polymers and MOFs has increased in recent times because such compounds may have interesting chemical and physical properties. 1 To date, CPs and MOFs are mostly constructed using carboxylates as linkers, because the related polycarboxylic acids are commercially available and cheap. Even if this is certainly advantageous, carboxylates do have significant disadvantages. One is the restricted thermal stability, due to easy decarboxylation upon heating. For example, copper(II) terephthalate decomposes already between 160 °C and 230 °C, which is a severe problem if applications like gas storage are envisaged that usually cause the significant heating of the host lattice due to physi- and chemi-sorption. In contrast,

Institut für Chemie, Carl von Ossietzky-Universität Oldenburg, D-26111 Oldenburg, Germany. E-mail: mathias.wickleder@uni-oldenburg.de; Fax: +49 441/798 3873 † CCDC 967021, 967023 and 967024. For crystallographic data in CIF or other electronic format see DOI: 10.1039/c5nj00223k

the sulfo analog copper(II)-1,4-benzenedisulfonate decomposes only at the remarkably high temperature of 400 °C.3 However, despite such outstanding properties, polysulfonates have not been investigated to a significant extent up to now. This has to do with the limited availability of the respective polysulfonic acids, which are commercially available only for a few examples.³⁻⁷ Even reliable syntheses protocols for these acids are lacking. In a systematic approach, we develop suitable synthetic routes for polysulfonic acids and to characterize the structural chemistry and the properties of polysulfonates. In the course of these investigations, we reported a large number of polysulfonic acids and polysulfonate based coordination polymers.^{3,8-10} Most of these compounds have been obtained for metals such as copper, zinc, and selected rare earth elements. Recently, we started to investigate other transition metals, and we reported some manganese polysulfonates based on 1,2,4,5benzenetetrasulfonic acid and 1,4-benzenedisulfonic acid.11 The latter is the sulfo analogue of terephthalic acid, which is frequently used for the synthesis of carboxylate based coordination polymers. 12 In this study, we present new coordination polymers based on 1,4-benzenedisulfonic acid (H2BDS), namely, the transition metal compounds M(BDS)(NMP)3 (M = Mn, Fe, Co), which were obtained in solvothermal reactions in N-methylpyrrolidone (NMP).

Experimental section

Materials and instrumentation

Paper

Mn(CH₃COO)₃·2H₂O, FeCl₂·4H₂O, Co(CH₃COO)₂ and N-methylpyrrolidone were purchased from commercial sources and used as received. 1,4-Benzenedisulfonic acid was synthesized as reported previously.10

IR spectra were obtained on a Bruker Tensor 27 spectrometer equipped with a "GoldenGate" diamond-ATR unit. DSC/TG measurements were performed with the help of a thermal analyzer (TGA/DSC 1 STAR^e System, METTLER-TOLEDO). For that purpose, about 5 mg of each substance were filled into a corundum crucible and heated with a constant rate of 10 K min⁻¹. The thermal decompositions were monitored from 25 °C to 1050 °C in a flow of dry oxygen. The measurements were carried out under oxygen flow in order to avoid carbon forming at the end of the decomposition, which would falsify the calculated values of the degradation products. Characteristic points, like onset and end temperatures, of the thermal effects were taken from the DSC curve following common procedures using the software delivered with the analyser (Mettler-Toledo STARe V9.3).13

Syntheses

Manganese(II)(1,4-benzenedisulfonate)tris(N-methylpyrrolidone) Mn(BDS)(NMP)₃. A mixture of 25 mg of Mn(CH₃COO)₃·2H₂O (0.093 mmol), 20 mg of H₂BDS·2H₂O (0.073 mmol), and 3 ml of NMP was filled into a glass ampoule. The ampoule was torch-sealed under vacuum, placed in a resistance furnace and heated up to 110 °C for 6 h. After 36 h, the furnace was slowly cooled to room temperature for 200 h. In the organic solvent, Mn(III)-acetate disproportionates to Mn⁴⁺ (MnO₂) and Mn²⁺. Furthermore, Mn²⁺ reacts with H₂BDS. The product was obtained as transparent colorless single crystals, which were separated from the supernatant by decantation.

IR(ATR): 2962 (w), 2880 (w), 1669 (m), 1647 (s), 1520 (m), 1483 (m), 1450 (m), 1430 (m), 1417 (m), 1401 (m), 1306 (m), 1237 (s), 1187 (s), 1137 (s), 1129 (s), 1106 (m), 1076 (m), 1047 (s), 1009 (s), 934 (m), 850 (m), 833 (m), 723 (m), 663 (s), 578 (s), 563 (s), 553 (m), 523 (m) cm⁻¹.

Iron(II)(1,4-benzenedisulfonate)tris(N-methylpyrrolidone) Fe-(BDS)(NMP)₃. A mixture of 19 mg of FeCl₂·4H₂O (0.096 mmol), 20 mg of H₂BDS·2H₂O (0.073 mmol) and 3 ml of NMP was filled into a glass ampoule. The torch-sealed ampoule was placed in a resistance furnace and heated up to 120 °C for 6 h. After 36 h, the furnace was slowly cooled to room temperature within 120 h. The product was obtained as transparent colorless single crystals, which were separated from the supernatant by decantation.

IR(ATR): 2970 (w), 2938 (w), 2883 (w), 1643 (s), 1517 (m), 1483 (w), 1449 (w), 1426 (w), 1410 (m), 1392 (w), 1307 (m), 1258 (w), 1213 (s), 1174 (s), 1105 (m), 1036 (s), 1001 (s), 835 (m), 660 (s), 617 (m), 578 (s), 546 (s) cm⁻¹.

Cobalt(II)(1,4-benzenedisulfonate)tris(N-methylpyrrolidone) Co(BDS)(NMP)₃. A mixture of 39 mg of Co(CH₃COO)₂ (0.220 mmol), 20 mg of H₂BDS·2H₂O (0.073 mmol) and 3 ml of NMP was filled

Table 1 Crystallographic data of M(BDS)(NMP)₃ (M = Mn, Fe, Co)

	$Mn(BDS)(NMP)_3$	Fe(BDS)(NMP) ₃	Co(BDS)(NMP) ₃
Chemical formula	$C_{21}H_{31}N_3O_9S_2Mn$	$C_{21}H_{31}N_3O_9S_2Fe$	$C_{21}H_{31}N_3O_9S_2Co$
Chemical formula weight	588.55 g mol ⁻¹	589.46 g mol ⁻¹	592.54 g mol ⁻¹
Lattice parameters	a = 916.84(3) pm	a = 911.98(5) pm	a = 911.3(1) pm
	b = 965.57(3) pm	b = 960.75(5) pm	b = 959.5(1) pm
	c = 1437.87(5) pm	c = 1432.41(8) pm	c = 1428.6(2) pm
	$\alpha = 95.297(2)^{\circ}$	$\alpha = 94.951(2)^{\circ}$	$\alpha = 94.791(5)^{\circ}$
	$\beta = 97.834(2)^{\circ}$	$\beta = 98.050(3)^{\circ}$	$\beta = 98.229(5)^{\circ}$
	$\gamma = 92.576(2)^{\circ}$	$\gamma = 92.029(2)^{\circ}$	$\gamma = 91.873(6)^{\circ}$
Density (calculated) (g cm ⁻³)	1.56	1.58	1.60
Cell volume (Å ³)	1253.51(7)	1236.6(1)	1230.7(3)
No. of formula units	2	2	2
Cryst syst.	Triclinic	Triclinic	Triclinic
Space group	PĪ (no. 2)	P1 (no. 2)	PĪ (no. 2)
Measuring device	Bruker APEX II	Bruker APEX II	Bruker APEX II
Radiation	Mo-Kα (graphite	Mo-Kα (graphite	Mo-Kα (graphite
	monochromatized, $\lambda = 71.07 \text{ pm}$)	monochromatized, $\lambda = 71.07 \text{ pm}$)	monochromatized, $\lambda = 71.07$ pm)
Temperature (K)	120	120	120
Index range	$-15 \le h \le 15$	$-16 \le h \le 16$	$-16 \le h \le 16$
	$-16 \le k \le 16$	$-17 \le k \le 17$	$-17 \le k \le 17$
	$-23 \le l \le 23$	$-26 \le l \le 26$	$-20 \le l \le 25$
Absorption correction	Numerical	Numerical	Empirical
$\mu \text{ (cm}^{-1})$	7.49	8.36	9.24
Measured reflections	67 956	90 529	63 891
Unique reflections	12 143	13 013	12 950
With $I_0 > 2\sigma(I_0)$	8927	11 455	11 020
$R_{\mathrm{int}};R_{\sigma}$	0.0425; 0.0445	0.0306; 0.0179	0.0301; 0.0245
Structure determination	SHELXS97 and SHELXL97	SHELXS97 and SHELXL97	SHELXS97 and SHELXL97
Scattering factors	Intern. tables, vol. C	Intern. tables, vol. C	Intern. tables, vol. C
GOF	0.936	1.069	1.024
R_1 ; w $R_2(I_0 > 2\sigma(I_0))$	0.0300; 0.0701	0.0238; 0.0689	0.0264; 0.0684
R_1 ; w R_2 (all data)	0.0482; 0.0745	0.0278; 0.0705	0.0344; 0.0720
Max./min. electron density	1.095/-0.743 e Å ⁻³	1.661/-0.737 e Å ⁻³	1.032/-0.430 e Å ⁻³
CCDC	967024	967021	967023

NJC

 $M(BDS)(NMP)_3$ (M = Mn, Fe, Co)

Table 2 Selected distances (pm) and angles (deg) for the disulfonates

M-O2 212.57(7) 206.13(5) 204.53 M-O3 216.56(7) 209.27(5) 207.90 M-O11 216.45(7) 213.96(5) 210.13 M-O12 218.83(7) 214.65(5) 210.23 M-O14 216.53(7) 213.07(5) 209.44 O1-M-O2 90.79(3) 89.66(2) 89.95 O1-M-O3 94.87(3) 95.37(2) 94.27 O1-M-O11 175.70(3) 175.36(2) 176.05 O1-M-O12 84.72(3) 85.59(2) 86.42 O1-M-O14 89.83(3) 90.68(2) 90.36 O2-M-O3 173.39(3) 173.60(2) 173.87 O2-M-O11 85.08(3) 85.71(2) 86.09 O2-M-O12 90.52(3) 89.26(2) 89.85 O2-M-O14 92.80(3) 93.58(2) 92.88 O3-M-O14 92.80(3) 93.58(2) 92.88 O3-M-O12 86.61(3) 87.19(2) 85.99 O3-M-O14 90.62(3) 90.32(2) 91.54 O11-M-O14 89.18(3) 89.33(2) 89.86 O12-M-O14 173.65(3) 175.30(2) 175.78 [SO ₃] S1-O11 145.51(7) 145.53(5) 145.80 O12-M-O14 173.65(3) 175.30(2) 175.78 [SO ₃] S1-O11 145.51(7) 145.53(5) 144.87 S1-O12 146.27(7) 146.42(5) 146.25 S1-O13 144.58(7) 145.05(5) 144.87 S1-O11 178.01(9) 177.83(6) 177.99 S2-O14 146.59(7) 146.69(5) 146.72 S2-O15 144.98(8) 145.10(6) 145.01 S2-O16 144.62(8) 144.73(6) 144.83 S2-C4 177.37(10) 177.32(7) 177.60 O11-S1-O12 111.99(4) 112.30(3) 112.53 O11-S1-O13 112.41(4) 112.33(3) 112.11 O12-S1-O13 112.94(4) 112.83(3) 105.548 O14-S2-O16 114.21(5) 111.62(4) 111.89 O13-S1-C1 105.66(4) 105.31(3) 105.48 O14-S2-O16 114.77(5) 114.68(4) 114.78 O14-S2-O16 114.77(5) 114.68(4) 111.89 O15-S2-O16 114.77(5) 114.68(4) 111.89 O14-S2-O16 114.77(5) 114.68(4) 114.78 O14-S2-O16 114.77(5) 114.68(4) 114.78 O15-S2-O16 114.77(5) 114.68(4) 114.78		M	Mn	Fe	Co
M-O3	[MO ₆]	M-O1	220.78(7)	216.49(5)	212.75(6)
M-O11 216.45(7) 213.96(5) 210.13 M-O12 218.83(7) 214.65(5) 210.23 M-O14 216.53(7) 213.07(5) 209.44 O1-M-O2 90.79(3) 89.66(2) 89.95 O1-M-O3 94.87(3) 95.37(2) 94.27 O1-M-O11 175.70(3) 175.36(2) 176.05 O1-M-O12 84.72(3) 85.59(2) 86.42 O1-M-O14 89.83(3) 90.68(2) 90.36 O2-M-O3 173.39(3) 173.60(2) 173.87 O2-M-O11 85.08(3) 85.71(2) 86.09 O2-M-O11 85.08(3) 85.71(2) 86.09 O2-M-O14 92.80(3) 93.58(2) 92.88 O3-M-O14 92.80(3) 93.58(2) 92.88 O3-M-O14 99.62(3) 89.27(2) 89.67 O3-M-O12 86.61(3) 87.19(2) 85.99 O3-M-O14 90.62(3) 90.32(2) 91.54 O11-M-O12 96.50(3) 94.61(2) 93.54 O11-M-O14 89.18(3) 89.33(2) 89.86 O12-M-O14 173.65(3) 175.30(2) 175.78 [SO ₃] S1-O11 145.51(7) 145.53(5) 145.80 S1-O12 146.27(7) 146.42(5) 146.25 S1-O13 144.58(7) 145.05(5) 144.87 S1-C1 178.01(9) 177.83(6) 177.99 S2-O14 146.59(7) 146.69(5) 146.72 S2-O15 144.98(8) 145.10(6) 145.01 S2-O16 144.62(8) 144.73(6) 144.83 S2-C4 177.37(10) 177.32(7) 177.60 O11-S1-O12 111.99(4) 112.30(3) 112.53 O11-S1-O13 112.41(4) 112.33(3) 112.11 O12-S1-O13 112.92(4) 112.83(3) 112.74 O11-S1-O1 105.24(4) 105.00(3) 104.88 O13-S1-C1 105.24(4) 105.00(3) 104.88 O13-S1-C1 105.24(4) 105.00(3) 104.88 O13-S2-O16 114.77(5) 114.68(4) 111.89 O14-S2-O16 112.21(5) 112.01(4) 111.89 O14-S2-O16 114.77(5) 114.68(4) 114.78 O14-S2-O16 114.77(5) 114.68(4) 114.78 O14-S2-O46 106.30(5) 106.17(3) 106.20		M-O2	212.57(7)	206.13(5)	204.53(6)
M-O12		M-O3	216.56(7)	209.27(5)	207.90(6)
M-O14 216.53(7) 213.07(5) 209.44 O1-M-O2 90.79(3) 89.66(2) 89.95 O1-M-O3 94.87(3) 95.37(2) 94.27 O1-M-O11 175.70(3) 175.36(2) 176.05 O1-M-O12 84.72(3) 85.59(2) 86.42 O1-M-O14 89.83(3) 90.68(2) 90.36 O2-M-O3 173.39(3) 173.60(2) 173.87 O2-M-O11 85.08(3) 85.71(2) 86.09 O2-M-O12 90.52(3) 89.26(2) 89.85 O2-M-O14 92.80(3) 93.58(2) 92.88 O3-M-O14 92.80(3) 93.58(2) 92.88 O3-M-O12 86.61(3) 87.19(2) 85.99 O3-M-O14 90.62(3) 90.32(2) 91.54 O11-M-O14 89.18(3) 89.33(2) 89.86 O12-M-O14 173.65(3) 175.30(2) 175.78 [SO ₃] S1-O11 145.51(7) 145.53(5) 145.80 S1-O12 146.27(7) 146.42(5)		M-O11	216.45(7)	213.96(5)	210.13(6)
O1-M-O2 90.79(3) 89.66(2) 89.95 O1-M-O3 94.87(3) 95.37(2) 94.27 O1-M-O11 175.70(3) 175.36(2) 176.05 O1-M-O12 84.72(3) 85.59(2) 86.42 O1-M-O14 89.83(3) 90.68(2) 90.36 O2-M-O3 173.39(3) 173.60(2) 173.87 O2-M-O11 85.08(3) 85.71(2) 86.09 O2-M-O12 90.52(3) 89.26(2) 89.85 O2-M-O14 92.80(3) 93.58(2) 92.88 O3-M-O11 89.32(3) 89.27(2) 89.67 O3-M-O12 86.61(3) 87.19(2) 85.99 O3-M-O14 90.62(3) 90.32(2) 91.54 O11-M-O12 96.50(3) 94.61(2) 93.54 O11-M-O14 89.18(3) 89.33(2) 89.86 O12-M-O14 173.65(3) 175.30(2) 175.78 [SO ₃] S1-O11 145.51(7) 145.53(5) 145.80 S1-O12 146.27(7) 146.42(5) 146.25 S1-O13 144.58(7) 145.05(5) 144.87 S1-C1 178.01(9) 177.83(6) 177.99 S2-O14 146.59(7) 146.69(5) 146.72 S2-O15 144.98(8) 145.10(6) 145.01 S2-O16 144.62(8) 144.73(6) 144.83 S2-C4 177.37(10) 177.32(7) 177.60 O11-S1-O12 111.99(4) 112.30(3) 112.53 O11-S1-O13 112.41(4) 112.33(3) 112.11 O12-S1-O13 112.92(4) 112.83(3) 112.74 O11-S1-C1 108.03(4) 108.45(3) 108.50 O12-S1-C1 105.24(4) 105.00(3) 104.88 O13-S1-C1 105.66(4) 105.31(3) 105.48 O14-S2-O16 114.77(5) 114.68(4) 114.78 O14-S2-O16 112.21(5) 112.01(4) 111.89 O15-S2-O16 114.77(5) 114.68(4) 114.78 O14-S2-O16 112.21(5) 112.01(4) 111.89 O15-S2-O16 114.77(5) 114.68(4) 114.78 O14-S2-O16 114.77(5) 114.68(4) 114.78 O15-S2-C4 106.30(5) 106.17(3) 106.20		M-O12	218.83(7)	214.65(5)	210.23(6)
O1-M-O3 94.87(3) 95.37(2) 94.27 O1-M-O11 175.70(3) 175.36(2) 176.05 O1-M-O12 84.72(3) 85.59(2) 86.42 O1-M-O14 89.83(3) 90.68(2) 90.36(3) O2-M-O3 173.39(3) 173.60(2) 173.87 O2-M-O11 85.08(3) 85.71(2) 86.09 O2-M-O12 90.52(3) 89.26(2) 89.85 O2-M-O14 92.80(3) 93.58(2) 92.88 O3-M-O11 89.32(3) 89.27(2) 89.67 O3-M-O12 86.61(3) 87.19(2) 85.99 O3-M-O14 90.62(3) 90.32(2) 91.54 O11-M-O12 96.50(3) 94.61(2) 93.54 O12-M-O14 173.65(3) 175.30(2) 175.78 [SO ₃] S1-O11 145.51(7) 145.53(5) 145.80 O12-M-O14 173.65(3) 175.30(2) 175.78 [SO ₃] S1-O11 145.51(7) 146.42(5) 146.25 S1-O13 144.58(7) 146.69(5) 146.72 S2-O14 146.59(7) 146.69(5) 146.72 S2-O15 144.98(8) 145.10(6) 145.01 S2-O16 144.62(8) 144.73(6) 144.83 S2-C4 177.37(10) 177.32(7) 177.60 O11-S1-O12 111.99(4) 112.30(3) 112.53 O11-S1-O13 112.41(4) 112.33(3) 112.11 O12-S1-O13 112.41(4) 112.33(3) 112.11 O12-S1-O13 112.92(4) 112.83(3) 112.74 O11-S1-O1 108.03(4) 108.45(3) 108.50 O12-S1-C1 105.66(4) 105.31(3) 105.48 O14-S2-O16 114.77(5) 114.68(4) 111.53 O14-S2-O16 114.77(5) 114.68(4) 111.89 O15-S2-O16 114.77(5) 114.68(4) 111.89 O15-S2-O16 114.77(5) 114.68(4) 114.78 O14-S2-O16 112.21(5) 112.01(4) 111.89 O15-S2-O16 114.77(5) 114.68(4) 114.78 O14-S2-O4 104.95(4) 105.45(3) 105.70 O15-S2-O4 106.30(5) 106.17(3) 106.20		M-O14	216.53(7)	213.07(5)	209.44(6)
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		O1-M-O2	90.79(3)	89.66(2)	89.95(2)
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		O1-M-O3	94.87(3)	95.37(2)	94.27(2)
O1-M-O14 89.83(3) 90.68(2) 90.36 O2-M-O3 173.39(3) 173.60(2) 173.87 O2-M-O11 85.08(3) 85.71(2) 86.09 O2-M-O12 90.52(3) 89.26(2) 89.85 O2-M-O14 92.80(3) 93.58(2) 92.88 O3-M-O11 89.32(3) 89.27(2) 89.67 O3-M-O12 86.61(3) 87.19(2) 85.99 O3-M-O14 90.62(3) 90.32(2) 91.54 O11-M-O12 96.50(3) 94.61(2) 93.54 O12-M-O14 173.65(3) 175.30(2) 175.78 [SO ₃] S1-O11 145.51(7) 145.53(5) 145.80 O12-M-O14 173.65(3) 175.30(2) 175.78 [SO ₃] S1-O11 145.51(7) 145.53(5) 145.80 S1-O12 146.27(7) 146.42(5) 146.25 S1-O13 144.58(7) 145.05(5) 144.87 S1-C1 178.01(9) 177.83(6) 177.99 S2-O14 146.59(7) 146.69(5) 146.72 S2-O15 144.98(8) 145.10(6) 145.01 S2-O16 144.62(8) 144.73(6) 144.83 S2-C4 177.37(10) 177.32(7) 177.60 O11-S1-O12 111.99(4) 112.30(3) 112.53 O11-S1-O13 112.41(4) 112.33(3) 112.11 O12-S1-O13 112.92(4) 112.83(3) 112.74 O11-S1-C1 108.03(4) 108.45(3) 108.50 O12-S1-C1 105.24(4) 105.00(3) 104.88 O13-S1-C1 105.66(4) 105.31(3) 105.48 O14-S2-O16 114.77(5) 114.68(4) 111.89 O15-S2-O16 114.77(5) 114.68(4) 111.89 O14-S2-O16 112.21(5) 111.62(4) 111.89 O15-S2-O16 114.77(5) 114.68(4) 114.78 O14-S2-O16 114.77(5) 114.68(4) 114.78 O14-S2-O16 114.77(5) 114.68(4) 114.78 O14-S2-O4 104.95(4) 105.45(3) 105.70 O15-S2-C4 106.30(5) 106.17(3) 106.20		O1-M-O11	175.70(3)	175.36(2)	176.05(2)
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		O1-M-O12	84.72(3)	85.59(2)	86.42(2)
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		O1-M-O14	89.83(3)	90.68(2)	90.36(2)
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		O2-M-O3	173.39(3)	173.60(2)	173.87(2)
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		O2-M-O11	85.08(3)	85.71(2)	86.09(2)
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		O2-M-O12	90.52(3)	89.26(2)	89.85(3)
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		O2-M-O14	92.80(3)	93.58(2)	92.88(3)
$ \begin{array}{c} O3-M-O14 & 90.62 \\ O11-M-O12 & 96.50 \\ O11-M-O14 & 89.18 \\ O12-M-O14 & 173.65 \\ O13-M-O12 & 145.51 \\ O13-M-O12 & 145.53 \\ O13-M-O12 & 145.51 \\ O14-S2-O15 & 144.98 \\ O13-S1-C1 & 178.01 \\ O12-S1-O12 & 111.99 \\ O11-S1-O12 & 111.99 \\ O11-S1-O13 & 112.41 \\ O11-S1-O13 & 112.41 \\ O11-S1-O13 & 112.92 \\ O11-S1-O13 & 112.92 \\ O11-S1-C1 & 108.03 \\ O12-S1-C1 & 108.03 \\ O12-S1-C1 & 105.24 \\ O13-S1-C1 & 105.66 \\ O13-S1-C1 & 105.66 \\ O14-S2-O15 & 111.56 \\ O14-S2-O16 & 112.21 \\ O14-S2-O16 & 112.21 \\ O15-S2-O16 & 114.77 \\ O15-S2-O16 & 114.77 \\ O15-S2-C4 & 106.30 \\ O15-S2-C4 & 106.30 \\ O15-S2-C4 & 106.30 \\ O15-S2-C4 & 106.30 \\ O16.17 \\ O16-S1-O12 & 106.20 \\ O16-S1-O13 & 106.20 \\ O15-S2-C4 & 106.30 \\ O15-S2-C4 & 106.30 \\ O16.17 \\ O16-S1-O13 & 106.20 \\ O16-S1-O14 \\ O15-S2-C4 & 106.30 \\ O16-S1-O15 & 106.17 \\ O16-S1-O15 \\ O$		O3-M-O11	89.32(3)	89.27(2)	89.67(2)
$ \begin{array}{c} O11-M-O12 & 96.50(3) & 94.61(2) & 93.54 \\ O11-M-O14 & 89.18(3) & 89.33(2) & 89.86 \\ O12-M-O14 & 173.65(3) & 175.30(2) & 175.78 \\ \hline \\ [SO_3] & S1-O11 & 145.51(7) & 145.53(5) & 145.80 \\ S1-O12 & 146.27(7) & 146.42(5) & 146.25 \\ S1-O13 & 144.58(7) & 145.05(5) & 144.87 \\ S1-C1 & 178.01(9) & 177.83(6) & 177.99 \\ \hline \\ S2-O14 & 146.59(7) & 146.69(5) & 146.72 \\ S2-O15 & 144.98(8) & 145.10(6) & 145.01 \\ S2-O16 & 144.62(8) & 144.73(6) & 144.83 \\ S2-C4 & 177.37(10) & 177.32(7) & 177.60 \\ \hline \\ O11-S1-O12 & 111.99(4) & 112.30(3) & 112.53 \\ O11-S1-O13 & 112.41(4) & 112.33(3) & 112.11 \\ O12-S1-O13 & 112.92(4) & 112.83(3) & 112.74 \\ O11-S1-C1 & 108.03(4) & 108.45(3) & 108.50 \\ O12-S1-C1 & 105.24(4) & 105.00(3) & 104.88 \\ O13-S1-C1 & 105.66(4) & 105.31(3) & 105.48 \\ \hline \\ O14-S2-O15 & 111.56(5) & 111.62(4) & 111.53 \\ O14-S2-O16 & 112.21(5) & 112.01(4) & 111.89 \\ O15-S2-O16 & 114.77(5) & 114.68(4) & 114.78 \\ O14-S2-C4 & 104.95(4) & 105.45(3) & 105.70 \\ O15-S2-C4 & 106.30(5) & 106.17(3) & 106.20 \\ \hline \end{array}$		O3-M-O12	86.61(3)	87.19(2)	85.99(3)
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		O3-M-O14	90.62(3)	90.32(2)	91.54(3)
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		O11-M-O12	96.50(3)	94.61(2)	93.54(2)
$ \begin{bmatrix} \mathrm{SO_3} \end{bmatrix} \begin{array}{c} \mathrm{S1-O11} & 145.51(7) & 145.53(5) & 145.80 \\ \mathrm{S1-O12} & 146.27(7) & 146.42(5) & 146.25 \\ \mathrm{S1-O13} & 144.58(7) & 145.05(5) & 144.87 \\ \mathrm{S1-C1} & 178.01(9) & 177.83(6) & 177.99 \\ \\ \hline \\ \mathrm{S2-O14} & 146.59(7) & 146.69(5) & 146.72 \\ \mathrm{S2-O15} & 144.98(8) & 145.10(6) & 145.01 \\ \mathrm{S2-O16} & 144.62(8) & 144.73(6) & 144.83 \\ \mathrm{S2-C4} & 177.37(10) & 177.32(7) & 177.60 \\ \\ \hline \\ \mathrm{O11-S1-O12} & 111.99(4) & 112.30(3) & 112.53 \\ \mathrm{O11-S1-O13} & 112.41(4) & 112.33(3) & 112.11 \\ \mathrm{O12-S1-O13} & 112.92(4) & 112.83(3) & 112.74 \\ \mathrm{O11-S1-C1} & 108.03(4) & 108.45(3) & 108.50 \\ \mathrm{O12-S1-C1} & 105.24(4) & 105.00(3) & 104.88 \\ \mathrm{O13-S1-C1} & 105.66(4) & 105.31(3) & 105.48 \\ \hline \\ \mathrm{O14-S2-O15} & 111.56(5) & 111.62(4) & 111.53 \\ \mathrm{O14-S2-O16} & 112.21(5) & 112.01(4) & 111.89 \\ \mathrm{O15-S2-O16} & 114.77(5) & 114.68(4) & 114.78 \\ \mathrm{O14-S2-C4} & 104.95(4) & 105.45(3) & 105.70 \\ \mathrm{O15-S2-C4} & 104.95(4) & 105.45(3) & 106.20 \\ \hline \end{array}$		O11-M-O14	89.18(3)	89.33(2)	89.86(2)
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		O12-M-O14	173.65(3)	175.30(2)	175.78(2)
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$[SO_3]$	S1-O11		145.53(5)	145.80(6)
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		S1-O12	146.27(7)	146.42(5)	146.25(6)
\$2-O14		S1-O13	144.58(7)	145.05(5)	144.87(6)
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		S1-C1	178.01(9)	177.83(6)	177.99(7)
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		S2-O14	146.59(7)	146.69(5)	146.72(6)
S2-C4 177.37(10) 177.32(7) 177.60 O11-S1-O12 111.99(4) 112.30(3) 112.53 O11-S1-O13 112.41(4) 112.33(3) 112.11 O12-S1-O13 112.92(4) 112.83(3) 112.74 O11-S1-C1 108.03(4) 108.45(3) 108.50 O12-S1-C1 105.24(4) 105.00(3) 104.88 O13-S1-C1 105.66(4) 105.31(3) 105.48 O14-S2-O15 111.56(5) 111.62(4) 111.53 O14-S2-O16 112.21(5) 112.01(4) 111.89 O15-S2-O16 114.77(5) 114.68(4) 114.78 O14-S2-C4 104.95(4) 105.45(3) 105.70 O15-S2-C4 106.30(5) 106.17(3) 106.20		S2-O15	144.98(8)	145.10(6)	145.01(7)
O11-S1-O12 111.99(4) 112.30(3) 112.53 O11-S1-O13 112.41(4) 112.33(3) 112.11 O12-S1-O13 112.92(4) 112.83(3) 112.74 O11-S1-C1 108.03(4) 108.45(3) 108.50 O12-S1-C1 105.24(4) 105.00(3) 104.88 O13-S1-C1 105.66(4) 105.31(3) 105.48 O14-S2-O15 111.56(5) 111.62(4) 111.53 O14-S2-O16 112.21(5) 112.01(4) 111.89 O15-S2-O16 114.77(5) 114.68(4) 114.78 O14-S2-C4 104.95(4) 105.45(3) 105.70 O15-S2-C4 106.30(5) 106.17(3) 106.20		S2-O16	144.62(8)	144.73(6)	144.83(7)
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		S2-C4	177.37(10)	177.32(7)	177.60(8)
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		O11-S1-O12	111.99(4)	112.30(3)	112.53(4)
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		O11-S1-O13	112.41(4)	112.33(3)	112.11(4)
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		O12-S1-O13	112.92(4)	112.83(3)	112.74(4)
O13-S1-C1 105.66(4) 105.31(3) 105.48 O14-S2-O15 111.56(5) 111.62(4) 111.53 O14-S2-O16 112.21(5) 112.01(4) 111.89 O15-S2-O16 114.77(5) 114.68(4) 114.78 O14-S2-C4 104.95(4) 105.45(3) 105.70 O15-S2-C4 106.30(5) 106.17(3) 106.20		O11-S1-C1	108.03(4)	108.45(3)	108.50(3)
O14-S2-O15 111.56(5) 111.62(4) 111.53 O14-S2-O16 112.21(5) 112.01(4) 111.89 O15-S2-O16 114.77(5) 114.68(4) 114.78 O14-S2-C4 104.95(4) 105.45(3) 105.70 O15-S2-C4 106.30(5) 106.17(3) 106.20		O12-S1-C1	105.24(4)	105.00(3)	104.88(3)
$\begin{array}{ccccc} \text{O14-S2-O16} & \text{112.21(5)} & \text{112.01(4)} & \text{111.89} \\ \text{O15-S2-O16} & \text{114.77(5)} & \text{114.68(4)} & \text{114.78} \\ \text{O14-S2-C4} & \text{104.95(4)} & \text{105.45(3)} & \text{105.70} \\ \text{O15-S2-C4} & \text{106.30(5)} & \text{106.17(3)} & \text{106.20} \end{array}$		O13-S1-C1	105.66(4)	105.31(3)	105.48(4)
$\begin{array}{ccccc} O14-S2-O16 & 112.21\dot{(}5\dot{)} & 112.01\dot{(}4\dot{)} & 111.89 \\ O15-S2-O16 & 114.77\dot{(}5\dot{)} & 114.68\dot{(}4\dot{)} & 114.78 \\ O14-S2-C4 & 104.95\dot{(}4\dot{)} & 105.45\dot{(}3\dot{)} & 105.70 \\ O15-S2-C4 & 106.30\dot{(}5\dot{)} & 106.17\dot{(}3\dot{)} & 106.20 \\ \end{array}$		O14-S2-O15	111.56(5)	111.62(4)	111.53(4)
O15-S2-O16 114.77(5) 114.68(4) 114.78 O14-S2-C4 104.95(4) 105.45(3) 105.70 O15-S2-C4 106.30(5) 106.17(3) 106.20		O14-S2-O16	> (112.01(4)	111.89(4)
O14-S2-C4 104.95(4) 105.45(3) 105.70 O15-S2-C4 106.30(5) 106.17(3) 106.20		O15-S2-O16	114.77(5)	114.68(4)	114.78(4)
O15-S2-C4 106.30(5) 106.17(3) 106.20		O14-S2-C4		105.45(3)	105.70(4)
O16-S2-C4 $106.21(5)$ $106.14(3)$ 105.98		O15-S2-C4	1 1	1 1	106.20(4)
22 22 21 100.21(0) 100.30		O16-S2-C4	106.21(5)	106.14(3)	105.98(4)

into a glass ampoule, which was torch-sealed under vacuum. The ampoule was placed in a resistance furnace and heated up to 120 °C for 6 h. After 36 h, the furnace was slowly cooled to room temperature within 120 h. The product was obtained as transparent pink single crystals, which were separated from the supernatant by decantation.

IR(ATR): 2972 (w), 2934 (w), 2885 (w), 1642 (s), 1515 (m), 1481 (w), 1462 (w), 1448 (m), 1427 (m), 1410 (m), 1393 (m), 1306 (m), 1260 (w), 1214 (s), 1174 (s), 1106 (m), 1036 (s), 1002 (s), 929 (w), 835 (m), 730 (m), 659 (s), 618 (m), 579 (m), 549 (m), $542 (m) cm^{-1}$.

X-ray crystallography

The data for the X-ray single crystal structure determinations were collected on a Bruker Apex II CCD diffractometer. For that purpose, the single crystals were selected under protecting oil

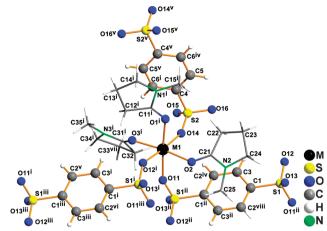


Fig. 1 Coordination of the M²⁺ cations in the crystal structures of M(BDS)-(NMP)₃ (M = Mn, Fe, Co). Note that both disulfonate anions bear inversion symmetry. Within the $[MO_6]$ octahedron, the bond M-O1 is the longest in all of the three compounds, according to the trans effect caused by the opposite sulfonate anion. The NMP molecules are drawn in a wire model for clarity. Symmetry codes: (i) = 1 + x, y, z; (ii) = 1 - x, 1 - y, -z; (iii) = 2 - x, 1 - y, -z; (iv) = 1 - x, 1 - y, 1 - z; (v) = 2 - x, 1y, 1 - z; (vi) = 1 + x, y, -1 + z; (vii) = 1 + x, 1 + y; z; (viii) = x, y, -1 + z.

and transferred directly into the cool nitrogen stream of the diffractometer. Details of the data collections are summarized in Tables 1 and 2. The structures were solved using Direct Methods (SHELXS-97) and refined by full-matrix least-squares method (SHELXL-97). All non-hydrogen atoms were refined with anisotropic displacement parameters in the course of the structure refinement. The positions of the hydrogen atoms were located from the Fourier difference maps at the final stage of the refinements. They were refined using a riding model with the relative isotropic parameters of the heavy atoms to which they are attached.

X-ray powder diffraction investigations were performed with the help of a powder diffractometer STADI P (STOE) with Cu-Kα1 radiation using a flat sample holder or thin-walled glass capillaries.

Results and discussion

Crystal structures

The three disulfonates $M(BDS)(NMP)_3$ (M = Mn, Fe, Co) are isotypic with each other and crystallize with triclinic symmetry (space group $P\bar{1}$). In accordance with the decreasing ionic radii, the unit cell volume shrinks in the order Mn > Fe > Co(Table 1). The crystal structures show one crystallographically independent M²⁺ ion, which is in octahedral coordination of six oxygen atoms. The oxygen atoms belong to three benzenedisulfonate anions and three NMP molecules (Fig. 1). NMP was used as the solvent because it is aprotic and can solvate the acid and metal salts well. The distances M-O between the metal atom and the oxygen atoms of the sulfonate groups range from 216.45(7) to 218.83(7) pm for M = Mn, 213.07(5) to 214.65(5) pm for M = Fe, and 209.44(6) to 210.23(6) pm for M = Co. The distances M-Osolv between the metal atoms and the oxygen

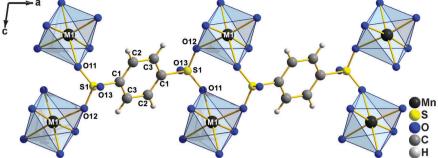


Fig. 2 In the crystal structures of M(BDS)(NMP)₃ (M = Mn, Fe, Co), one type of benzene disulfonate anion, BDS1, acts as a tetradentate bridging ligand connecting four M²⁺ ions with each other into infinite chains running along the crystallographic [100] direction.

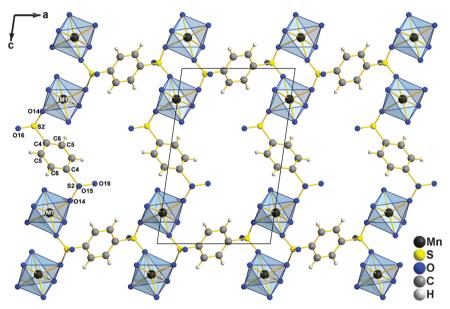


Fig. 3 The second type of benezenedisulfonate anion, BDS2, in the crystal structures of M(BDS)(NMP)₃ (M = Mn, Fe, Co) acts as bidentate ligand and connects the chains shown in Fig. 2 yielding layers according to $_{\infty}^{2}[Mn(BDS1)_{2/4}(BDS2)_{1/2}(NMP)_{3/1}]$, which expand in the (010).

atoms of the solvent molecules are significantly enlarged for oxygen atoms that are situated in trans position to a sulfonate ligand. They show values of 220.78(7) pm (M = Mn), 216.49(5) pm (M = Fe), and 212.75(6) pm (M = Co), which are about 5–10 pm longer than the distances observed for the remaining two NMP molecules (Table 2).

The three M²⁺ coordinated benzenedisulfonate anions belong to two crystallographically different species, BDS1 and BDS2. Both anions bear inversion symmetry because the centroids of the anion benzene rings are situated onto the Wyckoff positions 1e (1/2, 1/2, 0) and 1g (0, 1/2, 1/2) of the triclinic unit cell. Both disulfonate anions behave differently with respect to their cation linkage. The anion BDS1 connects four M2+ ions with each other (Fig. 2). This is achieved by a bidentate bridging coordination mode of the two symmetry equivalent [SO₃] groups of the anions and the linkage leads to chains running along the [100] direction. These chains are further connected by the second type of anions, BDS2, which show each of the [SO₃] groups in monodentate coordination to the M²⁺ ions.

In this way, layers are formed according to the Niggli formula $_{\infty}^{2}$ [Mn(BDS1)_{2/4}(BDS2)_{1/2}(NMP)_{3/1}] that expand in the (010) plane (Fig. 3). The layers $_{\infty}^{2}[Mn(BDS1)_{2/4}(BDS2)_{1/2}(NMP)_{3/1}]$ are stacked along the [010] direction (Fig. 4). Only weak interactions between the layers can be assumed because the NMP molecules are not capable of forming hydrogen bonds with non-coordinating oxygen atoms of the anions. This also explains the high cleavability of the crystals. It is interesting to compare the structural features of the compounds M(BDS)(NMP)₃ (M = Mn, Fe, Co) with the recently reported manganese disulfonate Mn(BDS)(NMP)2. 11 The latter also shows a layer structure but due to the lower solvent content, all the disulfonate anions act as bidentate bridging ligands according to $_{\infty}{}^{2}[Mn(BDS)_{4/}]$ $_4(NMP)_{2/1}$]. Following this line, the further reduction of solvent molecules should lead to three-dimensional networks according to $_{\infty}^{3}$ [Mn(BDS1)_{3/6}(BDS2)_{2/4}(NMP)_{1/1}] for Mn(BDS)(NMP) and $_{\infty}$ [Mn(BDS)_{6/6}] for the solvent-free compound. In turn, a higher content of solvent molecules could lead to chain type structures for the composition Mn(BDS)(NMP)4 and to monomeric compounds

NJC

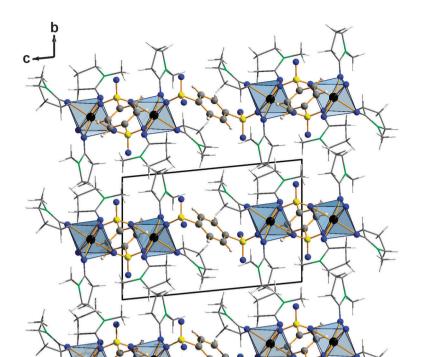


Fig. 4 Crystal structure of the disulfonates $M(BDS)(NMP)_3$ (M = Mn, Fe, Co) viewed along [100]. The layers $_{\infty}^{2}[Mn(BDS1)_{2/4}(BDS2)_{1/2}(NMP)_{3/1}]$ are stacked along the [010] direction. The NMP molecules are drawn in a wire model for clarity.

for Mn(BDS)(NMP)₅ and Mn(BDS)(NMP)₆. Even if this has not been proved up to now, there are comparable compounds that foster this assumption: the zinc compound Zn(BDSF₄)(DMF)₄ bearing the tetrafluoro derivative of BDS and dimethylformamide as solvent exhibits exactly the expected chain structure. Moreover, we could characterize Fe(BDS)(H2O)3(NMP)2 as a hydrolyzation product of Fe(BDS)(NMP)3, which can be seen as an example for M(BDS)(L)₅ type compounds when L is a neutral ligand. This compound indeed shows a molecular structure with monodentate sulfonate anions. ¹⁴ Finally, the copper sulfonate [Cu(H₂O)₆](BDS) is a nice example for a solvent-rich disulfonate showing the exclusive solvent coordination of the cation.3 Solvent poor species are especially highly esteemed targets of our ongoing research.

Thermal analysis

All the disulfonates have been investigated by means of thermal analyses. The measurements have been performed under flowing oxygen. This makes sure that there is no carbon left in the decomposition residues, which is often observed as amorphous decomposition product causing high backgrounds in the diffraction patterns. For Mn(BDS)(NMP)₃, the desolvation is a two-step process between 150 and 215 °C (Fig. 5). According to the

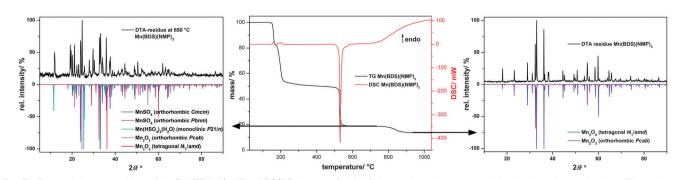


Fig. 5 Thermal decomposition of Mn(BDS)(NMP)₃. The DSC/TG diagram (middle) shows that the compound is desolvated upon heating. The solventfree compound decomposes, yielding a mixture of manganese sulfates and oxides (X-ray powder pattern shown left), and finally a mixture of Mn₂O₃ and Mn₃O₄ (X-ray powder pattern shown right). The DSC/TG measurements were performed under oxygen flow.

NJC **Paper**

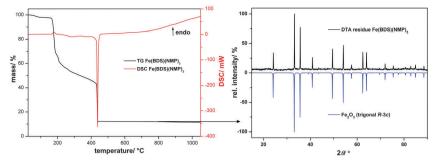


Fig. 6 Thermal decomposition of Fe(BDS)(NMP)₃. The DSC/TG diagram (left) shows that after desolvation there is no significant plateau. After decomposition of the desolvated sulfonates, the oxide Fe₂O₃ is obtained (X-ray powder pattern shown right). The DSC/TG measurements were performed under oxygen flow

observed mass loss of 49% (calcd 51% for three molecules of NMP), the desolvation is completed above that temperature. Unfortunately, the solvent-free disulfonates are X-ray amorphous, and therefore no structural information can be gained by diffraction methods. The solvent-free disulfonate [Mn(BDS)] is remarkably stable and decomposes only above a temperature of 500 °C $(T_{\rm max} = 530 \, ^{\circ}\text{C})$. The decomposition is exothermic and occurs in the temperature range from 520 °C to 545 °C. According to X-ray powder investigations, the decomposition product at this stage is a mixture of MnSO₄, Mn₂O₃ and Mn₃O₄ (Fig. 5) The observed reflections also suggest the presence of some amounts of Mn(HSO₄)₂(H₂O), which is probably caused by the reaction of the sample with moisture during the X-ray measurement. Finally, between 837 °C and 862 °C, the oxides Mn₃O₄ and Mn₂O₃ are obtained in a ratio of 16:9 according the observed mass loss of 13%. The loss of solvent molecules is also the first decomposition step for Fe(BDS)(NMP)₃. Moreover, the desolvation is a two-step

process, and it is completed at about 330 °C (Fig. 6). The correlated mass loss is 50% at that temperature, in line with the calculated value (51%). However, compared to the manganese compound, the plateau in the TG curve is not very significant and a creeping mass loss is observed. The decomposition of the intermediate [Fe(BDS)] occurs in the temperature range between 432 and 444 °C, i.e., at significantly lower temperature than observed for [Mn(BDS)], and no sulfate intermediate could be detected. Instead, corundum type Fe₂O₃ is directly formed, as indicated by X-ray powder diffraction (mass loss: 12%, calcd 14%) (Fig. 6). For Co(BDS)(NMP)₃, the two-step desolvation is completed at 180 °C (Fig. 7), and the desolvated compound starts to decompose at 520 °C. This decomposition leads to an intermediate consisting of CoSO₄ and Co₃O₄. Small amounts of Co(SO₄)(H₂O)₂ are due to reaction of the sample with moisture during the X-ray measurement. At a temperature above 813 °C (T_{max}) , Co_3O_4 is the only decomposition product. Co_3O_4 melts

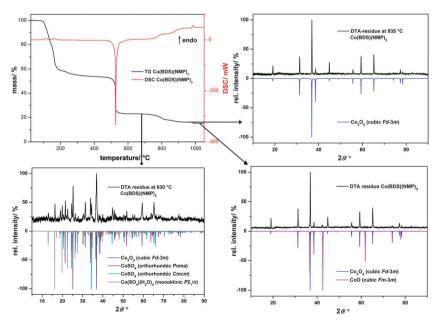


Fig. 7 Thermal decomposition of Co(BDS)(NMP)₃. The DSC/TG diagram (upper part, left) shows that the compound decomposes after desolvation in three steps. Firstly, Co₃O₄ is formed along with some amounts of CoSO₄ (lower part, left). In a further step, the latter is transformed to Co₃O₄ (upper part, right), which finally starts to decompose to CoO (lower part, right).

NJC **Paper**

Data for the thermal decomposition of the disulfonates M(BDS)(NMP)3

Stage	$T_{ m onset}/^{\circ}{ m C}$	$T_{ m end}/^{\circ}{ m C}$	$T_{ m max}/^{\circ}{ m C}$	Mass loss obsd/%	Mass loss calcd/%	Elimination/decomposition	
Mn(BDS)(NMP) ₃							
I `	150	215	160; 200	49	51	Loss of three equiv. of NMP	
II	520	545	530	32	_	Decomposition to MnSO ₄ , Mn(HSO ₄) ₂ (H ₂ O) ^a , Mn ₂ O ₃ and Mn ₃ O ₄	
III	837	862	855	6	_	Decomposition to 16Mn ₃ O ₄ and 9Mn ₂ O ₃ (calcd 13%)	
\sum				87	_	,	
Fe(BDS)(NMP) ₃							
I	50	330	180; 205; 285	50	50	Loss of three equiv. of NMP	
II	432	444	438	38	36	Decomposition to Fe ₂ O ₃ (calcd 14%)	
\sum				88	86		
Co(BDS)(NMP) ₃							
I `	96	180	115; 163	46	50	Loss of three equiv. of NMP	
II	520	592	527	31	_	Decomposition to CoSO ₄ , Co(SO ₄)(H ₂ O) ₂ a and Co ₃ O ₄	
III	754	835	813	7	_	Decomposition of Co_3O_4 (and small amount of CoO) ^b (calcd 14%) ^b	
IV	974	992	985	1	_	Melting and evaporation of Co ₃ O ₄	
\sum				85	_		

^a The hydrates are probably caused by reaction of the sample with moisture during the measurement. ^b In the calculation the amount of CoO is not

according to the literature at about 900 °C. 15 Herein, we observed the melting point of Co₃O₄ at 985 °C, followed by slow decomposition to CoO (Fig. 7). The thermoanalytical data are summarized in Table 3.

Conclusion

In the present study, we have shown that 1,4-benzenedisulfonic acid (H2BDS), a sulfo analogue of terephthalic acid, is a suitable candidate for the preparation of two-dimensional coordination polymers of manganese, iron, and cobalt. The disulfonates crystallize as solvates M(BDS)(NMP)₃ (M = Mn, Fe and Co) when N-methyl-pyrrolidone is used as the solvent. The BDS²⁻ ligands act either as tetradentate or bidentate bridging ligands. The most important characteristic of the compounds is that the solvent molecules can be easily removed by heating. The desolvated compounds are remarkably stable for the metals manganese and cobalt even up to 530 °C. This is clearly above the values that have been reported for comparable terephthalate compounds. Our future work aims at the comprehensive exploration of the structural chemistry of polysulfonates and their properties.

Acknowledgements

Financial support of the Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft is gratefully acknowledged. We are thankful to Dipl.-Chem. Wolfgang Saak and Dr Marc Schmidtmann for the collection of the X-ray data, and to Florian Behler for IR-spectroscopic measurements.

References

1 Recent reviews: (a) S. Ma and H.-C. Zhou, Chem. Commun., 2010, 46, 44; (b) Z. Wang and S. M. Cohen, Chem. Soc. Rev., 2009, 38, 1315; (c) D. Farrusseng, S. Aguado and C. Pinel, Angew. Chem., 2009, 121, 7638 (Angew. Chem., Int. Ed., 2009, 48, 7502); (d) R. A. Fischer and C. Wöll, Angew. Chem., 2008,

- 120, 8285 (Angew. Chem., Int. Ed., 2008, 47, 8164); (e) S. Bauer and N. Stock, Chem. Unserer Zeit, 2008, 42, 12; (f) U. Müller, M. Schubert, F. Teich, H. Pütter, K. Schierle-Arndt and J. Pastre, J. Mater. Chem., 2006, 16, 626; (g) S. Kaskel, Nachr. Chem., 2005, 53, 394; (h) J. L. C. Rowsell and O. M. Yaghi, Angew. Chem., 2005, 117, 4748 (Angew. Chem., Int. Ed., 2005, 44, 4670).
- 2 G. P. Panasyuk, L. A. Azarova, G. P. Budova and A. P. Savost'vanov, Inorg. Mater., 2007, 43, 951.
- 3 T. W. T. Muesmann, C. Zitzer, A. Mietrach, T. Klüner, J. Christoffers and M. S. Wickleder, Dalton Trans., 2011, 40, 3128.
- 4 (a) B. D. Chandler, G. D. Enright, K. A. Udachin, S. Pawsey, J. A. Ripmeester, D. T. Cramb and G. K. H. Shimizu, Nat. Mater., 2008, 7, 229; (b) Review: G. K. H. Shimizu, R. Vaidhyanathan and J. M. Taylor, Chem. Soc. Rev., 2009,
- 5 (a) T. Z. Forbes and S. C. Sevov, *Inorg. Chem.*, 2009, **48**, 6873; (b) J. S. Haynes, S. J. Rettig, J. R. Sams, R. C. Thompson and J. Trotter, Can. J. Chem., 1986, 64, 429.
- 6 (a) R.-G. Xiong, J. Zhang, Z.-F. Chen, X.-Z. You, C.-M. Che and H.-K. Fun, J. Chem. Soc., Dalton Trans., 2001, 780; (b) W. Wan, Z.-B. Zhu, L.-H. Huo, Z.-P. Deng, H. Zhao and S. Gao, CrystEngComm, 2012, 14, 5274; (c) Q.-Y. Liu, Z.-J. Xiahou, Y.-L. Wang, L.-Q. Li, L.-L. Chen and Y. Fu, CrystEngComm, 2013, 15, 4930; (d) Y.-H. Zhang, X. Li, S. Song, H.-Y. Yang, D. Ma and Y.-H. Liu, CrystEngComm, 2014, 16, 8390.
- F. Gándara, C. Fortes-Revilla, N. Snejko, E. Gutiérrez-Puebla, M. Iglesias and M. A. Monge, Inorg. Chem., 2006, 45, 9680.
- 8 (a) T. W. T. Muesmann, M. S. Wickleder and J. Christoffers, Synthesis, 2011, 2775; (b) T. W. T. Muesmann, M. S. Wickleder, C. Zitzer and J. Christoffers, Synlett, 2013, 959.
- 9 (a) T. W. T. Muesmann, A. Mietrach, J. Christoffers and M. S. Wickleder, Z. Anorg. Allg. Chem., 2010, 636, 1307; (b) A. Mietrach, T. W. T. Muesmann, C. Zilinski, J. Christoffers and M. S. Wickleder, Z. Anorg. Allg. Chem., 2011, 637, 195;

- (c) T. W. T. Muesmann, C. Zitzer, M. S. Wickleder and J. Christoffers, *Inorg. Chim. Acta*, 2011, **369**, 45; (d) T. W. T. Muesmann, J. Ohlert, M. S. Wickleder and J. Christoffers, *Eur. J. Org. Chem.*, 2011, 1695.
- 10 A. Mietrach, T. W. T. Muesmann, J. Christoffers and M. S. Wickleder, *Eur. J. Inorg. Chem.*, 2009, 5328.
- 11 C. Zitzer, T. W. T. Muesmann, J. Christoffers, C. Schwickert, R. Pöttgen and M. S. Wickleder, *CrystEngComm*, 2014, 16, 11064.
- 12 (a) A. Carton, A. Mesbah, L. Perrin and M. François, Acta Crystallogr., Sect. E: Struct. Rep. Online, 2007, 63, m948;
 (b) S. C. Manna, E. Zangrando, J. Ribas and N. R. Chaudjuri, Dalton Trans., 2007, 1383; (c) H. X. Zhang, B.-S. Kang, A.-W. Xu, Z.-N. Chen, Z.-Y. Zhou, A. S. C. Chan, K.-B. Yu and C. Ren, J. Chem. Soc., Dalton Trans., 2001, 2559; (d) K.-Y. Choi, K.-M. Chun, K.-C. Lee and J. Kim,
- Polyhedron, 2002, 21, 1913; (e) B.-L. Chen, K.-F. Mok, S.-C. Ng and M. G. B. Drew, New J. Chem., 1999, 23, 877; (f) C. S. Hong and Y. Do, Inorg. Chem., 1997, 36, 5684; (g) H.-K. Fun, S. S. S. Raj, R.-G. Xiong, J.-L. Zuo, Z. Yu and X.-Z. You, J. Chem. Soc., Dalton Trans., 1999, 1915; (h) U. Mueller, M. Schubert, F. Teich, H. Puetter, K. Schierle-Arndt and J. Pastré, J. Mater. Chem., 2006, 16, 626; (i) H. Li, M. Eddaoudi, M. O'Keeffe and O. M. Yaghi, Nature, 1999, 402, 276; (j) M. Eddaoudi, H. Li and O. M. Yaghi, J. Am. Chem. Soc., 2000, 122, 1391.
- 13 Star^e V 9.3, Mettler-Toledo GmbH, Schwerzenbach, Switzerland, 2009.
- 14 C. Zitzer, T. W. T. Muesmann, J. Christoffers and M. S. Wickleder, Z. Kristallogr. NCS, 2014, 229, 103.
- 15 A. F. Holleman, E. Wiberg, N. Wiberg, 102. Auflage, Lehrbuch der anorganischen Chemie, de Gruyter, Berlin, New York, 2007.