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Correction: Hypoxia inducible factor (HIF) as a model for studying inhibition of protein–protein interactions

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www.rsc.org/chemicalscienceCorrection for 'Hypoxia inducible factor (HIF) as a model for studying inhibition of protein–protein interactions' by George M. Burslem *et al.*, *Chem. Sci.*, 2017, DOI: 10.1039/c7sc00388a.

The authors regret that Fig. 3 is incorrect in the original manuscript. The chemical structure of VH298 was shown with an oxazole ring instead of the correct methyl-thiazole ring. The correct figure is displayed below.



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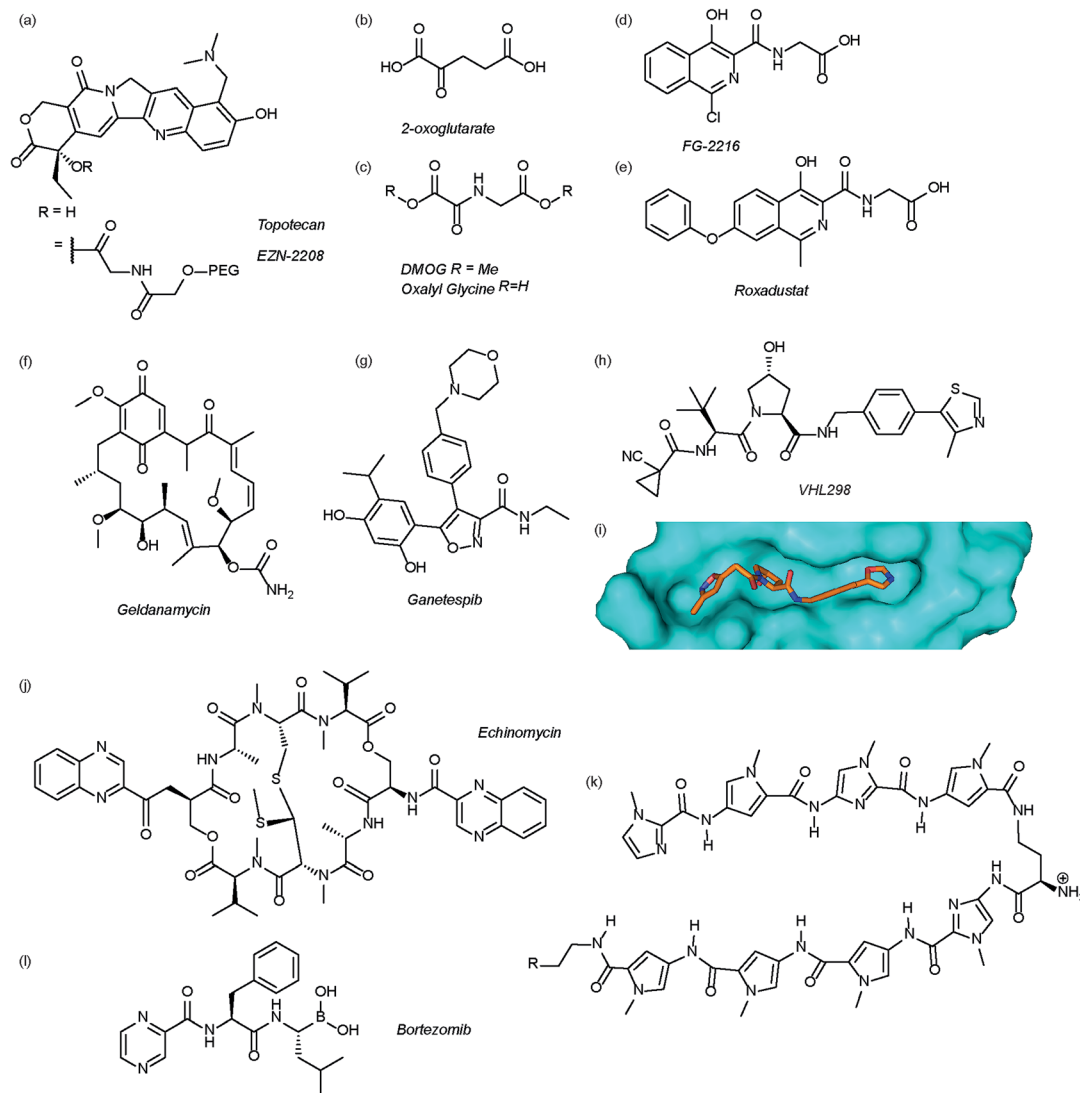


Fig. 3 Modulators of the HIF pathway (a) topotecan and derivative EZN-2208 (b) 2-oxoglutarate (c) DMOG and oxalyl glycine (d) FG-2216 (e) roxadustat (f) geldanamycin (g) ganetespib (h) X-ray crystal structure of a hydroxyproline derived inhibitor (orange) bound to pVHL (cyan), PDB ID 3zrc (i) optimised hydroxyproline derived pVHL inhibitor VH298 (j) echinomycin (k) DNA sequence specific polyamide (l) bortezomib.

The Royal Society of Chemistry apologises for these errors and any consequent inconvenience to authors and readers.

